CHORAL FUND.

Instituted for the Relief of Decayed Members, their Widows and Orphaus.—PATRONS:

His Royal Highness the PRINCE REGENT.

His Royal Highness the DUKE of CLARENCE.

His Royal Highness the DUKE of SUSSEX.

His Royal Highness the DUKE of CAMBRIDGE.

A T the New Thrance Power ENCLISH T the NEW THEATRE ROYAL, ENGLISH

A T the New Theatre Royal, ENGLISH OPERA-HOUSE, STRAND, on Monday next, will be performed a GRAND MISCELLANEGUS CONCERT of VOCAL and INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC, for the BENEFIT of this CHARITY.—Leader of the Band, Mr. P. CRAMER; Conductor, Mr. Greatorex.—The principal Vocal Performers who have already come forward on this occasion are Mrs. Dickons, Miss A. Corri, Miss Witham, Miss Williams, Miss George, the two Misses Cawze, and Signora Corri; Mr. Braham, Mr. Bellamy, Sig. Angrisani, Mr. Terrii, Mr. Thorn, Mr. Pearman, Master Hyde and Signor Ambrogetti.—Mr. Lindley will give a Concerto Violoncello; and Mr. Weiss a Concerto Flute.—The Young Gentlemen of the Chapel Royal, St. Paul's and Westminster Abbey will assist in the Chorusses. Further particulars will be announced.—Boxes 7s. Pit 3s. 6d. First Gallery 2s. Second Gallery 1s.—The Doors will be opened at Six o'clock, and the Performance will begin precisely at Seven. The Nobility and Gentry who honour this Charity with their Subscriptions, are respectfully informed that their Tickets for the Concert will be forwarded by the Secretary.

DOYAL ACADEMY, SOMERSET-HOUSE .-Notice is hereby given, that all WORKS intended for the council, on Monday, the 5d, or by six o'clock on Tuesay the 4th of April next. Strict attention is necessary to the tablished Regulations, the particulars of which may be obsided the David Academy. ained at the Royal Academy.
HENRY HOWARD, R.A. Sec.

ROYAL ACADEMY, Somerset House.—Notice is hereby given to the MEMBERS and STUDENTS, that in consequence of the lamented Demise of the venerable Founder of this Institution, the Royal Academy will be CLOSED till further notice. HENRY HOWARD, R.A. Sec.

BRITISH GALLERY, PALL-MALL. —This GALLERY, for the Exhibition and Sale of the Works of Modern Artists, is OPEN daily, from Ten in the morn till Five in the evening.—Admission 1s.—Catalogue 1s.

By order, JNO. YOUNG, Keeper.

By order, JNO. YOUNG, Reeper.

EONDON INSTITUTION, JAN. 31, 1820.

N consequence of the lamented Death of his Majesty, the LECTURES will be SUSPENDED until furgrouper route.

ROB. STEVENS, Hon. Sec.

DR. TUTHILL'S SPRING COURSES of LEC-TURES on the PRACTICE of PHYSIC, on CHE-MISTRY, and on MATERIA MEDICA, will begin, as asual, on Monday, the 7th February, at No. 13, Soho-square. THEATRE of ANATOMY, MEDICINE, &c. Blenheim-street, Great Marlborough-street.—The PRING COURSE of LECTURES, at this School, will

ana TOMY, PHYSIOLOGY and SURGERY, by Mr. BROOKES, daily, at Two, on Monday, Jan. 31 .- Dissections as

sual.

CHEMISTRY, MATERIA MEDICA, &c. daily, at Right a the Morning; THEORY and PRACTICE of PHYSIC, at Nine, with Examinations, by Dr. Agra, on Monday, Feb. 7.

Three Courses are given every year, each occupying nearly our months.—Further particulars may be known of Mr. Brooke, at the Theatre; or of Dr. Ager, 69, Margaret-street, Carandia Sugaret.

ST. MARY-LE-BONE, Jan. 29, 1820 THE COMMITTEE of VESTRYMEN beg to state, that so great is the number of Applications for Reef, and so urgent are the Cases of Poverty and Distress which
her have been called upon to attend to, that the Subscriptions,
ough liberal, are inadequate to render that assistance which the
committee are anxious to afford. They, therefore, appeal to
he Charitable and Humane, to enable them to continue alleliterated Sections of their distressed Esilony Parishioners. clating the Sufferings of their distressed Fellow Parishiouers.
SUBSCRIPTIONS to afford temporary RELIEF to the
DESTITUTE POOR of this PARISH, at their OWN

HOUSES, during the present inclement Season, viz.— Amount already advertised £2,526 5 Amount already advertised
At the Court House,
Ingh Barton, Esq. £10 0 0 Mrs. Arnold
C. A., and sundry
Articles of Clothes 5 0 0 Mrs. Colville
L Wright, Esq. 5 0 0 Cap. H. E. R. Baker,
Iiss C., by J. T. Hope,
Esq. 7 0 Project Control of the Contro £2,526 5 9 H. Wright, Esq. Miss C., by J. T. Hope, Benjamin Torlo, Esq. Esq. Dowager Lady Lloyd 1 00 Henry Chipchase, Esq. Miss Faulkner Mr. Satchell Mr. Norton 1 0 Mrs. Tookey 0 0 At Messrs. Holtr's. 0 0 W. B. James Briggs, Esq. 1
Mr. David Henderson 1
Sir John Simeon, Bart. 5
M. H. 00 J. P. Allen, Esq. Mrs. Harrison 2 Gerard De Visme, Esq. 2 The Philanthropic Har-Collection among a few Friends monic Society, held at the Pontefract Castle, Mrs. Boyfield Mrs. Genl. Stevens Mrs. Wallinger Chapel-street, Lisson Mrs. Barfoot S. G. W. Mr. P. Braham Lady Richardson Mrs. Gordon Ru ford 1 00 Gordon Rutherford 1
Mrs. Cartwright 2
Hon. Lady Blackwood 1
Mons. de Visme 1
P. H. James, Esq. 1
Mrs. J. L. Goldsmid 1 ohn Lewin Smith, Esq. 3 0 W. Dickenson, Esq. 2 0 0 Fine of a Hackney Coachman, by E. S 3 5 0 At Messrs. Marsh, Sibbald and Co.s.

W. C. Johnstone, Esq. 5 3 (P. Planck, Esq. 2 2) Mrs. Jennings 2 2 0 A Family in this Parish 15 0 0 At Mr. Lloyd's. Mrs. Blathwayt Mrs. Brown Miss Morrison Miss Lawrence 5 0 0 Thos. Armstrong, Esq. 2 Lady Louisa Stuart 5 0 0 Sir Wm. Young, Bart. 10 0 0 Henry Bonham, Esq. 5 0 0 At Messrs. Birch & Chambers las. Brookman, Esq. o o Lieut. Col. and Mrs. 0 0 Cowper 0 0 Mr. Fred. Pigou, sen. 5 0 0

Mrs. Hughes 2 2 0 Mr. Joseph Peverell 0 2 6 Mr. Joseph Peverell 0 2 6
Subscriptions are received at the Court House, Oxford-street; at Messrs. Birch and Chambers', bankers, Bond-street; at Messrs. Marsh, Sibbald, and Co's. bankers, Berners-street; at Messrs. Hoit's Library, Upper Berkeley-street; and at Mr. Lloyd's, bookseller, Harley-street.

Total £2,702 3 9

Harry Darrill, Bt. 2 0.0

LOX's GAMBROON CLOAK WAREHOUSE .-P Officers' Military and Gentlemen's Travelling, Opera and Visiting Cloaks, and Great Coats, of FOX's Patent Aquatic Visiting Cloaks, and Great Coats, of FOX's Patent Aquatic Mahair Cambroon, which are not half the weight or bulk of Woollen Cloth, are very genteel, will soon become dry after rain, and the best he warrants never to get wet through; to the great comfort and health of the wearer. Camlets, Scotch Plaids, and Cloth of every description, in the most extensive variety, and in the present fashionable forms, all at such very low prices as cannot fail to give the greatest satisfaction; or he sells the Gambroon and other Goods unmade up. To prevent imposition, they are stamped on the back and selvidges, "G. Fox's Patent Mohair Gambroon, 28, King-street, Covent-garden."

RELL, No. 5, STRAND, the CORNER of NORTHUMBERLAND-STREET, five doors from Northumberland-house, Manufacturer of Wax, Spermaceti, Composition and Wax-wicked Moulds, begs leave to inform the Mobility and Gentry, that he has REDUCED THE PRICE of his finest Wax Lights to 4s. per lb. Ditto, second quality, to 3s. 8d. per lb.; and long Wax Pieces, usually called PALACE LIGHTS, to 3s. 2d. per lb.; and all orders attended to with the same punctuality as usual, and carefully packed for the country.

THE LONDON MAGAZINE, No. II.-Published by Baldwin, Cradock, and Joy. Containing—Poetry and Prose, by a Member of Parliament and Freemason; Spirit of French Criticism, and Voltaire's Notices of Shakspeare; Spirit of French Criticism, and Voltaire's Notices of Shakspeare; Observations on the Nature and Importance of Medical Jurisprudence; Sentimentalities on the Fine Arts, by Janus Weathercock, Esq.; Gymnastic Exercises in Germany, their Influence on Personal Character and Public Spirit; on the Dramatic Art as influenced by the present Practice of the Theatres; Lines withten on New Year's Day; on the Oracles of the Ancients; Hereafter, a Poem, by Barry Cornwall; The Collector, No. II.; The Traveller, No. II.; Distant View of Mont Blanc, the Lake of Geneva; The Drama; Report of Music; Notices of the Fine Arts—Descent from the Cross, Wilkin's Battle of Hastings; Gleanings from the Foreign Journals; Medical Article; Rural Economics; Commercial Report, Domestic and Foreign; Critical Notices of New Books: 1. Hazlitt's Lectures on the Literature of the Age of Elizabeth; 2. Spence's Anecdotes; 3. Morgann's Damatic Character of Sir John Falstaff; 4. Memoirs of the Private Life, &c. of Napoleon; Literary and dotes; 5. Morgann's Damatic Character of Sir John Falstaff; 4. Memoirs of the Private Life, &c. of Napoleon; Literary and Scientific Intelligence; Historical and Critical Summary of Public Events, Publication on Parga, from the Modern Greek; Colonial Intelligence, Perition to the Prince Regent from the Colony at New South Wales, &c.—Public Documents, Abstract of the Six Acts against Sedition, &c.—Works preparing for Publication; Books recently published and imported; Ecclesiastical Preferments, Bankruptcles; Births, Deaths, and Marriages; Markets, Stocks, &c. astical Preferments, Bankrup riages; Markets, Stocks, &c.

MONCERTS of ANCIENT MUSIC, will take place on Wednesday, the 23d of February.—The Subscribers are requested to send for their Tickers at Birchall and Co.'s Music Shop, 153, New Bond-street, where Subscriptions are received, and the tickets, which are now ready, paid for on delivere.

Teak Ship GOLCONDA, burthen 850 tons, James Ives Enwards, Commander, late of the Honourable East India Company's service, has superior ACCOMMODATION for PASSENGERS. To sail in all February.—For freight or passage apply to the Commander, at the Jerusalem Coffee-house Cornhill; or to Messrs. Fletcher, Alexander and Co. 9, Devon

PRENCH and ENGLISH EDUCATION com pared.—Children after two or three years passed in France speak fluently, but know the rules and read French authors very imperfectly, and soon forget what they have learned. The cause of the little progress in English Schools proceeds from the confused prolixity of the grammars, and bad mode of teaching; and it is to be feared that the French, by improving their methods, may give a new inducement to go to France. The truth is, however, that literary teachers, well versed in both languages, with proper grammars, can secure a superiority to the English schools. ever, that literary teachers, well versed in both languages, with proper grammars, can secure a superiority to the English schools, and that with a series of good grammars, on the same plan, several languages may be taught at once. M. Laisné, Professor of Languages, S. Great Maddox-street, Hanover-square, may be consulted on Saturdays, from two to five. He examines gratis the youths presented to him.

SUPERIOR and CHEAP BLACK CLOTH and CASSIMERES (including Twelve Pieces of Real nch Black Cloth of unequalled beauty, just imported), con-French Black Cloth of unequalted beauty, just imported, con-tinue on sale to Tailors and others, without any advance, by F DIETRICHSEN, at the sign of the Woolpack, No. 12 Rathbone-place, Oxford-street.—F. D's much esteemed Extr. Fine Black and Blue Saxon Cloths will be found to be of the Fine Black and Blue Saxon Cloths will be found to be of the most choice description, and at least 4s. per yard cheaper than of any other Manufacturer. Other good Blues and Blacks of different qualities down to the low price of one pound per yard, equal to what is sold elsewhere at 25s, 6d. Browns, Drabs, Olives, &c. &c. proportionably cheap. Ladies' Cloths and Kerseymeres, of the very best Saxony make, the assortment large, fashionable and cheap, the whole well damped, and of great widths. Prime Seconds, Narrows, &c. wholesale and retail.—N. B. Approved Bills taken of respectable Tailors as Cash.

Tetail.—N. B. Approved Bills taken of respectable Tailors as Cash.

DEATH of the KING.—In consequence of the late lamentable event, J. RILEY begs leave to inform the Nobility and the Public in general, that any quantity of BLACK GOODS for FAMILY MOURNING can be had at his Warehouse without the least advance, and his Stock being much more extensive than any retail house, selections can be made with facility for the largest or smallest establishments, and that every other kind of Linen-drapery is selling at very reduced prices, at Riley's India Warehouse, 118, Oxford-street, corner of the Regent Circus.—Black Bombazeens, 1s. 8d. par yard; fine do. 2s.; real Norwich, 2s. 5d.; some curiously fine, 2s. 9d.; Black Crapes, 2s.; extra width, the best quality, 3s. 6d.; French Silks 45s. the Dress; Plain Black Sarsnets, full width, 5s. 6d. per yard; stout Twilled ditto, 4s. 6d.; curiously fine ditto, 5s.; rich Black Poplins, 2s. 2d. per yard; ditto, real Irish, 2s. 6d.; ditto, figured, 2s. 9d.; Irish Tabbinets, 3s. per yard; Black Lutestring, Armozeens, Gros de Naples, Satins, &c.; Silk Velvets, 10s. per yard; ditto, the richeat made, 12s. 6d.; Superfine Black Cloth for Pelisses, 5s. 6d. per yard; Saxony Twilled, 7s. 6d.; full two yards wide fine Spanish Wool ditto, 9s.; Black Bombazetts, 1s. per yard; fine ditto, 1s. 3d.; Twilled ditto, 1s. 4d. and 1s. 6d; curiously fine ditto, 1s. 3d.; Twilled ditto, 1s. 4d. and 1s. 6d; curiously fine ditto, 1s. 9d.; 500 superb Silk Shawls and Scarfs, from 12s. to 25s. each; Black Castimere Shawls, Whittles, &c.; Black Silk Hose, 5s. 6d. per pair; ditto, very stout, 6s. 6d. to 7s.; Damask Table Linen, Irish, Scotch and Russia Sheetings, Prints, Muslins, and every article kept by Linen-drapers and Silk-mercers, equally cheap.—J. R. recommends an early application, as the bargains cannot be engaged for a day.—Linen-drapers and Country Dealers are requested to apply before eleven o'clock.

