

## France.

is bounded on y.<sup>e</sup> N. by y.<sup>e</sup> Britisk Channel  
& y.<sup>e</sup> Netherlands. On y.<sup>e</sup> E. by Germany,  
Switzerland, Savoy, & Piemont, from which  
it is separated by y.<sup>e</sup> Alps. On y.<sup>e</sup> S. by y.<sup>e</sup>  
Mediterranean, & y.<sup>e</sup> Pyrenean Mounts  
& on y.<sup>e</sup> W. by y.<sup>e</sup> Atlantick Ocean.

France extends from y.<sup>e</sup> 42. to y.<sup>e</sup> 51.  
Deg. of N. Lat. & 11. Deg. of Lon.

3<sup>d</sup> Greatest Rivers are, y.<sup>e</sup> Seine on  
which Paris y.<sup>e</sup> Capital is built; which  
runs into y.<sup>e</sup> Channel. 2. y.<sup>e</sup> Loire. 3<sup>d</sup>  
Garonne. which run into y.<sup>e</sup> Ocean  
4<sup>th</sup> y.<sup>e</sup> Rhone, which goes into y.<sup>e</sup>  
Mediterranean.

France is divided into 34<sup>th</sup> General  
Gouverns. of Paris. 2. of y.<sup>e</sup> Isle of France.  
3. Picardy. 4. Champagne. 5. Burgundy  
6. Dauphine. 7. Provence. 8. Languedoc  
9. y.<sup>e</sup> Govern. du Foix. 10. Navarre & Beata  
11. Guyenne & Gasconny. 12. Saintonge &  
Angoumois. 13. D'Aunis. 14. Poitou. 15. Bre-  
tagne. 16. Normandy. 17. Haute de France  
18. du Maine & du Perche. 19. Orleans  
20. Nivernois. 21. Bourbonnois. 22. Lyons  
23. D'Auvergne. 24. Dauphinois.  
25. De la Marche. 26. y.<sup>e</sup> Govern. of Berry  
27. Touraine. 28. Anjou. 29. Languedoc  
30. Flanders. 31. Dunkirk. 32. Metz  
& Verdun. 33. Toul. 34. Alsace.  
35. Franche Comte. and 36. Roussillon.

The Principal Islands belong-  
ing to France are Ushent, Ré &  
Oleron in y.<sup>e</sup> Atlantick Ocean.  
& Hieres in y.<sup>e</sup> Mediterranean.

In general France produces  
Wines Wool &c.

All y.<sup>e</sup> Edicts of their K. are of  
equal force with our Act of  
Parliamt. y.<sup>e</sup> whole Legislative as well  
as executive power is vested in the  
K.

The French have been always  
remarkable for their good troops.  
They daily improve & increase their  
Maritime forces. which cannot be  
very disagreeable to all who are  
truly Britons.

They have another kind of Vessels  
call'd Gallies which are row'd  
in these they employ their crim-  
inals who are not capitally convicted  
& keep them as Slaves, whether  
some of these kind of Ships may  
not hereafter be found necessary  
for us I cannot say. but if it should  
it must be with free men instead  
of Slaves.

France is very populous, but  
in particular Paris, which  
makes some people unjustly  
think it is larger than London.

## France

is bound on y.<sup>e</sup> N. by y.<sup>e</sup> British Channel, & y.<sup>e</sup> Netherlands. On y.<sup>e</sup> E. by Germany, Switzerland, Savoy, & Piemont from which it is separated by y.<sup>e</sup> Alps. On y.<sup>e</sup> S. by y.<sup>e</sup> Mediterranean, & y.<sup>e</sup> Pyrenean Mountains. & On y.<sup>e</sup> W. by y.<sup>e</sup> Atlantick Ocean.

France lates from y.<sup>e</sup> 42. to y.<sup>e</sup> 51.

Deg. of N. Lat. & 11. Deg. of Long.

Its great Rivers are 1. y.<sup>e</sup> Seine on which Paris y.<sup>e</sup> Capital is built, & which runs into y.<sup>e</sup> Channel. 2. y.<sup>e</sup> Loire 3. y.<sup>e</sup> Garonne all of which run into y.<sup>e</sup> Atlantick Ocean. 4. y.<sup>e</sup> Rhone which goes into

4. produces Corn. Wines <sup>Woolen</sup>  
good Pasture. <sup>chief manufactures are</sup>  
& Iron ware. <sup>(those of)</sup>

5. produces good Pasture, Corn. &c.  
good Wine. <sup>their Wool is bad</sup>

3. D. abound in Corn & c. y. Mountains

parts are said to produce better  
grain. y. y. Valleys. They have  
few. Iron Mines which have consumed  
great p. of y. Wood which was for. Here  
they cut parts of ships from these  
Mount. they have good quarries of  
Alabaster, & some of Jasper, &  
very consid. salt works.