THE Appropriate MOURNING in consequence of

THE Appropriate MOURNING in consequence of the DEATH of his MAJESTY and the Duke of KENT, the DEATH of his MAJESTY and the Duke of KENT, may be procured; correctly and fashionably made up, by Mrs. BELL, consisting of Morning, Walking and Evening Dresses; Caps, Turbans, Bonnets, Artificial Flowers, and every species of Head-dresses appointed to be worn as an external testimony of respect and veneration for such illustrious and never-to-be-forgotten personages. Mrs. Bell is induced to give this public notice so that Ladies may know where their Mourning can be consistently and appropriately obtained.—No. 52, St. James's-street, London.

BLACK BOMBAZEENS, CRAPES, TWILL-BLACK BOMBAZEENS, CRAPES, TWILLED and PLAIN STUFFS, &c.—The largest STOCK
of the above articles, and the cheapest in London, now on
SALE at BROOKS'S, 47, Duke-street, Manchester-square.
—Fine Black Bombabeens, 1s.9d.; 300, the most beautiful
texture, only 5s.; fine Crapes, 1s. 9d.; Black Stuffs, 1s.; Circassian Twills, 1s. 2d.; superfine do. 1s. 6d. to 2s.; superior
Black Pelisse Cloth, two yards wide, 9s.; the finest Ladies
Cloths (same width), 12s. worth double; with the greatest variety of Black Muslins, Lenoes, Cambrics, Poplins; Twilled
and plain Sarsnets, Italian Netts, Black and Purple Prints, &c.
&c. without the smallest advance, while the stock admits.—To
prevent mistakes, please to observe the first draper's from Oxford-street. ford-street.

MOURNING.—The CHEAPEST BOMBA-SINES in London, beginning at 1s. 9d. per yard; fine ditto, 2s. 6d., very fine ditto, 3s. 4d., which are full 1s. per yard under the regular prices, and are warranted to be of the best colour and quality, and never turn brown; wide Crapes, 4s. Black Sarceners, French width, only 4s. 3d.; also the much admired Norwich Crape, with an extensive Stock of Satins, Lustres, Poplins, Velvets, Ducapes, &c., which are selling for ready money, considerably under their usual prices, at HUB-BA RD's (late Hodge's), Spitalfields House, 12, Henrietta-street, Covent carden. Covent-garden.

GENERAL MOURNING.—CRAIG and GRA-HAM respectfully acquaint the Public, that their STOCK of every article suitable for MOURNING is complete; and of every article suitable for MOURNING is complete; and they pledge themselves to sell without one farthing advance on any article, viz. Bombasins, Crapes, Italian Nets, Silk Gauzes, rich Satins, Gros de Naples, Queen Silks, Silk Stockings and Gloves, Black Cambrics, Books, Nets and Lenos, Pelisse and Habit Cloths.—78, Oxford-street, opposite the Pantheon.

MOURNING at astonishing prices, for READY MONEY.—The following articles having been bought for cash, will be Sold without any advance from their present prices:—Bombazeens from 2s.; wide black crapes, 4s.; sarsnets, 5s. 9d.; Persians, 2s. Gros de Naples, Irish satins, velvets, and the NORWICH CRAPE, so much admired for its warmth and economy, being the article expressly ordered in every Court Mourning Gazette; lustres, figured populns, satins, levantines, widows' silks, and every other article requisite for the present Mourning, at BROWN'S, 15, Henrietta-street, Covent-garden.—No patterns cut.

ELEGANT BLACK COATS, Great Coats, Ladies' Habits, Pelisses, Childrens' Clothes, and Servants' Liveries, cut and made to fit in a superior manner, at little more than half the regular prices.—J. RADFORD, Teet-street, four doors from Churcery-lane, begs to inform the Fashionable World, that he has a large STOCK of Superfine SPANISH CLOTHS, and is now making them up at the following very reduced prices, viz.—Best superfine Coats from 31. 5s. to 31.12s.; extra best Saxon 31.18s.; best Fashionable Waistcoats, from 8s. to 14s.; best double milled Kerseymere Breeches 11 ds. vol. 9s. best Fashionable Travers at 1. ds. vol. 9s. best Fashionable Travers from 8s. to 14s.; best double milled Kerseymere Breeches 11, 4s. to 11, 9s.; best Fashionable Trowsers, from 11, 1s. to 11, 12s.; handsome suit of Livery complete 41, 10s.; Ladies' and Gentlemen's Driving and Travelling Coats, from Two to Five Guideas; every garment is made quite equal, if not superior, to any house at the west end. Those wanting arge quantities will find the greatest advantage at J. Radford's, Fleet-street, 4 doors from Chancery-lane .- N. B. A variety

SERVANTS' LIVERIES cut and made in a very superior manner, at little more than half the regular prices. J. RADFORD begs to offer his grateful acknowledgments for the extensive encouragement he has experienced for 20 years, and also informs the fashionable world, that he has an extensive assortment of prime LIVERY CLOTHS, and will make them assorment of prime LIVERY CLOIPS, and will make them up in the best manner, at such unusual low prices as cannot fail of giving great satisfaction, which he trusts will insure him an extension of those favours already conferred.—J. Radford, 188, Fleet-street.—Families waited on within ten miles.

DR. THEODORE HART, of Red Lion-square, deems it necessary to apprize the Public, that he is the ORIGINAL IMPORTER of the DRY SULPHUROUS FUMIGATING BATHS, which he administered with Dr. Gales, at Paris, and afterwards most successfully on his own account, at Nancy, in the Department de la Meurthe, and in September, 1817, established them at his Residence in Red Lionsquare, where they are still continued. They have been admi stered with complete success in a variety of cases, viz. in the obstinate cutatious diseases, scrophulous, glandular swellings, ulcers, enlargement of the joints, and in palsy. They are a specific in the worst stages of rheumatism, as well as in gouty affection. References can be given to Medical Gentiemen of the first respectability, who have satisfied themselves, from their own personal observation, of the safety and efficacy of these Baths, and to upwards of 100 cases recently cured by them.— The Nobility and Gentry may be attended at their own Houses with a Portable Apparatus.

and the state of the

WANTED, in a Haberdashery Warele oung CLERK, to serve the Trade. It will be that he have been experienced in the business. Also respectable young Lady, who knows the French as Languages, to serve in the same business. Apply at 7

attached to the body before and behind, nearly as good as new. pose of, fully answering the above description, will dress a line (postage paid) to A. B. C, 44, Essex-str BOARD and LODGING.—A Widow lady, of

respectability, without family, having a good Huse, r rnished, within a few minutes' walk of St. Janes's le-parks, wishes to accommodate a Lady or two, or Ger yde-parks, wishes to accommodate a Lady or two, an and his Wife, with BOARD and LODGING ticulars please to apply to Mr. Dyer, Knightsbridge; if by let ter, post paid.

TO IRON and BRASS FOUNDERS, be DISPOSED OF by PRIVATE CONTRACT, an IRON FOUNDRY, situate is Upper Ground-street, near Blackfriars-bridge, Blackfriars-road, in the county Surrey, consisting of Leasehold Premises, Buildings, Stock, Pant, Fixture and Utensils, as they now stand, in complete repair and condition, fit for immediate use. For particulars inquire of Messrs, Wm. Bailey and Co. from merchants, Bankela, South condition, fit for immediate use. For particulars included the Messrs. Wm. Bailey and Co. iron merchants, Banksle,

PARK.—To be SOLD by PRIVATE CONTRACT, by Mr. CHRISTIE, a truly spacious FAMILY MANSION, with numerous domestic offices, attached and detachet, capital stabling of nine stalls, and three coach-houses, Leasehold for a long Term of Years, at a moderate ground rent, and situated No. 14, in Great Cumberland place, near Hyde Park. The Premises comprise outer and inner hall, principal stone staircase to the bed chamber floor, back staircase, and water closets, handsome dining parlour, 27 by 18 feet, with skeen of double Corinthian columns, and opening by folding deors into a breakfast room, 19 feet 6 by 16 feet 6, and dressing room beyond; on the first floor, two noble drawind rooms, one of them 27 by 91, and 15 feet high, connected by folding doors to another drawing room, 26 by near 17 feet, and a third apartment; the doors to all these rooms are of fine mahogany, the window frames also of mahogany, and chiefly fitted with plate glass; four bed chambers, and large store room on the second floor, and three chiefly spacious ditto; and a room fitted up with a hot bath on the floor above; the offices on the basement are of every description, and have the further convenience of detached kitchen, scullery, wash-house, laundry, and servants' rooms, may be viewed with tickets, which, with printed particulars, may be had of Messrs. Gillows, Oxford-street; and of Mr. Christie, Pall-mall. GREAT CUMBERLAND-PLACE, HYDE PARK, To be SOLD by PRIVATE CONTRACT Messrs. Gillows, Oxford-street; and of Mr. Christie, Pall-mal

THE BANKRUPT STOCK of J. HEM-MINGS, Linen Draper, Haberdasher, Mercer, and Hosier, is now SELLING OFF PULL 35 PER CENT. UNDER PRIME COST, by order of the Assignees, for the BENEFIT of the CREDITORS, at No. 111, Long-acre, opposite James-street, Covent-garden; it consists of Irish linens, sheetings, diaper and damask table linen, huckabacks, counterpanes, quilts, blankets, furniture prints and dimities, plain and fancy muslins, flannels; also a large quantity of Black and coloured Bombazeens, Poplins, Crapes, and every article in Family Mourning, with an extensive assortment of Haberdashery and Hasiary, the whole must be sold without reserve. and Hosiery; the whole must be sold without reserve.

PORTLAND-PLACE.—To LET on LEASE an excellent FAMILY HOUSE, in Portland-place, with coach houses and stabling. Cards to view and particulars may be had of Mr. Surman, solicitor, Lincoln's Inn, No. 11, New-

MONTAGUE-STREET, Russell-square.—To be LET, No. 6, a most superior RESIDENCE, overlooking the Museum Gardens, in the most complete state of repair, with immediate possession. The house contains four attics; on the second floor, three bed rooms and a water closet; first floor, two elegant drawing rooms, principal floor, handsome entrance hall, large dining room, gentleman's room and water closet, with a neat garden; on the basement, every domestic office, with wine cellars, &c. To be viewed with tickets only, which, with further particulars, may be had of Toplis and Wheeler, 22, St. Paul's Church-yard.

MARK-LANE and MINCING-LANE.—To be LET on LEASE, a large HOUSE, with very extensive cellars, and two ranges of warehouses, four stories high, with cranes, situated in a large inclosed court yard, in Marklane; for a great number of years past held by Messrs. Allan and Smyth, wine merchants. Also some excellent Chambers, for brokers or others, in two good houses, fitted up for the purpose, in Dunster-court, Mincing-lane. For further particulars apply to R. L. Appleyard, Esq. 1, Lincoln's Inn.

CURZON-STREET.—To be LET, Unfurnished on Lease for 21 years, a comfortable, convenient, roomy HOUSE, with coach-house and stables. These premises are situated in the preferable part of the street; the well adapted Furniture and Fixtures now on the premises, to be taken by valuation.—For particulars and tickets to view, apply to Mr. Johnstone, upholder, No. 67, New Bond-street.

NEW PATENT SHAWLS.—These beautiful and novel SHAWLS, allowed to be the facest specimens of European Manufacture hitherto produced, and for which his Majesty's Royal Letters Patent have been granted, are now introducing by WAITHMAN and SONS, exclusively, at their Shawl and Linen Warehouse, 104, Fleet-street, corner of New

THERE NEVER WAS A TIME WHEN THERE NEVER WAS A TIME WHEN TABLE LINEN, IRISHES, SHERINGS and BLANKETS could be purchased on such advantageous terms, MAITBY having recently bought various lots of goods that must be inspected to form any idea of their cheapness, viz.—a lot of the richest damaak table linen, beginning at 7s, the dinner cloth with napkins to correspond, at 10s, the doz., every size and quality at an exact proportion in price; capital strong Irishes 6d, 10d, and 1s., observe the very finest and best bleach are 2s. 8d. regularly sold at 4s.; good servants sheeting 6d, 10d, and 1s.; real Russia ditto 16d. 18d. and 20d.; curionsly fine holland do. full ward and quarter wide, 18d. 90d. and 2s.; three bales of full yard and quarter wide, 18d. 20d. and 2s.; three bales of capital blankets, from 7s. to 14s. for text beds, every size the same proportion; the best quilts, three yards long, one guinea each.—No. 301, High Holborn.—Note, only one price made.

MILLARD'S, CHEAPSIDE.—Wholesale and Retail EAST INDIA, HAMBURGH PRINTED FURNITURE and FAMILY LINEN WAREHOUSE.

J. MILLARD, in returning his most grateful acknowledgments to the Nobility and Families for their distinguishments. ledgments to the Nobility and Families for their distinguished patronage, begs most respectfully to inform them, that his arrangements for the regular new supply of his Foreign and British Warehouse for the present year, is of the most extensive description for every new and useful article for Ladles Meeting and Evening Dress, the most superb India and British through choice Irish linens of the improved bleach in 7-8ths and 4-4ths; and fine sheetings, with every description of useful, as well as the more costly family linens, India muslins in all their varieties for ladies wear, and gentlemen's morning and dress cravats, India long cloths, cossacs, anjengoes, white chintz, &c.; India imitation calicoes, of peculiar warmth for children's wear; the most choice selection of British muslins and bettillas, printed chintz, and other cambrics, and seer-suckers for promenade most choice selection of British mustins and bettillas, printed chintz, and other cambries, and seer-suckers for promenade dresses, and for presents; French cambries, veils and lace, with the best descriptions of black goods for family mourning; and for the information of families from abroad, he begs to observe, his regular method of selling the choiceet articles on the lowest terms, without making a second price, will constantly be adhered to, and all articles purchased by the entire piece or domy sold at the wholesale price. Proprietors of business supplied on the regular terms of the house.

WHEAL JUBILEE COPPER MINES.—

The above undertaking effers peculiar advantages for the Investment of capital. First, It is admirably situate as regards locality for the conveyance of ores, stores, &c. to and from the works. Secondly, The Mine has every necessary apparatus erected for the prosecution of the undertaking, and is in a course of returning copper ores; and lastly, It is submitted to the public upon terms, it is presumed, extremely liberal, and without regard to peemium; the sole object, by dividing the mine into small shares of 101 each being for the purpose of extending the present workings. The Gentlemen who have become Trustees are of the highest respectability, and largely interested in the undertaking, as also a number of persons who have become subscribers thereto; a list of whom may be seen, and prospectuses obers thereto; a list of whom may be seen, and properties obtained, by persons desirous of taking shares, on application to Mr. Short, canal and mine broker, 31, Threadseedle-street London.—N.B. Letters must be post paid.

THE BRITISH FREEHOLDER (late Th ANTI-TIMES), a Weekly Journal, conducted on principles of zealous attachment to Church and Sate, though independent of ministerial influence, and a proportion of whose independent of ministerial influence, and a proportion of whose to the conductive of the conduct profits will, during its existence, be annually contributed to the funds of that excellent Society, which prosecuted Carlile to conviction for the sale of blasphemous writings, WILL APPEAR on Sunday, the 6th day of February next.—The BRITISH FREEHOLDER (printed and published by W. Shackell, 11. FREEHOLDER (printed and published by W. Shackell, 11, Johnson's court, Fleet-street) may be had of all the Newsmen in the Metropolis; and of the Bookselbrs and Post-masters in the Country; to whom a communication of orders, previous to the day of publication, would be very convenient, and to the proprietors most highly obliging.

K. BREWER, SILK-MERCER and POPLIN MANUFACTURER, having opened a NEW SHOP, No. 8, Henrietta-street, Covent-garden, he respectfully solicits the patronage of Ladies who are desirous of being informed where they may purchase every article connected with the above branches of trade, at 20 per cent. lower than such articles are usually charged. His Stock is entirely New, and consequently has been purchased under the great advantages afforded by the late unprecedented depression of the markets, which circumstance, connected with his determination to offer his articles at the lowest possible rate of profit, will, he trus's, fully justify ham in assuring Ladies, that the price at which he is enabled to offer his goods is, as he has stated, not less than 20 per cent. under the usual charges.—N. B. Plain and Fancy Silks, Poplins, Bombazeens, Crapes, Satins, Sarsnets, Gros de Naples, Taffattes, Italian Nets, Shawls, Scarfs, and a great variety of other articles at the low price quoted above. Ladies will please to observe, No. 8, Henrietta-street.

No. 8, Henrietta-street.

A CIDULATED ESSENCE of ANCHOVIES.

—The decided preference this new Sauce has experienced during the short period it has been before the Public, having occasioned some spurious instations, E. LAZENBY and SON respectfully inform the Nobility and Gentry, the Original Atticle is prepared only at their Warehouse, No. 6, Edwardstreet, London, and 25, Parliament-street, Dublin; the label of each bottle signed "Elizabeth Lazenby." N. B. From ite peculiar preparation the Acid Anchovy Sauce will be found very delicious with steaks, hashes, &c. as well as all kinds of fish, and claims a decluded preference for Exportation; is warranced to keep in any climate, and does not also rancid when opened. No. 8, Henrietta-street

opened.

A GREAT VARIETY of BOX, DRIVING, and CHAISE COATS, BOAT CLOAKS, and every other article for the comfort and convenience of Gentlemen. Travelling, are constantly on SALE at WINGATE and CO.'S, tailors, habit and breeches makers, 181, Fleet-street, two doors from Fetter-lane, who beg respectfully to inform Nohlemen and Gentlemen they may be supplied with every article of fahionable dress, hunting coats, shooting jackets, liveries, &c. on terms which they are proud to say has given them a decided preference to public patronage.—181, Kleet-street.

BY ORDER OF GOVERNMENT.—The DRAWING of the LOTTERY, which was to have taken place on the 29th instant, is POSTPONED to Saturday next, 5th Feb., when the whole will be decided.—J. and J. SIVEWRIGHT, the Contractors, respectfully announce that the Wheel contains Two Prizes of 20,000l. money, besides nearly 1,000 other Prizes of various amounts, making in the whole an excess of 6,348l. beyond the usual prize money of the Lottery. The whole will be drawn on Saturday, Feb. 5.—J. and J. Sivewright, who sold in last Lottery, 1,656, a Prize of 20,000l. hope to experience a continuance of preference shown to their old established and fortunate offices, 37, Cornhill; 38, Haymarket; 11, Holborn; 141, Oxford-street; where tickets and shares are on sale in great variety.

## BOOKS PUBLISHED THIS DAY.

MISS BENGER'S LIFE OF TOBIN.—In 8vo. price 12s. bds.

WEMOIRS of Mr. JOHN TOBIN, Author of the Honey Moon. With a Selection from his unpublished Writings. By MISS BENGER, Author of Memoirs of Mrs. Elizabeth Hamilton.

Printed for Longman, Hurst, Rees, Orme and Brown, London. Of whom may be had,

Memoirs of the late Mrs. ELIZABETH HAMILTON. The 2d edition, in 2 vols. 8vo. with a Portrait, price 11. 1s. bds.

In 8vo. price 14s. boards, with a Portrait of the Author.

In 8vo. price 14s. boards, with a Portrait of the Author, SERMONS, Preached in the Cathedral Church of Worcester. By the late Rev. JAMES STILLING-FLEET, A.M. Prebendary of Worcester, and formerly of Worten College Oxford. Merton College, Oxford.

Printed for Longman, Hurst, Rees, Orme and Brown, London; and W. H. L. Walcott, Worcester.

Price 5s. sewed DETAILED STATEMENT of the CASE of his Royal Highness the DUKE of KENT.
London: printed for E. Williams, Bookseller to the Prince
Regent, and to the Duke and Duchess of York, No. 11, Strand;
Mr. Barrett, Cambridge; and Mr. Parker, Oxford; and sold
by all Booksellers in the United Kingdom.

In one octavo volume, price 12s.

SERMONS, DOCTRINAL and PRACTICAL; preached in King-street, Brompton, Quebec, and
Fitzroy Chapels. By the Rev. T. F. DIBDIN.
Published for Longman, Hurst; Rees, Orme and Brown;
and Rodwell and Martin, Bond-street.

SOUTHEY'S POETICAL WORKS. In fourteen vols, foolscap 8vo. price 5l. 10s. 6d. boards, THE POETICAL WORKS OF ROBERT THE POETICAL WORKS OF ROBERT
SOUTHEY, Esq. Poet Laureate, Member of the Royal
Spanish Academy, of the Royal Spanish Academy of History,
and of the Royal Institute of the Netherlands. Containing
Roderick, the Last of the Goths, 2 vols. 16s.; Curse of Kehama, 2 vols. 14s.; Madoc, 2 vols. 16s.; Thalaba, 2 vols. 16s.;
Joan of Arc. vols. 16s.; Minor Poems, 3 vols. 18s.; Pilgrimage to Waterloo, 10s. 6d.; and Lay of the Laureate, 4s.;
any of which may be had separate.

Printed for Longman, Hurst, Rees, Orme and Brown, London.
Shortly will appear, by the same Author,
A TALK OF PARAGUAY, In 12mo.

MISS PORTER'S WORKS. MISS PORTER'S WORKS.

1. THE SCOTTISH CHIEFS. A Romance.

By Miss JANE PORTER. In 5 vols. 12mo. the
fourth edition, price 11. 15s. bds.

2. The Pastor's Firesiers. A Novel. By Miss Jane Porter.
The second edition, in 4 vols. 12mo. price 11. 11s. 61 bds. The second edition, in 4 vols. 12 no. price 11. 11s. 6d. bds.
5. THADDEUS OF WARSAW. A Novel. By Miss Jane Porter.
The eighth edition, in 4 vols. price 18s. bds.
Printed for Longman, Hurst, Rees, Orme and Brown, London.

DUKE OF KENT .- Printed in 840., with faithful Likeness, price 6d. (for general distribution),
MEMOIRS of the PUBLIC and PRIVATE
LIFE of his late Royal Highness the Duke of KENT.
Printed for Smeeton, St. Martin's Church-yard; Evans and
Sons, Long-lane; and Simpkin and Marshall, Stationers'-court.

BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGA ZINE, No. XXXIV. for JANUARY, 1820.

CONTENTS—1. On the Progressive Change of Poetical Style—
2. Public Buildings of Edinburgh—3. On the Analogy between the growth of Individual and National Genius—4. Emma. Sense—7. the growth of Individual and National Genius—4. Emma. A ITale—5. The Vision—6. Reflections on a Brumal Scene—7. Notices of the Acted Drama in London. No. VIII.—8. Letter from the Ettrick Shepherd, enclosing a Fragmen of the Mad Banker—9. Annals of Peterhead, by P. Buchan—10. Horæ Germanicz.—No. III. The Twenty-ninth of February.—A Dramatic Sketch; by Adolphus Mullner.—11. Analytical Essays on the old English Dramatists.—No. VIII.—The Witch of Edmonton—Ford, Dekker, and Rowley—12. Sacontala; or, the Fatal Ring—13. Upon the Relation of Missic to the Drama. Letter I.—14. A Lay of Fairy Land (from a volume of Poems, by John Wilson, now in the Press)—15. Verses on the Church of Krisuvik in Iceland—16. Sir Thomas Brown—17. Living Toads found in Stones are productions of the former World, by the Rector of Pashdorf—18. Elements of a Plan for the Laquidation of the National Debt, &c. by Richard Heathfield—19. The Warder. No. IV.—20. Notices to Correspondents—21. Sonnet, by the Ettrick Shepherd—22. Literary and Scientific Intelligence—23. Works preparing for Publication—24. Monthly List of New Publications—25. Monthly Register.

Register.
Printed for T. Cadell and W. Davies, Strand, London; and William Blackwood, No. 17, Prince's-street, Edinburgh. THE NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE and

LITERARY PANORAMA, for February, being the Second Number of a New Volume, is embellished with a fine Portrait of Lord Castlereagh, from a Painting by Sir T. Law-Portrait of Lord Castlereagh, from a Painting by Sir I. Lawrence, and contains, among other interesting Papers:—I. Biographical Memoir of Lord Castlereagh—II. On the Negro
Empire of Hayti, Speculations, Political and Poetical—III.
Remarks on the Poetry of John Anster, and other living Irish
Writers—IV. On the Phoenix of the Ancients—V. Tother
Side of the Ohio—VI. Travels round my Chamber, the Library, &c.—VII. Mr. Mathias, on the Life and Writings of
Gray, with Extracts from his Original MSS.—VIII. The
Campaign di Roma—IX. On Arabian Poetry—X. On the Funeral Rites and Ceremonies of the Anglo Saxons and English— The company of the Author of Junios—XIII. A Sicilian Story, by Barry Cornwall—XIV. On British Novels and Renauctures of the Author of Junios—XIII. A Sicilian Story, by Barry Cornwall—XIV. On British Novels and Romances, insulations of Society of Criticisms on the living Novelstand Barry Cornwall—XIV. On British Novels and Romances, introductory to a Series of Crificisms on the living Novelista—XV. Memoirs and Travels of John Lewis Burkhardt—XVI. Anastasias, or Memoirs of a Greek—XVII. Mr. Lowdon on English Gardening—XVIII. Remarks on Wilkin's Picture of the Bartle of Hastings. by Mr. Carey—XIX. Modern Sculptors at Rome—XX. Varieties, Literary and Scientific—XXI. New Publications, with Critical Remarks—XXII. New Inventions and Discoveries—XXIII. Dramatic Nutices—XXIV. Reports, Literary, Meteorological, Agricultural and Commercial—XXV. Historical Digest of Political Events, including the American President's Message—XXVII. Interesting Occurrences, Promotions, Births, Matriages and Deaths; with Biographical Particulars of the most celebrated Persons.

Printed for Heary Colburn and Co. Conduit street, to whom communications for the Editor are requested to be addressed, free of expence.

BOOKS PUBLISHED THIS DAY.

MEMOIRES pour servir à L'HISTOIRE de la Par M. FLEURY DE CHABOULON, Ex Sécrétaire d

l'Empereur Napoleon et de son Cabinet, Mairre des Requêtes, au Conseil d'État, Baron, Officier de la Légion d'Honneur Chevalier de l'Ordre de la Réunion. Printed for John Murray, Albemarle-street. NAPOLEON'S MEMOIRS.—The FRENCH Edition of this work continues on Sale at 12s.

The English Translation, by Mr. O'Mzaka, will appear on Thursday, at 10s. 6d.; and it is proposed to subjoin, as an Appendix, a Copy of an Original Paper, dictated to the Editor at Longwood, containing 101 Reasons why Napoleon was not, and could not, have been the Author of the fabricated. Manuscrit de St. Helene."

Printed for Sir Richard, Phillips, and Co.

Printed for Sir Richard Phillips and Co. NEW NOVELS.—Price 65. half-bound,

consisting of GLENFELL; or, Macdonalds and Cambells; an Edinburgh Tale of the Ninteenth Century:—and a the same time Vol. II. consisting of an elegant 'Franslation of Madame de Genlis' new Novel of PETRARCH and LAURA Printed for Sir Richard Phillips and Co. Bride-court, Bridge treet; and to be had of W. Sams, Pall-mall; and of all Bookellers and Libraries.

In the first instance, for the content of the properties of the content of the court of the court. sellers and Libraries.

In the first instance, for the sake of completely developing the capability of the plan, two-volumes of this series have been published at the same time. The Third Volume, to appear in course on the 15th of February, will comprise three exquisite Spanes Tales from Leandar De Valladoras.

UNIVERSITY LITERATURE.

With Thirteeen Cuts, price 1s.

THE FORTY-SECOND EDITION OF THE
POLITICAL HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT.

\* Although this Publication was entered at Stationers' Hall, and Copies were duly delivered, according to Act of Parliament, one being for the British Museum, yet it is held in such estimation by all ranks, from the mansion to the cottage, including men of high classical and literary attainment, that it is coveted by eminent and learned bodies for the purpose of being preserved and deposited in the other National Libraries, as appears by the following notice.

preserved and deposited in perserved and deposited in the pears by the following notice.

(COPY.)

London, Jan. 26, 1820. Londen, Jan. 26, 1820.

Sim—I am authorised and requested to demand of you hine copies of the under-mentioned Work—The Political House. That Jack Bull—for the use of the following Libraries and Universities:—Bodleian; Cambridge; Sion College; Edinburgh; Advocates Library, Edinburgh; Glasgow; Aberdeen; St. Andrew's; Trinity College; and the King's Inns, Dublin.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant.

GEORGE GREENHILL,

Warehouse-keeper to the Company of Stationers.

To. Mr. WM. Hone, Ludgate-bill.

This "authorized" and official "demand" on behalf of the Universities and Public Libraries, was immediately complied with; and, to save those distinguished bodies the trouble of a similar application for "The Man in the Moon," copies of that work were also sent with the copies of The Political House, that Jack Built, so demanded "for their use."

N. B. The FOTTENTH EDITION is just published of THE MAN IN THE MOON—a Speech from the Throne to the Senate of Lunataria; to which are added, "The Doctor," a Parody, written by the Right Hon. George Canning in ridicule of the Right Hon. Lord Sidmouth; and A POLITICAL CHRISTMAS CAROL, set to music and now singing in select circles. By the AUTHOR OF THE POLITICAL HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT. With 15 Cuts. Price 1s.

Price 9s. boards,

RULES proposed for the GOVERNMENT of
GAOLS, HOUSES of CORRECTION, and PENITENTIARIES; to which are added, Plans of Prisons on improved Principles; and a Description, with Plates, of a Corn
Mill and Water Mill adapted for the Employment of Prisoners.
By the Society for the Improvement of Prison Discipline, and
for the Reformation of Juvenile Offenders.
Sold by J. and A. Arch, Cornhill; Butterworth and Son,
Fleet-street; and John Hatchard, Piccadilly.

In two volumes, price 15s. Third Edition,
STOCKDALE'S PEERAGE and BARONET-AGE of the UNITED KINGDOM, for the Year 1820.
With the Arms of the Peers and Baronets as furnished by the
Heralds' Office.—Printed for Wm. Stockdale, 181, Piceadilly. THE "HISTORIA BRITTONUM," commonly

attributed to NENNIUS; from a Manuscript lately discovered in the Library of the Vatican Palace at Rome, edited in the 10th Century by MARK THE HERMIT; with an English Version, Fac-simile of the Original, Notes and Illustrations. By the Rev. WILLIAM GUNN, B.D. Rector of Irstead, Norfolk. Printed for John and Arthur Arch, Cornhill, 1819.

In one volume, 12mo. extra boards, price 4s. 6d.

ATILDA; or, the Exile of the Castle. An Historical Memoir.

Printed for W. Sams, 1, St. James's-street; Messrs. Longmans, Paternoster-row; Baldwin and Co.; Simpkin and Marshall, Stationers'-court; W. Wright, Fleet-street; and all Books

Superbly printed in Atlas 4to. price 4l. 4s. boards,

N ESSAY ON MAN. By ALEXANDER

POPE. Illustrated with Designs, by Uwins, which are
engraved in the first style of the Art, and in the Line Manner,
by Charles Heath, Rhodes, Sept., and Warren; and a full
length Portrait of the Author, engraved by Robinson, from
the original, by Jervas, in the possession of George Watson
Taylor, Esq. M.P. The Illustrations of this Edition, which
is necessarily limited to 200, are all Proofs on India paper.