6. is very Barren. has some Copper.  
Iron, & Lead Mines

1 a Part

for you

H. B. B. B.

with by 'neediness of life'  
but as had 'y' most to be done  
to it hoping 'and' by  
which floor is here

2418

France is bounded on *f. N.* by *f. British Channel*, & Flanders, on *f. E.* by Germany, Switzerland, Savoy & Italy; on *f. S.* by *f. Mediterranean & Spain*, & on *f. W.* by *f. Atlantic Ocean*.

It extends from *f. 42. d* to *f. 51. d* Deg. of *N. Lat.* & above 11. Deg. of Long.

*f. Air* of France is healthy & temperate, being neither troubled with *f. excessive cold* of *f. Northern Nations*, nor *f. intense heats* of Spain & Italy, ~~the~~

~~it is not so hot as Spain & Italy, & is not so cold as the Northern Nations.~~  
~~It must also be observed that France is not so fertile as the~~  
~~French territories, & is not so fertile as the~~  
~~Channel, & is not so fertile as the~~  
~~Channel, & is not so fertile as the~~

It has also fine Rivers, of which *f. most famous* are, 1. *f. Seine* which runs into *f. British Channel*, & on which Paris *f. Capital* of this *f. Km.* is built. 2. *f. Loire* & 3. *f. Garonne* flow into *f. Atlantic Ocean*, & *f. Rhone* goes into *f. Mediterranean*.

It would be a great instance of negligence whilst talking of these Rivers, not to mention *f. Canal* made in *f. Reign* of Lewis 14. by which *f. great passage* is made between *f. Atlantic Ocean* & *f. Mediterranean*.

As to Mountains, *f. Alps* divide France from Italy, *f. Pyrenees* from Spain, & *f. Cevennes* Run thro' Lower Languedoc to Auvergne.

This *f. Km.* is divided into <sup>73</sup> *f. prov.* or Govern. *f. viz.* 1. Normandy. 2. Picardy. 3. Flanders. 4. Lorraine. 5. Alsace, in *f. N. E.* 6. Flanders. 7. Dauphiny. 8. Provence in *f. E.* 9. Languedoc. 10. Roussillon. 11. *f. Govern.* of Foix. 12. Navarre & Bearn in *f. S.* 13. Guyenne & Gascony, 14. Saintonge & Angoumois, 15. d. Aunis

+ freedom, this gives y<sup>e</sup>. English a great advantage, & if  
y<sup>e</sup>. Court should pursue proper measures, would ruin y<sup>e</sup>.  
trade of France & increase their own.

- 16. Poitou, 17. Bretagne in *cf.* W. 18. du Maine & Perche.
- 19. Govern. of Paris. 20. Isle of France. 21. Orleanois.
- 22. Nivernois. 23. Bourbonnois. <sup>24.</sup> Lyonois. 25. d' Auvergne.
- 26. Limosin. 27. La Marche 28. Govern. of Beeri. 29. Touraine.
- 30. Anjou. 31. Laonnois. 32. Flandres. 33. Dunkirk.

France has every advantage necessary for carrying on an extensive trade, being so situated as to have ports in *cf.* British Channel, in *cf.* Atlantic Ocean & in *cf.* Mediterranean, ~~but their greatest drawback is *cf.* want of *cf.* <sup>iron</sup> ~~iron & other minerals~~ <sup>with which they trade.</sup>~~ Chief produce of this *cf.* m. is Wine, Oil, Corn, Iron & other minerals with which they trade.

As to Manufactures they make great quantities of Cloths, Velvet, Silk, Linnen & ~~of French tapestries~~ very fine tapestries, as to their Scarlet die *cf.* is *cf.* best in Europe, tho' they will soon be excell' devent *cf.* by *cf.* English.

*cf.* Fleet of France was very inconsiderable till *cf.* Reign of Lewis XIV. who in a few years made it able to cope with *cf.* English, when join'd with *cf.* Dutch, it was entirely destroy'd at *cf.* Battle of La Hogue, & since has been recovering, & now is but 20. Ships weaker than *cf.* maritime force of Britain