Printed for Robert Jennings, No. 2, Poultry.

HARTLEY'S BIOGRAPHY FOR YOUTH.

BRITISH GENIUS EXEMPLIFIED, in the Lives of Men, who, by their Industry or Scientific Exertions and Discoveries, have raised themselves to opulence and distinction, and essentially promoted the welfare of manking, including the Lives of some distinguished Foreigners. By CECIL HARTLEY, A.M. Author of Principles of the Sciences; or, The Elements of Human Knowledge. Royal 18mo. 4s. boards. PRINCIPLES of ELOCUTION, 18mo. 3s. 6d. neatly bound.

PRINCIPLES of PUNCTUATION, 18mo. 5s, neatly bound. Printed for Effingham Wilson, Royal Exchange, London.

THE PARSON'S COUNSELLOR; with the Law of Tithes or Tithing. In Two Books. The first shows the Order every Parson, Vicar, &c. ought to observe in obtaining a Spiritual Preferment, and what Duties are incumbent upon him after taking the same; and many other things necessary for every Clergyman to know and observe. The econd shows in what manner all sorts of Tithes, Offerings, Mortuagies, and other Church Duties are to be paid, as well in London tuaries, and other Church Duties are to be paid, as well in La Laws; and in what Courts and Manner they may be recovered what Charges they see, subject to, and many other things soncerning the same necessary for Clergymen and all others to know.

By Sir SIMON DEGGE, Kt. The seventh edition, with
great Additions; by CHARLES ELLIS, Esq. of Lincoln's
Inn, Barrister at Law.

Psioned for Charles Hunter, Law Bookseller, 26, Bell-yard,
Lincoln's Lan.

TO EMIGRANTS.
In 8vo. price 10s. 6d. boards,
MERICA and the BRITISH COLONIES.
An Abstract of all the most

An Abstract of all the most useful information relative to the United States of America and the British Colonies of Canada, the Cape of Good Hope, New South Wales and Va Dieman's Land; exhibiting at one view the comparative A vantages and Disadvantages each Country offers for Emigrative Collected from the most valuable and recent Publications. Twhole collated with Documents in his Majesty's Colonial Offer To which are added, a few Notes and Observations. By Wf ed, a few Notes and Observations. By WIL LIAM KINGDOM, jun.
"Oui et non sont bien court à dire; mais avant que de les

dire, if aut penser long temps."—Rochefoucault.

Printed for G. and W. B. Whittaker, 13, Ave Maria-lane.

The public are respectfully informed, that the injunction against this work has been wighdrawn, by consent of the parties who obtained it.

IMPROVED FRENCH DICTIONARY. In a few days will be published, in 12mo. price 10s. 6d. boards the Second Edition of

A BRENCH and ENGLISH and ENGLISH and FRENCH DICTIONARY. By M. DE LEVIZAC, Author of the Practical Grammar of the French Lan-

Printed for Baklwin, Cradock and Joy, Paternoster-row; G. and W. B. Whittaker, Ave Maria-land; and Dulay and Co.

Soho-square.
This Edition has been carefully revised by the Dictionnair de l'Academie, has received considerable Additions, and contains a greater number of Words than any other School Dictions.

HENRI DE GRAND. PAR MADAME DE GENLIS. vols. 12s. This delightful Historical Tale, like the Belisaire of the same author, will be found an acceptable present to young persons, and is admirably calculated for a Class Book in schools.

Second Edition, revised, price 7s. 6d.

DRIVATE EDUCATION; or, a PRACTICAL
PLAN for the Studies of YOUNG LADIES, with an
Address to Parents, Private Governesses, and their Pupils.—By
ELIZABETH APPLETON.

"This work is judiciously adapted to become a useful manual in the lands of persons who are desirous of securing for their tender charge all the advantages of elegant literature, and the accomplishments of polished manners, without putting to capticious hazard those pure and firm principles which can alone render them useful in this world, and happy in the next."

Princed for Henry Colburn and Co. Conduit-street: Bell and Bradfote, Edinburgh; and John Cumming, Dublin:—Of whom may also be had, just published,

2. Letters from a Lady of Distinction, addressed to the late Dubless of Dronsmar, shortly after her Marriage, 6s.

3. New Letters from Lord Cresterfield to A. C. Standers, Esq relative to the Education of his Lordship's Godson, Philip, the late Earl, now first published from the Originals.

4. EVERY-DAY CHRISTIANITY. By the Author of Rhoda, &c

MISS BURNEY'S NEW NOVEL MOUNTRY NEIGHBOURS, and The SHIP WRECK :- TALKS of FANCY. By Miss BURNEY Printed for Henry Colburn and Co., Conduit-street; of whom nay be had, by the same popular author, new editions of CLERENTER, 3 vols. 21s.—TRAITS of NATURE, 4 vols. 28s

Lately published, editions in French and English, ECOLLECTIONS of ITALY, ENGLAND

and AMERICA. By F. A. DE CHATEAUBRIAND, Author of Atala, &c. 2 vols. 18s. "We recognize in these 'Recollections' the elegant and ro-mantic Author of 'Atala,' his fervid imagination and vivid de-

Scriptions."

Printed for Henry Colburn and Co. Conduit-street; and sold also by Bell and Bradfute, Edinburgh; and John Cumming, Dublin. Also by the same Author,

2. The Revolutions of Empires, 8vo. 12s. Ditto in French.

3. Travels in Greece, Palestine, Egypt, and Barbary, second edition, 2 vols. 8vo. 28s. Ditto in French 24s.

The Beauties of Christianity, with notes, by the Rev. HENRY KETT, 3 vols. 8vo. 21s. 6d. Ditto in French.

TRANSLATION OF MADAME DE GENLIS NEW WORK—in 2 vols. price 10s. 6d. bds.

PETRARCH and LAURA, an historical Romance, translated from the French of MADAME DEGENLIS.

ed for Henry Colburn and Co., Conduit-street, of whom nay be had, by the same distinguished writer,

1. JULIEN DELMOUR, or the NEW ÆRE; a Novel, actually ounded on the Events that have occurred in France, during the

founded on the Events that have belast thirty years, 4 vols. 24s.
2. Jane of France, 2 vols. 12s.
3. Zuma, and other Tales, 6s.
4. Henri Le Grand, 5 vols. 12s.

ANALYSIS of the EGYPTIAN MY-A THOLOGY, designed to illustrate the Origin of Paganism, and the intellectual History of Mankind in the first Ages; to which is subjoined, a Critical Examination of the Remains of Egyptian Chronology. By JAMES COWLES PRICHARD, M.D. Author of "Researches into the Physicel History of Man."
Printed for John and Arthur Arch, 61, Cornhill.

SHAKSPEARE.-Speedily will be published, in foolscap 8vc THE SONNETS and MINOR POEMS of WILLIAM SHAKSPEARE.

Whitehaven: printed and published by James Steel, Printer the Whitehaven Gazette, by whom Subscriptions will be reeived; and also by the principal Booksellers in the United No Letters can be attended to unless the postage be pald.

Neatly printed in demy 4to, with a fine Portrait of Sir Philip Neatly printed in demy 4to, with a fine Portrait of Sir Philip Sidney, beautifully engraved by C. Warren, price 11.5x. bds.

NEMOIRS of the LIFE and WRITINGS of Sir PHILIP SIDNEY.

"Nor love thy life, nor hate: but what thou liv'st Live well: how long of short, permit to Heaven."—Marron. By THOMAS ZOUCH, D.D. F.L.S. Prebendary of Durbany. "The Second Edition."

ann. The Second Edition.

London: printed for J. Mawman, 59, Ludgate-street; and
Payne and Foss, Pall-mall; and Wilson and Sons, York. Of

whom may be had, by the same Author,
WALTON'S LIVES. Third Edition, handsomely printed in two
vols. 8vo., and embellished with Portraits, 11.8s. boards. Price, bound in Russia, with Maps, 9l. 9s. or in calf 8l. 8s.

without Maps, bound in calf, 61. 6s.

PLAIR'S CHRONOLOGY; or, History of the
World from the Creation to the end of the Year of Our
Lord 1814. The two last sheets, containing the most remarkable Events of the last fourtain the last fourteen years, may be had separately

Printed for John Maynard, Panton-street, Haymarket. Price 2s. 6d. bound, with seven Maps, the Fourth Edition, revised and improved, of

SYSTEM of GEOGRAPHY, for the use of Schools, on a new and perfectly easy plan, in which the can Boundaries are stated as settled by the Peace of Paris, By JOHN BIGLAND, Author of Letters on Ancient odern History, Geographical and Historical View of the

"We may recommend this small volume for adoption in schools, since it is, in our opinion, better suited to that purpose than any similar treatise which has lately fallen under our inspection."—Monthly Review.

Printed for George Cowie and Co. 31, Poultry; and Henry Mozley. Derby. Of whom may be had,

A Conversion of theory of the Jaws, just published, by the same Author, price 4s. 6d. bds. FOR SCHOOLS.

128.6d. octavo, bound, THOMERI ILIAS; a New Edition, with Eng-

lish Notes.

This is a very compact and useful Edition of the Iliad, for ound, beyond all comparison, the best edition for the use of chools, at present extant."—Antijacobin Review, Sept. 1819. "This is, perhaps, the most useful edition of the Maconian bard, that has yet made its appearance. It is also critical in an eminent degree, and contains a judicious and well written ac-count of the digamma, together with a dissertation upon the Homeric metre, principally selected from the writings of Professor Dunbar, and Mr. R. P. Knight. The notes are partly original, and partly taken from Heyne, Clarke and Knight. The author has udiciously enlivened the heavy, critical matter of his work by notations from Pope's admirable translation, and adorned it with a few parallel passages from the Roman Poets, and from our illustrious countryman Milton."—New Monthly Magazine,

Printed by A. J. Valpy; and sold by G. and W. B. Whittaker ongman and Co., Baldwin and Co., Lackington and Co., F. C. and J. Rivington, London; Macredie and Co., Edinburgh; camming and Co., Dublin; and all other Booksellers. Of the

same may be had, bound, Honace, with English Notes to the Odes, 51.6d Envesti's Notes, &c. by Barker, 3d Ed. Horace, no Notes 33. (A neat Edition of Vin-eil, 18mo. 3d Edit. 4s. 33, 6d. PRINCIPIA OFFICIORUM, HISTORIA et GEOGRA. 38. 6d. PORTICAL CHRONOLOGY The same, with Knollsm
Norrs, from Delphin,
&c. no Interpretatio 7s. 6d.
The same, with Harner's
Text and Delphin
Notes, no Interpretatio 10s.6d. of ANCIENT and Eng-LISH HISTORY 24.
MYTHOLOGY, 4th Ed. 28. Cicero de Officus, with ENGLISH NOTES
ETISTOLÆ M. T. CICE-

CASAR'S COMMENTARIES, RONIS, 3d Ed. 2 The Germany and Agri-cola of Tacitus, from plates, no Interpreta-103, 6J. BROTIER, with all his Notes, &cc., by the same, 2d Ed. GRADUS, without Verses Homen's Litan from the C. Neros, with Eng-LISH Norres and Ques-Text of Heyne 78. EEEGANTIE LATINE 48. 6d. TIONS. By Bradley GREEK GRAMMAR 6s. 6d. 28. 6d. LATIN PROSODE, by Do. 4s.

LATIN GRAMMAR Amphitryo, Aulularia, Captives and Rudens, 28. 6d. GREEK TESTAMENT, 5 vols. 8vo. By Rev. E. Valpy 21. 1 of Plautus, with English Notes
LATIN VOCABULARY

Valpy 21. 12s. 6d.
Large Paper 41.
GREEK SETTUAGINT, with
the Apperypha 1 male the Apecrypha, 1 vol. 8vo. bds. 11.8s. Epironæ Sacræ His-CICERO DE AMERITA et TORLE, with English Notes, 5d Ed. 2s.

Please to ask for Valpy's Editions of the above Works. Cicero de Amicitia et 

TY of WESTMORLAND. Hill-street, Berkeley-square, Jan. 30. GENTLEMEN, THE approaching Dissolution of Parliament affords another opportunity to you of asserting your independence id to me of redeeming my solemn pledge never to desert yo this noble struggle. This event is on every account a subject sincere congratulation. It offers an almost certain prosper our endeavours being crowned with that success which ca one terminate onr exertions in the cause; and it restores to us their ancient extent, those constitutional rights which the late

meet our adversaries, whoever they may be, and to render an account of my public conduct since we last met. In the mean time I trust every one will be at his post, and preparing to strike a last and an effectual blow.

I am ever your faithful friend, HENRY BROUGHAM.

THE MORNING CHRONICLE.

LONDON: MONDAY, JANUARY 31, 1820.

DEATH

HIS MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY. THE LONDON GAZETTE EXTRAORDINARY. SUNDAY, JANUARY 30, 1820.

WHITEHALL, JANUARY 30, 1820. A letter and inclesure, of which the following are copies Duke of York by the Lord Viscount Sidmouth, one of his late Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

Windsor, Jan. 29, 1820. My LORD, has pleased Almighty God to take unto himself the King, my who sends it as a circular, officially. eloved Father, and our Most Gracious and Excellent Soveeign .- He expired at thirty-five minutes past eight o'clock P.M. I inclose the Certificate of all the Physicians in attendance t this melancholy period.

I am, my Lord, ever your's most sincerely,
(Signed) FREDERICK.

(Signed) FREDERICA
The Right Honourable Viscount Sidmouth, &c. &c. &c. Windsor Castle, Jan. 29, 1820. It has pleased the Almighty to release his Majesty from all urther suffering. His Majesty expired, without pain, at thirty- Third), at Carlton House, now his Majesty's Palace.

five minutes past eight o'clock this evening.

(Signed) HENRY HALFORD. M. BAILLIE. W. HEBERDEN. ROBT. WILLIS.

For his Royal Highness the DAVID DUNDAS. Duke of York.

The afflicting intelligence of the death of his Majesty King George the Third was brought to Carltonhouse by express from Windsor on Saturday night. General Cartwright was bearer of the dispatch from his Royal Highness the Duke of York, who was present to close the eyes of his beloved parent; and it was some consolation to him to see that his departure from life was without pain. Nature seemed to be totally exhausted, and he died without any symptom of suffering. The Prince Regent had not retired to rest when General Cartwright arrived with the mournful intelligence; and his Royal Highness, who had been for some days seriously indisposed, was deeply affected by the communication, though we understand he had been prepared for the event. On Friday night his late Maesty's dissolution seemed to be so rapidly approaching, that Sir Henry Halford came to town to apprize the Prince Regent of the change that had taken place, and of the alarming conviction of the Physicians that it must speedily terminate in death. The Duke of York went to Windsor on Friday forenoon, and continued at his Majesty's bed-side to the last. The Earl of Liverpool also went to Windsor on Friday; and it seems evident that for the last two days no hopes were entertained of his surviving the decay, which has been graseized in November last.

At three o'clock yesterday morning the following Letter was received by the Lord Mayor:-

Whitehall, Jan. 30, 1820. My Lord-It is my painful duty to inform your Lordship of the demise of his late Majesty King George III. This melan-choly event took place, without the least apparent suffering, at indsor Castle, at thirty-one minutes past eight oon, to the great grief of his present Majesty, and of the Royal

I have to request that your Lordship will give directions for the Tolling of the Great Bell at St. Paul's Cathedral. I have the honour to be,

Your Lordship's most obedient humble servant, To the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, &c. SIDMOUTH. St. Paul's Bell commenced tolling at twelve o'clock. It was preceded by the tolling of all the other Church

Bells in the cities of London and Westminster. Thus has terminated the Reign of George the Third, after a duration of fifty-nine years, three months. and nine days-a reign distinguished alike by the public and private virtues of the Monarch, and by the extraordinary vicissitudes in the affairs of the world, in which

the British Cabinet has taken so prominent a part. His Majesty George the Third was born on the 24th of May, 1738; which, since the alteration of the style, has become the 4th of June. At his death, therefore, he had reached the advanced age of eightyone years, seven months, and twenty-six days. He was proclaimed King on the 25th of October, 1760, and crowned on the 22d September, 1761. On September 8th, 1761, he was married to her late Majesty, and had issue seven sons and five daughters, of whom six of the former, and four of the latter survive him. His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales was appointed Regent on the 6th of February, 1811; and from that time he has been virtual Sovereign, acting in the name and on behalf of his Majesty.

We cannot avoid repeating the observation that we made on Saturday, that the omission of daily Bulletins in the imminent state of his Majesty's life, led his people to distrust the rumours of his extreme danger. There certainly was a blamable want of consideration for the anxiety which was universally felt. The personal virtues of the King had, for many years, endeared him to all ranks of the community; and though, from acting on the early prejudices which he had imbibed, his reign has been distinguished by his choice and support of Ministers, whose chief object was to increase the influence of the Crown, and who, in the prosecution of that object, accumulated a debt that now not merely cramps the energies of the nation, but spreads misery jesty, in the name of the Lord Chamberlain, to pay every and ruin over all the departments of industry; still the due respect to the remains of the late beloved Monarch, benevolent disposition of the late King, the practice of and to make arrangements for the funeral. The King all the domestic duties, the invariable constancy with has commanded one of his Lords and Grooms to sit up which he adhered to all those whom, at any time, he with the corpse of his late Majesty. honoured with his confidence-his strict observance of The Earl Bathurst and Viscount Sidmouth were in all his obligations as a Christian, and above all, the town, from Putney and Richmond Park, by about seven case will, therefore, require material alteration, and it severe affliction with which he was visited by Providence o'clock yesterday morning, in consequence of having is further accompanied by this singular circumstance,

separated by political or religious creeds.

We should belie all the history of our times, and of our uniform opinions for the last forty years, if we were to say that his late Majesty's reign had been fortunate. The loss of the United States of America to the Crown of Great Britain has not been compensated by the acquisitions we have made in the Peninsula of India; nor has Statute had suspended.

As soon as Parliament is dissolved 1 shall be among you, to the lustre of our military triumphs in the wars so obstinately carried on against the efforts of the French people to reform the vices of their Government, given security to our constitutional institutions, or afforded support to our financial prosperity. The retrospect to a political assertor of the principles which made Great Britain, by the inestimable privileges of its people, the admiration of the world, must be gloomy; but it cannot be denied, that through the very means of the boundless expence which our wars occasioned, the internal improvement of the kingdom has been greatly, and indeed wonderfully advanced. The arts of every kind have flourished to an extent unknown to his predecessors; and it is justly due to his munificent character, to say that he patronized them with the most zealous and generous ardour. The most pleasing part of the duty of his biographer will be the narrative of the magnificent progress that has been we been this morning received from his Royal Highness the made, under the auspices of his protecting care, in all that could enrich, adorn, and give comfort to a country.

The following account of the proceedings at the It becomes my psinful duty to acquaint your Lordship, that Palace of Carlton House we received from the person

> THE FIRST COURT OF HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE THE FOURTH.

Yesterday, at two o'clock, his Majesty King George the Fourth, held his first Court since his accession to the Throne, as a matter of State necessity (all authorities having ceased on the demise of King George the

The Court consisted of all the male branches of the Royal Family now in England, most of the Cabinet Ministers, the great Officers of State, the Members of the Privy Council of the late King, and a numerous assemblage of the Nobility, Members of the two Houses of Parliament, the Lord Mayor of London, the Court of Aldermen, &c. &c.

His present Majesty having declared himself successor to his late Father, our late highly venerated Soveeign, the Oaths of Allegiance, &c. were administered Viscount Chetwynd, the Clerk of the Council, who afterwards took the same himself, which were administered by Mr. Buller.

His Majesty afterwards commanded a Privy Council to be holden, when all those present, of his late Majesty's Council, were re-sworn Privy Councillors to his present Majesty King George the Fourth, consisting of-

Their Royal Highnesses the Dukes of York, Clarence, Susex, Gloucester, and Prince Leopold, the Archbishep of Canterbury, Lord Eldon, the Duke of Athol, the Marquess of Hertford, the Marquess Wellesley, the Earl of Lauderdale, the Earl of Chatham, the Earl Bathurst, the Farl of Liverpool, the Earl of Mulgrave, Viscount Sidmouth, Viscount Melville, the Duke of Montrose, the Marquess Camden, the Bishop of Lonon, the Speaker of the House of Commons, Sir William Scott, Sir William Grant, Mr. T. Wallace, Mr. Arbuthnot, Mr. N. ansittart, Sir J. Nieholl, Mr. F. J. Robinson, Mr. R. Peel, Mr. S. Bourne, the Hon. C. Bagot, Sir B. Bloomfield, Sir R. Richards, Chief Baron of the Exchequer, the Vice Chancellor, he Lord Chief Justice of the Court of King's Bench, the Lord Chief Justice of the Court of Common Pleas, &c.

A form of Proclamation was then agreed upon for dual since the attack of dysentery with which he was proclaiming his present Majesty, King George the Fourth, Sovereign of the United Kingdom of Great Britain, &c. which was signed by all the above sworn in Privy Councillors. The following were also specially summoned for the occasion by Lord Sidmouth, as Secretary of State for the Home Department, to whom his Lordship read the Proclamation as agreed ipon by the Privy Council, when they also added their

The Earl of Bessborough, Sir Robert Gifford, the Attorney General, Sir John Copley, the Solicitor General, Sir Henry Hotham, Mr. Warren, Chief Justice of Chester, Mr. Banks Lord Ellenborough, the Deans of Westminster, Chester, and Canterbury, Mr. Croker, Sir George Clerk, the Earl of Aylesbury, the Bishop of Carlisle, the Lord Mayor of London, Aldermen Sir Wm. Curtis, Sir John Eamer, Sir J. Perring, Sir James Shaw, — Scholey, Sir W. Domville, Aldermen Birch, Wood, C. Smith, Atkins, Magnay, Cox, Thorp and Rothwell; Sir John Silvester, the Recorder of London; Mr. Knowles, the Common Serjeant; T. Tyrrell, Esq. the Remembrancer; Richard Clark, Esq. the Chamberlain; H. Wood-thorpe, Esq. Town Clerk. The Lord Mayor was attended by his Sword Bearer and Chaplain, &c.

All the Cabinet Ministers of his late Majesty, now town, yesterday morning resigned their credentials of office to Viscount Sidmouth, Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, at his office at Whitehall. His Lordship afterwards presented them to his present Majesty, at Court, when the King was graciously pleased to re-appoint them in their former situations. The Lord Chancellor appeared in a plain dress only, carrying a bag containing the seals of the United Kingdom, which his Lordship resigned to his present Majesty, when the King was graciously pleased to return them, and re-appoint him to his former office. Viscount Melbourne and Colonel Walley were the Lord and Groom in Waiting.

The inquirers of condolence to the King yesterday were very numerous upon the death of his late Majesty Among them were-

Count Lieven, the Russian Ambassador; the Duke de San Carlos, the Spanish Ambassador; Count Palmella, the Portuguese Ambassador; Baron Fagel, the Ambassador from the Neerlands; Count Souza, the Earl of Aylesbury, Sir Robert Wilson, Sir William Adams, the Chevalier Ruspini, Viscount Carleton, Lady Westmeath, the Countess Palmella, Mr. Archer Houblon, the Common Serjeant, &c. &c.

The Duke of Gloucester came to town yesterday morning from his seat at Bagthot Park, to be present at the King's Court, to take the oaths of allegiance and to be sworn in a Member of his Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

Yesterday Mr. Mash, of the Lord Chamberlain's Office, left town for Windsor, by command of his Ma-

A Messenger was sent off early yesterday morning, by Viscount Sidmouth, to Ireland, communicating the melancholy intelligence of the death of the late King. Dispatches were also sent off from the Foreign Office, to our Ambassadors at Foreign Courts, communicating also the melancholy intelligence of the death of the late

The Privy Council sat till near four o'clock in the present Majesty, George the Fourth, King of the United Kingdom; but as the day of his accession to Hume's History on the precedent:the Throne, was the anniversary of the Martyrdom of King Charles I., which is observed by statute as a solemn fast in the ritual of the church service, it was not considered proper to make the Proclamation on that day. It will therefore take place this day. His Majesty will be first proclaimed in the front either of St. James's Palace, or of Carlton House, in the presence of the great Officers of State and Privy Councillors, with the Officers at Arms, all being on foot; after which, the Officers at Arms being mounted on horseback, the like Proclamation will take place at Charing-cross; again, within-side of Temple-bar, again, at the top of Woodwithin-side of Temple-bar, again, at the top of Woodof Wales, Dated Marseilles, Dec. 26, 1819. street in Cheapside, and lastly, at the Royal Exchange The Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord Steward, and the Secretary of State for the Home Department, ought to attend the procession into the City, and assist, by their presence, at the Proclamations.

In the mean time, though postponed yesterday in account of the solemn fast, his Majesty was present at the Privy Council, and received their allegiance; upon which he addressed them in a short speech, which will be published in The Gazette.

According to all former precedent, as we stated in Saturday's Paper, the two Houses of Parliament ought to have assembled yesterday, to swear allegiance to his Majesty King George the Fourth.

The following quotation from Hatsell's Precedents will prove the authority on which we made the asser-

which day both Houses of Parliament met and sat according to the directions of the Statute, though they were then separated by a Prorogation, and were not to have met till the 10th of August. So upon the demise of George the Second, which happened on Saturday the 25th of October, 1760, both Houses net upon the next day, Sunday, the 26th of October, for the ourpose of taking the Oaths, though the Parliament was at that time separated by a Proclamation till the 13th of Nov. The Speaker and such Members as were in town met in what was then called the Court of Wards; but the Duke of Rutland, the Lord Steward, being in the country, and not returning till Wednesday; and there being no deputation existing from his Grace to enable any other person to administer the oaths, the Speaker and Members met on Sunday, Monday, and Tuesday, and having waited till four o'clock each day, departed.

The House of Commons have, upon other occasions, also net and sat upon Sunday. See the 10th of November and 1st of December, 1678, and 27th of April, 1679 .- Hatsell's Precedents, vol. 2. p. 114.

The following proceeding took place:-HOUSE OF LORDS, SUNDAY, JAN. 30. The House assembled in consequence of the demise

of the Crown, notwithstanding the adjournment. The Lord Chancellor entered the House about parter past four o'clock. Prayers were immediately read, after which strangers were admitted; but nothing whatever was done, except putting the question of adjournment, which was agreed to, and the House adourned till to-morrow (this day).

The Archbishop of Canterbury, the Duke of Athol, the Earl Cowper, Lord Lilford, and a few other require at least a month for preparation. No notice Lords were present.

HOUSE OF COMMONS. Soon after one o'clock the Members of the House House that the Lord High Steward would be in at tendance by three to swear in forty of its Members. At a few minutes before four the Speaker of the House of Commons, in his individual character, or without official costume, entered the long gallery, and communicated to the Members assembled, that as the Lord til to-morrow at twelve.

It may become a subject of inquiry, why the Lord Steward of the Household was absent from the House of Commons, and whether it was merely owing to the neglect of publishing Bulletins, when the demise was so unequivocally anticipated. We trust that it cannot be imputed to a political motive of concealment, in the view of an immediate dissolution of Parliament, whereby an advantage of a day or two might be given to the partizans of Ministry. We cannot impute to them so flagrant an indecorum, as that Parliament should be dissolved while the sacred remains of the late King land, the present Parliament may sit for six months, and dispatch the public business, after taking the Oath of Allegiance to his present Majesty; and as the Mutiny Act expires on the 25th of March, a dissolution, even if it should take place by Proclamation this day, would scarcely leave the new Parliament time for deliberation on the renewal of the Act which would prevent the army from disbanding. But that is not all. His late Majesty's faithful and affectionate people ought to be left in a fit disposition to humble themselves at the Altars dedicated to the Almighty, on this severe visitation of Providence, instead of being excited into the tumult and agitation of a general election. We cannot, therefore, give credit to the report which was circulated yesterday, of an immediate dissolution, and to which the dispatch of Messengers in every direction seemed to give credit.

A curious and a delicate emergency arises out of the demise of the late King. We stated two days ago, the copies of letters which we had received from her Royal Highness Caroline, then Princess of Wales. The Bill which was understood to be prepared to be brought into the two Houses on their re-assembling, to be entitled " An Act for her degradation," not having passed, she is now to all intents Queen Consort of the United Kingdom; and entitled to her state and establishment as such. The course of proceeding in the in his later years, secured to him the warm affection and received notices of the death of the late King, and that her present provision of 30,000l. a year was made departed this life on the 15th inst.

To the INDEPENDENT FREEHOLDERS of the COUN- loyalty of every part of the United Kingdom, however | waited upon his present Majesty, at his Palace in Pall- | for her establishment in quality of Princess of Wales. and during only her continuance in that station. Her Majesty is now Queen Consort, without a penny of

Though her Majesty Caroline is essentially Queen Consort, it does not follow that she will be crowned. That must depend on the sign manual to be issued by his Majesty; and there is a remarkable instance in the reign of King Henry VII. who married the Princess Elizabeth, thereby uniting the two Houses of York and Lancaster, but, in his severity, he did not allow afternoon, when they gave orders for proclaiming his her to be crowned for near two years after their espousals. We extract the following paragraph from

After the King had gratified his rigour by the punishment of his enemies, he determined to give contentment to the people in a point which, though a mere ceremony, was passionately desired by them. The Queen had been married near two years, but had not yet been crowned, and this affectation of delay had given great discontent to the public, and had been one principal source of the disaffection which prevailed. The King, instructed by experience, now finished the ceremony of the Coronation 25th Nov. 1437 .- Hurne's History, Edit. 1787, vol. iii. p. 331.

The very curious predicament in which this eminent person is placed by the event of the late King's death, calls upon us to publish the two last letters which we announced, and which we are assured to be genuine.

During the five years of my long absence from my dear old England, I can assure you it has been the first real happy mo ment I felt, having received such satisfactory information ment I feit, having received such satisfactory information re specting the feelings of the people of England towards me. I has been the most gratifying communication to my mind, and trust to Heaven, I shall ever continue to deserve their go opinion. My traducers and enemies in England have again held secret inquisition at Milan, through the means of spies and many old servants, who have been sent from the house for bad con-

A Mr. C-, Mr. P-, a Colonel B-, and Lord Shave been making all sorts of inquiry into my private conduc My legal advisers were informed of this in April last, and I should have gone to London at that period, had I not been otherwise advised, it being the wish of my legal advisers that they should first see me in France. I came to Lyons for that purpose, and after waiting anxiously their arrival for son weeks, I found they could not meet me. The air being to cold for my health, I took the resolution of fixing my wint residence at Marseilles, where I have been two months, an expected to see my legal advisers, but I have been again disap pointed, and Heaven knows when they will be able to meet I have been much alarmed about a rumour relating to our overbeloved and lamented King's health; if, on the event of any thing happening to our revered Monarch, I put my only trus in the generosity of the great nation to protect me from the hands of my enemies. I have the pleasure to inform you that all my debte in England and Italy have been paid. CAROLINE, Princess of Wales.

EXTRACT FROM A LETTER FROM HER ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCESS OF WALES, DATED MARSEILLES, THE 6TH JAN. 1820. I should not have taken up my pen so soon to trouble you, I had not received this morning a letter from Paris, from a par icular friend, which communication stated to me, that the Eng lish Ambassador mentioned the impossibility of his paying me due respect, and assured my friend that the Government at Paris, he feared, would make my residence there far from agreeable and my friend advised me not to visit Paris under such circum stances. I never had any wish to visit that metropolis, but the desire alone of seeing my legal advisers, and that was the sole object of my travelling into France. I am so uncomfortable here, under such a Government, that I intend leaving Marseilles on the 20th of this month, and shall return into Italy. In case my presence should be necessary in England, I will come by sea, and not expose myself to the possibility of being badly received by the family of the Bourbons. The present King, when in a distressed situation, was well received by my late father's Court at Brunswick Palace, and every comfort was offered to him; but such great personages have the talent to forget where they have received civilities. In a strange country I think the daughter should at least have been kindly received without pomp or parade, but in a friendly way; that was all

expected, as I travelled incognito.

CAROLINE, Princess of Wales. As his late Majesty's funeral is to be public, it will was sent to the Theatres from the Lord Chamberlain's Office up to a late hour last night; but we trust that the same humane consideration for the number of families of Commons, in town, began to assemble in the long dependent on the establishments for subsistence, which gallery. It was announced by the Officers of the directed the order on the event of the lamented death of he Duke of Kent, will limit their closure to a few days

It may be right for us to add, that it is an erroneous upposition that all Crown prisoners and others are enitled to their enlargement as a matter of course. The well-known disposition of his Majesty may induce him to make a wide and liberal exercise of his Royal prero-High Steward was not in town they must adjourn un- gative of mercy; but he will be guided by the advice of his confidential servants in the selection of objects.

Every commission held under the Crown must be revived, and the fees to the Lord Chancellor for appendng the Great Seal will amount to a very large sum. It will close the long services of Lord Eldon with a princely fortune.

Mr. FISHER, King's Messenger, set off yesterday morning at three o'clock, with dispatches to Lord CASTLEREAGH, at Lord Suffield's seat in Norfolk His Lordship is expected to arrive in town this day.

Pursuant to orders from the DEAN, the great bell of the Abbey began to toll at one o'clock, and continued to do so during the day, in consequence of the demise of his late MAJESTY; the great bell of ie uninterred. By the Constitutional Law of the St. Margaret's was also tolled during the whole of the We are sorry to say, that Lord HOLLAND was

prevented from attending the Privy Council yesterday, by a severe fit of the gout, which confined him to his chamber. The Right Honourable GEORGE TIERNEY was out

of town.

Saturday afternoon, between two and three o'clock, the Duchess of KENT, with her infant Princess, accompanied by Prince LEOPOLD, arrived at Kensington alace. Prince LEOPOLD afterwards proceeded to Marlborough-house, and from thence to Carlton-house.

Yesterday a Funeral Anthem was performed in Westninster Abbey, by the Gentlemen belonging to the Choir, in consequence of the lamented death of his late Royal Highness the Duke of KENT, after which a very impressive sermon was delivered by the Rev. W. F. BLOMBERG, one of the Prebendaries of the Abbey, and Chaplain to the PRINCE REGENT. An admirable eulogium was pronounced on the character of the lamented deceased. The pulpit was hung with black, and the very Rev. the DEAN and the other Clergy appeared in deep mourning, as did also the masters and scholars of Westminster School.

It is said that Prince LEOPOLD has offered Claremont to his illustrious sister, and that henceforward her Royal Highness will make it her chief residence.

Her Royal Highness the Electress of Hesse, WIL-HELMINA CAROLINE, of Denmark, died at Cassel on the night of the 13th of January. This Princess was born on the 10th of July, 1748, and married the Elector of HESSE on the 1st Sept. 1764.

The Grand Duchess of BADEN is also dead. She

Supplied by the Royal Archives / © Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II 2020

38, 61

with Do. by

Papers respecting the in of at least a week is wa Andalusia correspond wi fortunately no private con make up the important publish, do indeed assure to the Constitutionalists the circumstance is true firmed from Gibraltar known feelings and ch the national troops had city first proclaimed the the last to recede from clude that the inhabita hail the regeneration o at first they were overa force, and the intrigu We do indeed confess satisfactory to have le been hoisted by the 89 then have instantly fo important events we r all doubt, by the arriv ever, acknowledge th of the subjoined letter derived from a Madri We have still no

Notwithstanding the

ments of FERDINAN nels we are informed ville, by the road of took up a position at Malaga, to wait for If so, this moveme light than as the effe tion that Cadiz had not have removed to of insurrection to s spot to which he ha tary lines, in which wait the issue of affi that many of his tionalists, as well as regiment of Canari tillery. The object, and the insurrection in sufficient is already judge for themselve many other details. want confirmation,

We do hear that

opened by the peo

PUEBLA, DAVI

DEYA, CECILIA,

Liberales, releases

are not sufficiently

tired soldiers flock

doubt, and mos TANOS in Catalon have enough on KING in Madrid. conduct themselv consequently pro lost, and they do r ance on either ( tion of these two Viceroy in Mex but was not fam title of Count C. CISNEROS Was Revolution brok shipped away w He was Captain battle of Trafalg the dreadful car Extract of a

We are at length

St. Sabastian's by

to Bordeaux by w Cadiz opened its and that the Cons lemnity in the mu took place. All t been, are governin greatest harmony and in Cadiz the linners, and the on which were th The same letter s troops already am streets of Mrdrid confusion, dread troops stationed i sides almost in operate with the nes not know w the garrison of four of other cav FREYRE WAS asse troops. We sha country.

> deprive myself what I have just ceived its liberat event was celebr and mutual cong for the purpose gone over to the he cannot rely, as that hedy of Patriots as their rities are const Within the cir Chiefs has been are compelled t ner in which th certed and arrai deed easily, for knocked down, Throughout Sp FERDINAND and throw down the has been disgra over the wrong till their patien may argue that but in this they a country in w

where every N

and where th

The work our

er informed tha

Princess of Wales, in that station. Her without a penny of

is essentially Queen she will be crowned. anual to be issued by kable instance in the married the Princess vo Houses of York y, he did not allow o years after their ving paragraph from

was passionately desired fectation of delay had had been one principal ony of the Coronation . 1787, vol. iii. p. 331. which this eminent e late King's death, ast letters which we ed to be genuine.

HIGHNESS THE PRINCESS DEC. 26, 1819. nce from my dear old ne first real happy mo tion to my mind, and to deserve their goo England have again held neans of spies and many

nto my private conduc s in April last, and I eriod, had I not been my legal advisers tha

am so uncomfortable the possibility of being ges have the talent to . In a strange country, e been kindly received. lly way; that was all I

C. Princess of Wales. to be public, it will aration. No notice Lord Chamberlain's but we trust that the number of families r subsistence, which he lamented death of osure to a few days hat it is an erroneous s and others are entter of course. The esty may induce him e of his Royal preroguided by the advice election of objects. the Crown must be

hancellor for appendo a very large sum. Lord Eldon with a er, set off yesterday

dispatches to Lord LD's seat in Norfolk. e in town this day. DEAN, the great bell o'clock, and contithe great bell of ing the whole of the ord HOLLAND was

ry Council yesterday, confined him to his TIERNEY Was out

wo and three o'clock, infant Princess, acarrived at Kensington rwards proceeded to ence to Carlton-house. as performed in Westen belonging to the KENT, after which a ered by the Rev. W. bendaries of the Ab-E REGENT. An add on the character of ulpit was hung with DEAN and the other ning, as did also the ster School.

OLD has offered Clarethat henceforward her chief residence.

ctress of Hesse, WILimark, died at Cassel nuary. This Princess 1748, and married the

pt. 1764. En is also dead. She

MINISTER PROPERTY.

st.

Papers respecting the insurrection in Spain, the interval of at least a week is wanting to make the dates from Andalusia correspond with those from Madrid, and unfortunately no private communications we have received make up the important deficiency. The two letters we publish, do indeed assure us that Cadiz had openedits gates o the Constitutionalists, and we have every reliance that the circumstance is true, but we wonder it is not confirmed from Gibraltar and other points. From the known feelings and character of the people of Cadiz, the national troops had every thing to expect; that city first proclaimed the Constitution in 1812, and was the last to recede from it; it is natural therefore to conclude that the inhabitants would not be backward to hail the regeneration of their country, notwithstanding at first they were overawed by the presence of a military force, and the intrigues of FERDINAND's adherents. We do indeed confess, that it would have been more satisfactory to have learnt that the national flag had been hoisted by the squadron, as the fate of Cadiz must then have instantly followed; but respecting these two important events we may daily expect to be put out of all doubt, by the arrival of the Lisbon Mail. We, however, acknowledge that our confidence in the purport of the subjoined letter is increased by its not having been

derived from a Madrid source. We have still nothing official denoting the movements of FERDINAND's party. Through various channels we are informed that General FREYRE left Seville, by the road of Ossuna, with 3,000 cavalry, and took up a position at Antequera, seven leagues N. of Malaga, to wait for the troops expected from Granada. If so, this movement can be considered in no other light than as the effect of weakness, and as a confirmation that Cadiz had surrendered, otherwise he would not have removed to such a distance, and left the flame of insurrection to spread without resistance. On the spot to which he has directed his march, there are military lines, in which perhaps he will fortify himself, and wait the issue of affairs. It however appears confirmed that many of his troops had joined the Constitutionalists, as well as other corps, and among them the regiment of Canaries, which had a fine train of artillery.

The object, and to a certain extent, the progress of the insurrection in Spain, cannot now be mistaken; sufficient is already before the public to enable them to judge for themselves. We will acknowledge we possess many other details, but we withhold them because they want confirmation, and some we consider premature. We do hear that the prisons in Granada have been opened by the people, and that MANIAN, Count de la PUEBLA, DAVILA, MANUEL CALDERON, DAN-DEYA, CECILIA, CASTRO, and other distinguished Liberales, released from confinement, but our reports are not sufficiently authenticated. That numbers of retired soldiers flock to the national standard is beyond doubt, and most assuredly ELIO in Valencia, CAS-TANOS in Catalonia, and ESPILETA in Navarre, will have enough on their hands without thinking of the

On all hands it is acknowledged the national party conduct themselves with moderation, and their cause consequently prospers. Few lives have hitherto been lost, and they do not appear to have wreaked their vengeance on either CALLEGA or CISNEROS. The situation of these two men is curious. The former was late Viceroy in Mexico, where he made a large fortune, but was not famed for his humanity. He received the title of Count CALDERON for a victory gained there. CISNEROS was Viceroy of Buenos Ayres when the Revolution broke out there, and was very peaceably shipped away when the first Junta was established .-He was Captain of the Santissima Trinidad at the battle of Trafalgar, if we remember well, and ever since the dreadful cannonading of that day has been deaf.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, January 25:-We are at length relieved from our doubts with regard to the lterior events which followed the insurrection of the expedionary troops. A letter from Madrid of the 14th, arrived at St. Sabastian's by express, and from thence immediately sent off to Bordeaux by water, gives us the welcome intelligence, that Cadiz opened its gates on the 5th to the constitutional troops, and that the Constitution was proclaimed with the greatest solemnity in the municipality, and not the smallest act of violence took place. All the towns in which the troops are, and have been, are governing themselves in a constitutional manner. The greatest harmony prevails between the soldiers and the people; and in Cadiz the merchants were giving sumptuous and public inners, and the corners of the tables were adorned with flags, on which were the words of "Long live the Constitution."-The same letter states, that the number of the constitutional troops already amounts to 24,000, and they hope soon to see the streets of Mrdrid thronged with 20,000 more. At Court all is confusion, dread and despair. There are no means of moving troops stationed in distant provinces, where the people are be sides almost in open commotion, and supposed ready to cooperate with their countrymen already in arms. FERDINAND does not know whom to trust. The infantry regiment of Soria the garrison of Cadiz), two squadrons of Carabineros Reales, four of other cavalry, all the artillery of the army that General FREYER was assembling, have gone over to the constitutional troops. We shall still again see our wretched but beloved

country. Notwithstanding, ere you receive this, you are perhaps beter informed than myself of the origin, progress, and state of be constitutional resurrection of our beloved country, I cannot deprive myself of the satisfaction of communicating to yo what I have just learnt. Cadiz has opened its gates, and received its liberators with all the effusions of joy, and the happy event was celebrated by every possible testimony of rejoicing and mutual congratulation. Of the troops Fazyre had collected for the purpose of putting down the insurrection, many have gone over to the Constitutionalists, and even on the remainder he cannot rely, not even on the Carabineros, highly privileged as that body of men is by the Kmg. The people embrace the Patriots as their deliverers wherever they pass, and new authorities are constituted with the greatest ease and regularity. Within the circle of their actions, the conduct of the new Chiefs has been moderate and patriotic; this even their enemie are compelled to confess. As their object is legal, and the manner in which this can be best promoted, has been long preconcerted and arranged, every thing goes on methodically, and indeed easily, for they have only to put up what so lately was knocked down, and all the materials are ready and at hand. Throughout Spain it has been determined to open those prisons FERDINAND and his agents have filled with victims, as well as to throw down that system of government, by which our country has been disgraced. Spaniards have long meditated in silence over the wrongs of their country, which have gone on increasing till their patience was at last exhausted. Some foreign nations may argue that this delay was a sign of degradation, of apathy but in this they were mistaken. Much was to be prepared in a country in which we could neither priot, speak, or even sigh where every Monk and Inquisitor was a spy over our actions, and where the Patriots were secluded from each other. The work ought indeed to have been done last July, but 

Notwithstanding the copious contents of the French | unfortunately we were then made the victims of a perjured | appears disposed to dissolve his Ministry, and to pronounce | traitor. We then formed the project of turning the expedition | frankly in favour of the Constitutional regime. traitor. We then formed the project of turning the expedition FERDINAND was preparing for America into salvation for our own country; how this was frustrated the world already knows. But Spaniards are constant, and persevere. How-FERDINAND must now feel, when he looks to the past, it would be easy to imagine. The cries of those who have died on the rack, and others immured in prisons, must now ring in his ears.— Will he now call on his inquisitors for aid? Kings taught who are deaf to the clamours and sufferings of their people, and place themselves in opposition to the laws. FERDI-NAND, the ingrate, will, as such, be transmitted down to poste-But what a scene for his new wife to witness; will she not wish herself home? The confusion in Madrid cannot be described; so much so, that the Ambassador here scarcely knows what is going on, or even how the important health of the Princes and Princesses is. The clerks are too much occupied to write to him. In short, we shall soon hear of important events, and possibly those numerous exiles will be restored to the country from which they have been driven, and those patriotic individuals embrace again their families, who have been cast into castles and dungeons for no other reason than rescuing Spain from the hands of an Usurper, and wishing to their native land that reform of which it stood so much in need.

We received on Saturday and yesterday the Paris Papers of Wednesday and Thursday last. The Moniteur of Wednesday contains a Royal Ordonnance, placing the Porte-feuille of the Ministry of Justice in the hands of the Count SIMEON, during the absence of M. de SERRE. There had been no meeting of the Chambers; the Committees of the Deputies had assembled, and the Committee of Petitions had appointed the Prince de BROGLIE and the Baron MECHIN to make two Reports to the Chamber, but the day for the next public sitting was not fixed. It was said, however, that the projet respecting the Law of Elections was to be presented on Monday or Tuesday. The KING held a Council of Ministers on Wednesday, which was attended by the Count DECAZES. M. de SERRE, the Keeper of the Seals, set out for Nice on Wednesday morning.

We give in another column the particulars afforded by these Journals respecting the state of affairs in Spain, upon which we have remarked in a separate paragraph. It is stated in the Gazette de France, that on the demand of the Spanish Ambassador, two French vessels had sailed from Rochefort, to make a cruise of observation off Bayonne.

The Landgrave of HESSE HOMBURG died in the ight of the 20th instant. The following are extracts from the French Papers:

INSURRECTION IN SPAIN.

INSURRECTION IN SPAIN.

[FROM THE GAZETTE DE FRANCE.]

On the 1st of January, the battalion of Asturias, commanded by D. Riego, proclaimed the Constitution at Las Cabezas, the place where it was stationed and appointed Constitutional Alcades. In the night, it began its march towards head-quarters, which were at Arcos del la Frontera, where the battalion del General joined it. The General in Chief of the expedition, Count Calderon, the Chief of the Staff, Major-Gen. Fournas, Gen. Salvador, and other officers of the army, and of the Administration, were arrested and confined in a cortijo, or farmhouse, a small distance from the town. The battalions of the regiments of Espana, Arragon, Corona and Seville, seconded the insurrectionary movement: they advanced upon the Isle of Leon, and in the direction of Cadiz; but when they arrived at the Cortadura (an entrenchment dug during the revolutionary war), within about half, a league of the city, they were stopped by a handful of soldiers belonging to the garrison, and some of the City militia. Cadiz manifested, in a distinguished manner, its enthusiasm and fidelity towards the King: the ships hoisted the royal colours; and the marines on board the different vessels immediately landed to defend the City. Defeated in this coup immediately landed to defend the City. Leteated in this coup-le main, the further operations of the national army (for so they tryle themselves) were frustrated. The chief command of this urmy has been bestowed upon Colonel Zutroga, who was de-srived of his military rank after the affair of the 6th July. (Thisefers to the seditious movements in the camp de la Victoire, at ort St. Mary, which were suppressed by General Count l'Asbal.)
The first accounts of the insurrection were sent to Madrid by

The first accounts of the insurrection were sent to Madrid by General Ferraz, commanding the cavalry at Utrara. The Court immediately ordered that General Freyre, who was at Seville, should take the provisional command of the army. This arrangement, however, had already been adopted by the Council of Generals. Nothing particular has transpired up to the present moment, except that the troops are descring from the ranks of the mal-contents. It is thought, however, that the artillery and the battalion of the Canaries have passed over to their side. This evening they announce, that the cavalry remaining faithful to the King, had entered Port St. Mary. The revolters are at the Isle of Leon, Chiclana, Puerto Real, Arcos, and Bornos. The Generals are enclosed in the castle Santi-Petri.

The courier from Cadiz did not arrive at Madrid either on the 10th or the 13th.

The authorities at Seville were extremely active in maintain-

the 10th or the 13th.

The authorfties at Seville were extremely active in maintaining the fidelity of the troops. The inhabitants were quite indifferent, and took no part either one way or the other.

In truth, this commotion will end badly, for the leaders. It may be relied upon, however, that it will cause the expedition to South America to be renounced: the trans-atlantic rebels, therefore, will be the only gainers.

The following was posted at Seville on the 6th inst.:—

"Don' Isidora Sanz de Velasco, Councillor of his Majesty, and Regent par interim of L'Audiencia (Royal Court) of this town, in the name of the constituted authorities of the province, assembled in this capital, makes known to its loyal and faithful inhabitants, that this day, at 3 A. M., he received through an extraordinary channel, a dispatch from Urara, written by M. P. Simo, Councillor of the Royal Audiencia, who is in that town on his Majesty's service, in which he announces to the Junta of the Authorities of the Province assembled at Seville, the interesting and agreeable intelligence that Cadiz had closed its gates to the revolutionary troops, and resisted their injuitous projects, and that after having been replaced they had shamefully taken to flight. He adds that a purpose of the woollen branch, is adiz had closed its gates to the revolutional training been resulted, they had shamefully taken to flight. He adds, that a reneral discharge of artillery had taken place in that port, in oken of its fidelity to the King, and that he hastens to commudicate this news to the Junta for its satisfaction, and that of the habitants of Seville.

" ISIDORA SANZ DE VELASCO.

"Seville, January 5, 1820.

"By order of his Lordship,

"J. NEPOMUCENA FERNANDER Y ROSCES." Our Correspondent at Bayonne has transmitted to us, under date of the 20th instant, the copy of another letter from Madrid, of the 14th, by which it would appear, that the rebels have taken possession of Cadiz. The revolt of the infantry regiment of Soria, and of three squadrons of cavalry, of which two were Royal Carabineers, it is represented, had decided this success of the rebels. The same letter says, that the Constitution was instantly explained. on was instantly proclaimed in Cadiz, and that the constitu-ion was instantly proclaimed in Cadiz, and that the oaths in its avour were taken at the Town-house. It is added, that the perchants had given a grand banquet to the civil and military uthorities, and that the insurgent forces amounted already to

We give the above extract with very great mistrust, although Bayonne, on the departure of the courier; we think it, at least, full of exaggeration. The ordinary post, which will arrive here the day after to-morrow (the 27th inst.) will bring the Madrid correspondence up to the 17th inst., and relieve our disquietude

(PROM THE CONSTITUTIONNEL.)

The news from Spain continues to be alarming, as affecting the Spanish Government.

The effective of the Insurgent force is now estimated at 24,000 men, exclusively of a great number of citizens, who are ready to take up arms. A private letter says, that they are

in Cadiz.

It is confidently asserted, that when the conference between the Insurgent-Chiefs and General Freyre closed, the former offered him battle, which the General refused.

King Ferdinand, on appointing M. Freyre General in Chief of the Army and Captain-General of Andalusia, conferred upon him unlimited powers. Amongst the instructions given him, there is one, the tenor of which proves how far events and the opinions of the provinces in general, have changed the spirit of his Majesty's Councils. It is affirmed, that General Freyre is authorised to offer to the Insurgents, in the name of the King, a formal Constitution.

formal Constitution.

Notwithstanding the affected silence of the Ministerial Jourhals on the affairs of Spain, our Government does not appear to regard them with indifference; it has to-day (the 25th inst.) despatched an extraordinary courier to its Charge d'Affaires at Midr. d. with instructions. spatched an extraordinary courier to its Charge
Madrid, with instructions.
It is asserted that, at the solicitation of the Spanish Ambasdor, two French ships of war have left Rochefort to cruise near Bayonne, and to remain there in observation.

(FROM THE INDEPENDENT.)

Ten p. m.—Letters from Madrid, dated the 15th inst. announce, that the King of Spain, better advised than hitherto,

Tuesday, 72f. 20c. - Wednesday, 72f. 35c. Tuesday. Wednesday. Defences Stock of the 22d March, 1817, 95f. 30c. ......95f. 35c.

22d March, 1818, No price 22d Sept. 1818, 22d March, 1819, 32d March, 1819, 35f. 20c......85f. 35c

Two Hamburgh Mails arrived last night with Papers o the 22d instant. The following are extracts:-ST. PETERSBURGH, DEC. 31. The cold continues to be very severe, and if

much longer duration, it will very likely equal that of 1793 when crows and other birds fell dead from the air. A school on the system of Lancaster has been established at Irkutzk, in Siberia.

St. Petersburge, Jan. 4. Last year there arrived at Cronstadt 1092 ships of differen nations, of which 30 wintered here. Among these slips were-English, 609; Russians, 24; Prussians, 90; Swedish, 85; Norweglan, 17; Dutch, 93; Mecklenberg, 21; Danish, 58; Hanoverian, 25; French, 25; Portuguese, 2; Spanish, 5; Lubeck, 50; Hamburgh, 4; Bremen, 6; Oldenburgh, 8; American, 55.

It is expected that the sittings of the Assembly of the States will not be ended this time in less than three months. The cold is now at 21 (Reaumur); some poor people have been frozen to death, others have had their ears frozen off.

The two Chambers sit daily, but the public have not yet learned any thing respecting their deliberations. The proposal of the Assembly of the States to make the public acquainted with the debates and resolutions of both Chambers, by printing and publishing extracts from the Journals, is said to have been approved of by the Government, and we, therefore, hope that the printing of these extracts will soon commece.

Hamburgh, Jan. 21.

An Edict relative to the Censorship of Books, &c. has been issued by the Danish Government for the Duchies of Holstein and Lauenburg. Only books exceeding twenty printed sheets are excepted. are excepted. Exchange on London, Jan. 21.—35. 45.—35. 75.

The Englishman of yesterday says—

The sales of Stock made during the week have been unusually large, and have originated in that class of persons who have the credit of possessing very accurate information on subjects that are likely to affect the value of the Government securities. The basis on which these speculations rest is imperfectly known, even in the City. They have originated in the knowledge of an alarming deficiency in the revenue for the present quarter, which, we are assured, on competent authority, has fallen off in the 17 days, from the 5th to the 22d of this month, no less than 520,000l. compared with the corresponding quarter of 1819. The deficiency in the Excise amounts to 400,000l. and that in the Cusciency in the Excise amounts to 400,000l. per annum, is calculated, without some explanation assigning a local or temporary cause, to produce considerable alarm. Our information on that subject is not so complete and specific as it is on the question of deficiency; but it has been suggested that the latter's owing to the strenuous exertions made at the closs of the last quarter, to present the return of the revenue in the most flourishing state possible. The credit given for the payment of duties, it is well known, has in all instances been greatly abridged; added to which, by a new regulation adopted by the Scotch Banks, the duties from that part of the United Kingdom have been remitted in bills drawn at 21 days, instead of 45 days, the period at which they were previously made payable. It is unnecessary to point out the tendency this practice would have to increase the revenue in the quarter in which it was first adopted, though it would have the subsequent effect of lessening in ap-The Englishman of yesterday saysthe revenue in the quarter in which it was first adopted, hough it would have the subsequent effect of lessening in appearance the produce of the quarter which followed is introduction. It is even said, in addition to these modes of encouraging pearance the produce of the quarter which are the notion. It is even said, in addition to these modes of encouraging the notion of temporary prosperity, that bills to a large amount, remitted on account of duties, and not payable till the commencement of the present quarter, have been placed to the account of the last, contrary to the usual custom, which has hitherto invariably been not to carry them to account till actually paid. Admitting our statement of the present deficiency to be correct, the circumstances above-mentioned form the most favourable explanation of the cause that can be assigned, and in that case, the effect having probably ceased by this time, the revenue may be expected to go on to the end of the quarter without disclosing a greater comparative diminution than at present. On the other hand, it is asserted that there has been no anticipation of revenue, but that the regular practice has been strictly adhered to, the deficiency is indeed alarming. The endless doubts and disputes in the City on the subject of the been strictly adhered to, the deficiency is indeed alarming. I endless doubts and disputes in the City on the subject of revenue, on account of the imperfect and unintelligible mann in which the reports are laid before the public, by encouraging speculation, have become an evil of so great a magnitude, it we are certain any independent Member of the House of Company the could work a reform to that department on the we are certain any independent Member of the House of Commons who could work a reform in that department only, would render a most essential service. The steadiness of the funds, during the great sales that have occurred, is very remarkable. The lowest price of the week, in Consols for the account, has been 676, and the highest 683. The same stack closed yesterday at 68, sellers. The new Act of Parliament, which has been the subject of so much discussion, for the payment in billion, by the Bank, at the rate of 81s, for the ounce of gold, will be in force on Tuesday next. but if the precious metals and the explanation on Tuesday next; but if the precious metals and the exchanges remain at their present quotations, gold and silver being at the Mint price, and the Exchanges but little below pa, it will be a

By the Icarus sloop of war, which arived at Rio Janeiro on the 20th November, intelligence from Valparaiso to the 28th September is communicated. Advices had been received from Lord COCHRINE, stating his safe arrival at Coquimbo on the 18th of that month, where he took on board 800 troops, and had again

The Fly sloop arrived on Saturday lat from St. Thomas's, which she left on the 20th December. Col. URSLAR, who had been deputed to organize the British troops remaining at Margarita previous to their embarkation for the Spanish Main, had been taken prisoner by a royalist vessel near the mouth of the Orinoco. It was hoped, however, that his safety would be ensured by the exchange for an officer of equal rank. No intelligence had been received from the armies in

A letter from Leeds, of the 24th inst. says-A letter from Leeds, of the 24th inst. says—
This town, so long justly famous for the extent of its manufactures, particularly in the woollen branch, is, it seems, to become a permanent military station. Four acres of land, on the Roundhay-road, adjacent to the town, have been purchased for the erection of barracks, which are to be proceeded on immediately, and completed with all possible dispatch. The volunteering system, it seems, does not meet with the success which had been anticipated, and therefore a strong body of regulars, horse and foot, are to be constantly stationed here.

We extract the following paragraph from The Nor-We extract the following paragraph from The Nor-

We extract the following paragraph from the Frozenick Mercury:—

The Reporters of The Times and Morning Chronicle, having attributed to another Paper the allusion made to the writings of the Editor of this Journal by Mr. Cork, at the Fox Dinner, we have deemed it a point of duty to inquire of that gentleman for whom the compliment was intended; and we have his authority for stating in this manner, that he alluded to the Postscripts of The Norwich Mercury. Several Noblemen and dendemen, amongst whom was included Mr. Cork, had signified a few days ago only to the Editor, their desire to see the Postscripts of The Norwich Mercury published in a collected form, coupled with their assurances of the amplest support, and the Editor was in correspondence with the Nobleman, who honoured him by becoming the medium of communication upon the subject.

We cheerfully correct the error. The fact is, that

We cheerfully correct the error. The fact is, that the gentlemen who report for the Morning Papers of London, are not in the constant habit of seeing the Provincial Journals, as the Evening Papers, by the daily arrival of the post, are able to anticipate the news they contain. But we have occasionally seen The Norwich Mercury, and can bear our testimony to the spirited and constitutional observations of the able Editor contained in his Postscripts.

The Norwich Mercury says—
One of the London Papers has most grossly attacked the conduct of his Royal Highness the Duke of Sussex, on the ground of the absence of proper feeling towards his lamented brother, evinced in his attending the Fox dinuer. We have the authority of a gentleman to state, that the terms of the dispatch which his Royal Highness received from Sidmouth, on Monday, just previous to the sinner, was such as to impress the most complete conviction that the most favourable change had taken place, and that the crisis of his Royal Highness's disorder was past.

If any doubt could have been maintained in regard to he authenticity of NAPOLEON'S Memoirs, the quesion has been set at rest by the high authority of the Duke of Wellington, who has publicly declared, that "no man could have written the account of the battle of Waterloo but Napoleon himself." It is perhaps the most picturesque and impressive description

THE MIRROR OF FASHION.

THE VERY AGE AND BODY OF THE TIME,

The Duke of DEVONSHIRE is expected in town on Thursday from his seat, Chatsworth, Derbyshire.

The Marquess Camben arrived yesterday at his house in Arington-street, from his seat, the Wilderness, Kent.

Lord Grenville arrived yesterday at his house in Hamilton-blace from his seat. Decouvers Lodge Ruche. Place from his seat, Dropmore Lodge, Bucks.

Arrivals at Warren's Hotel, Regent-street:—Lord and Lady
RIVERSDALE from the seat of Owen Williams, Esq. M.P. Temple House, Great Marlow, Bucks; Sir Wm. and Lady Twys-

Departures from Brunet's Hotel, Leicester-square:—The Count DE FELTRE to Paris; Monsieur and Madame Perit from ditto; Sir W. S. Lalley, Bart, and his Bride on a tour.

Our readers will be delighted to learn, that a new Collection of Songs to national airs, by THOMAS MOORE, Esq. is just published by Mr. Power, in the Strand, with symphonies and accompaniments by Mr. BISHOP.

The following exquisitely beautiful ballad will shew that this favourite of the Muses has lost none of his poetic fancy, tenderness and taste.

LOVE AND HOPE. Swiss Air.

At morn, beside you summer sea, Young Hope and Love reclin'd; But scarce had noon-tide come when he Into his bark leap'd smilingly, And left poor Hope behind-And left poor Hope behind. I go, said Love, to sall awhile Across this sunny main; And then so sweet his parting smile, That Hope, who never dream'd of guile, Believ'd he'd come again-Believ'd he'd come again. She linger'd there till evening's beam Along the waters lay; And o'er the sands, in thoughtful dream, Oft traced his name, which still the stream As often wash'd away-As often wash'd away. At length a sail appears in sight, And tow'rd the maiden moves : 'Tis Wealth that comes, and, gay and bright, His golden bark reflects the light ;-But ah! it is not Love's-But ah! it is not Love's. Another sail-'twas Friendship show'd Her night-lamp o'er the sea; And calm the light that lamp bestow'd,

> And where, alas! was he? Now fast, around the sea and shore, Night threw her darkling chain; The sunny sails were seen no more; Hope's morning dreams of Love were o'er-Love never came again-Love never came again.

But Love had lights that warmer glow'd,

And where, alas! was he?-

MOZART.-This celebrated composer left, at his death, a son of only a few months old. Abbe Voyler and M. Albrechsbergen, have given him a musical education. At a concert given in the Berlin Theatre, on the 7th of January, this young man performed on the piano several pieces of his own composition, which discover talents of the first order, both for composition and

RUSSIAN LITERATURE .- M. Gneditoch, Deputy Librarian at Petersburgh, has translated Homer into Russian hexameter. A Russian translation of the Lives of Plutarch has been also made; it is to consist of fourteen volumes-six have already appeared. The Attic Nights of Aulus Gellius, and also Cornelius Nepos, have been translated. M. Alexander de Stourdza, published, last year, a Greek Instructor for the use of pupils. These different works promise the happiest results.

Mr. Henry Andrews, the Editor of Moore's Almanack, died at Royston, in Hertfordshire, on Wednesday

nack, died at Royston, in Hertfordshire, on Wednesday last, in the 76th year of his age.

From a Correspondent.—The unexampled distress which prevails among both the parents and children of the St. Giles's Irish Free School, 25, George-street, has, we are happy to hear, been in a great measure alleviated by the generous bounty of a British Public. The subscriptions for their relief have enabled the Committee of Management, of whom Sir Digby Mackworth, Bart. is President, not only to furnish the children (270 in number) with two new suits of clothes, one for Sundays, and the other to be worn every day; but also to provide them with four good dinners in the week, exclusive of bread and coals. to a large amount, distributed amongst the parents. and coals, to a large amount, distributed amongst the parents.

The merits of this excellent establishment have not escaped the notice of Mrs. Coutts, nor have the miseries of the poor

missed the prisoners from his service, and heard them say that they did not care a fig for him, and that they would ruin his

Mr. Smith gave similar evidence, and added, that he had proposed to the prisoners to leave the neighbourhood, and that he would be induced to be lenient to them, but they laughed at all he could do, and insulted him.

The prisoners, in their defence, denied in its most material points the evidence of Edwards and Mr. Smith, but assigned

points the evidence of Edwards and Mr. Smith, but assigned to reason whatever for their conduct.

Mr. Evance (after a consultation with his brother Magistrate, and the Learned Counsel for the prosecution) said, he would inflict upon them the slightest punishment the law allowed, and accordingly they were all committed to the House of Correction, to be there kept to hard labour for one month.

The prisoners asked if they could be admitted to bail? Mr. Evance said, certainly, if the bail was ready to be tendered on conviction; but that not being the case, they were committed.

Friday evening Mr. Bird, a genteman residing in Woodstock-street, Oxford-street, returning home along Davies-street, was met by two ill-looking fellows, one of whom knocked him

CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

COURT OF KING'S BENCH—Jan. 20.
This being Crown-paper day, the Court was occupied the whole morning in arguments upon parish settlement cases, none of which were of public interest.

of which were of public interest.

CRIMINAL INFORMATION.

Mr. Gunney moved for a rule to show cause why a criminal information should not be filed against a respectable fariner, named Sewell. The motion was made on behalf of a magistrate of the county of Norfolk, whose name the Learned Counsel did not mention. It appeared, from the affidavits, that an information having been laid before the magistrate against two sons of Mr. Sewell, and another person, for offences under the Turnpike Act, they were convicted by the magistrate, in the execution of his duty. A few days afterwards Mr. Sewell met the magistrate in the road, and said to him, "I should like to know what you must feel after serving my sons so." The magistrate replied, "If you ask me a civil question I will answer you."—The other rejoined, "I think it a very civil question; but if you wish any explanation of what I mean now, neighbour, I tell you that you are a great scoundrel." The magistrate immediately said, "These are words you must answer for elsewhere. I must bring you before the Court of King's Bench." Mr. Sewell went on, "You may bring me where you please, but I think you a scoundrel, and I will tell you so wherever I meet you." CRIMINAL INFORMATION.

The CHIEF JUSTICE—Take a rule to shew cause. PETTYFOGGING PRACTICES.

IN THE MATTER OF RICHARD PETER SMITH, GENT.

It will be recollected that in last Term the Salicitor-General moved for a rule to shew cause why Mr. Richard Peter Smith, an attorney, should not be struck off the rolls of this Court, for certain misconduct in a case of Deverell v. Bellis, in which he was retained to defend the defendant. On Tuesday last the case, which stood in the presentation was called on for some was retained to defend the defendant. On Tuesday last the case, which stood in the peremptory paper, was called on for argument, when Mr. Reader shewed cause against the rule; but the Court, under the circumstances of the case, directed the affidavits on both sides to be referred to the Master, for him to make his report whether the charges imputed to Mr. Smith were we founded.
Master Le Blane now made his report, affirming the charges

Master Le Blane now made his report, affirming the charges to be well proved by the affidavits.

The case against Mr. Smith was in substance this:—He had been retained in several causes at the suit of different defendants, and amongst others, for a Mrs. Bellis. The cause of action having arisen at Leicester, where Mr. Smith had lately established himself as an attorney, it was necessary to put in ball by affidavit. Notice of ball was given as by a widow, residing in Leicester, and a man named John Wheatley, whom Mr. Smith swore in his affidavit to be his clerk. It turned out that the widow woman, of whom notice had been given, had never intended to become bail for Mrs. Bellis, but for some other person, and that Wheatley was not Smith's clerk, but a manufacturer of silk, carrying on business at Leicester. The Master, therefore, reported, that the case was made out against Mr. Smith.

mith.

The Court therefore made the rule absolute for striking him. The Court therefore made the rule absolute for striking him off the rolls. In the course of the proceedings it appeared, that the affidavit of justification was made before a commissioner for taking ball in the country. In the jurat the names of three deponents were written as having been sworn before the commissioner, whereas only one person was in point of fact sworn. Under these circumstages.

der these circumstances,
The Court now made an order, that no affidavit sworn before the said commissioner shall be received in this Court, until the further order of the Court, after notice of this order be served upon him.

The Court of Assize at Paris has been the theatre of some proceedings not devoid of interest. Gossuin, editor of the Bibliotheque Historique, was tried for blasphemy on Monday. M. Lafitte was foreman of the Jury, who, after long discussion by the Counsel, and a deliberation of three quarters of an hour among themselves, brought in a verdict of acquittal. Another Jury acquitted the Constitutionnel of a similar charge as that for which the Editor of the Bibliotheque was tried, and on the same day.

During the whole of this month, the four brightest

planets of our system, Venus, Jupiter, Saturn and Mars, may be seen together, soon after sun-set, if the atmosphere is clear.

The Exeter market has, for the last three weeks, been almost filled with woodcocks, plovers, wild ducks, and teal, which sold at prices so low, that they were purchased by the lower classes, as cheaper than flesh

Assassination of the Viceroy of Fez.—We have received Assassination of the Vicegor of Fez.—We have received advices from the dominions of the Emperor of Morocco, dated the end of last month, which state, that the Moors had been so incensed against the Viceroy of Fez, for some arbitrary measures which he had thought proper to adopt, that they attacked him openly at the doors of his palace, assassinated him, and afterwards tore his body in pieces. The same advices add, that the plague had entirely subsided in Barbary.

On Friday morning, the body of Mr. Tomlin, stone-mason, of Mount-street, Grosvenor-square, was discovered in the Grand

On Friday morning, the body of Mr. Tomlin, stone-mason, On Friday morning, the body of Mr. Tomlin, stone-mason, of Mount-street, Grosvenor-square, was discovered in the Grand Junction Canal, near Wilsdon Green. Mr. Tomlin, it may be recollected, was collector of King's taxes for the district, or parish, in which he resided. About two months ago, being called upon to make a payment to the Commissioners of 1000l. and being unprovided with that sum, he became so agitated in his mind, that without consulting his friends, or neighbours, who would have made up the deficiency, he left his home, and was not heard of until found in the canal as above stated. Notwithstanding the long period his body must have lain in the water, the features of his face were very little altered, but were easily recognised by his friends. This singular preservation is attributed to the late intense frost. After Mr. Tomlin's disappearance, his affairs were investigated; and the result is, that after buted to the late intense frost. After Mr. Tomlin's disappea ance, his affairs were investigated; and the result is, that after payment of his debts, and the deficiency in question, there will remais assets to the amount of several thousands for his family. Mr. Lemon, a grocer, residing in Gravel-lane, Southwark on Saturday attended before the Magistrata

and coals, to a long cannount, distributed amongst the parents, and coals, to a long cannot be moticed to the motice of the state of the control of

Judge upon the subject.

Mr. Thomas said, that he was determined to move the Court of King's Bench next week, for an Habeas Corpus.

The Magistrate discharged the complaint.

The following is the copy of a letter produced by the At-

The following is the copy of a text torney:—
"Dear Husband,—I received your softowful letter, which has increased my unhappiness beyond expression. I never shall enjoy one moment's happiness till I am with you. My father has no feeling for either you or me; he has sworn that I never shall either see or write to you again. God of heaven! how can shall either see or write to you again. God of heaven! how can a father wish to drive his daughter to madness: it has almost overwhelmed me. I can tell your feelings by my own. Oh, heavens! I wish I could break out of this place, I never would return; but he will not let me go for a moment out of his sight. Correction, to be there kept to hard labour for one month.

The prisoners asked if they could be admitted to bail? Mr. Evance said, certainly, if the bail was ready to be tendered on conviction; but that not being the case, they were committed.

Friday evening Mr. Bird, a gent eman residing in Woodstock-street, Oxford-street, returning home along Davies-street, was met by two ill-looking fellows, one of whom knocked him down, and after beating and ill-using him very much, they robbed him of his watch and other property, with which they ran off. They were pursued with the cry of "Stop thief!" and the watchman took them into custody. The following are the names of the Jurors impanelled to try te political causes this morning:—

J. Halham, of Turton W. Higson, of Rumworth Law. Hall, of Openshaw Broadhead, of Salford, G. Tipping, of Openshaw J. Heywood, of Moss Side R. Heywood, of Moss Side

Joseph Shaw, whose case had been especially reserved for

Joseph Shaw, whose case had been especially reserved for this day, not appearing, Thomas Mellon was put to the Bar, and charged with assulting Henry Withington, at Pendleton, on the 16th of August. On coming to the Bar he said, "Gentlemen, I submit," meaning that he retracted the plea of Not Guilty, which he made at the last Sessions.

Mr. Ashworth now briefly stated the case. It appeared that Mr. Withington, who is a brother of Captain W., of the Manchester Yeomatry, was one of the constables ordered by the Magistrates to turn the company out of the public-houses on the memorable 16th of August. In the execution of this he went, with other constables, to Pendleton, where he found a number of people throwing stones opposite the Hare and Hounds. The prisoner was very active among them, and he endeavoured to seize him. The prisoner struck him and tore his coat, but he succeeded in apprehending him.

reded in apprehending him. the Rev. Chairman said, that the Court having taken into nsideration his contrition, and the length of time he had been prisoned, would only require him to pay a fine of 6s. 8d. to King, and to find sureties to keep the peace, himself in 201.

the King, and to find sureties to keep the peace, himself in 201, and two others in 101. each.

He shortly after produced his sureties, and was discharged.

John Charlton, shopman of Mr. Wroe, printer of The Observer, was then put to the Bar, and Mr. Starkir opened the case. He stated that the prisoner was indicted for having published, on the 11th of September, a libel, contained in The Manchester Observer, under the form of an advertisement, in which he endeavoured to bring the soldiers into public hatred, contempt and disgrace, and accused the said soldiers of being guilty of numerous inhuman murders, and of having exercised enormous cruelties. The libel itself was entitled "Peter-loo Massacre!!" and related to the forthcoming publication of a book, bearing the same title, which, it said, contained "a full and true account of the inhuman murders, woundings, and other monstrous cruelties, exercised by a set of infernals, miscalled soldiers, upon an unarmed people." It farther called the same soldiers "bands of armed ruffians, who murdered many, and cut and maimed others in a horrid manner." He concluded by leaving the case to Mr. Williams. aving the case to Mr. Williams.

Mr. Williams.

Mr. Williams.

Mr. Williams said, that if any one thought that the present case involved any public question, he was very much mistaken. None of the principles on which the liberty of the press was founded were affected. In this case, he observed, there was nothing but plain and unvarnished abuse. The paper just read did not even pretend to be a discussion of politics, but was a continued string of unsupported accusations. Had it merely gone beyond the boundary of political discussion, though Counsel for the prosecution, he thought every allowance should be given. If said the paper contained nothing on the face of it but gross abuse. The writer had done nothing but calumniate. Whatever there is of abuse in the English language, whatever was likely to inflame the minds of its readers, whatever was calculated to excite the strongest emotions in the persons of whom it d to excite the strongest emotions in the persons of whom is gument in it, nor was it even prefaced by an introductory re-ark. The paper, so far from pretending to be a political dis-ssion, sels of something that is to be published, and which is justify the summary of injurious and calumnious aspersions pressed in this short paper. The question for the considera-niof the Jury was very simple, it was whether this paper does not can to call the soldiers murderers? and to call a man a morderer not the links alibel. And again, if to call a man an armed ruffian not the links, he really did not know what could constitute offence. The Jury would have to consider whether libel or be not inclined. The Jury would have to consider whether libel or free discussion, to which no one was more friendly than himself, were intended; but free discussion had no application whatever to the present case, for the paper contained nothing but unqualified accusations. The very title itself he had called a sting—"Peterioo Massacre!" The point of an epigram he had heard called a sting but here, wherever he laid his hand, it w. s wounded, and from head to tail the paper was like a porcupine. With regard to the defendant, he might not be the writer of the libel, but, with regard to the publication he was certainly guilty; and it is the circulation of the libel which gives effect to its poison. Wroe, who was the proprietor of the n wspaper mentioned in the indictment, having removed himself from the consideration of the Jury, he would state, that it was the intention of the present prosecution to punish all the abettors of the original writer. He again remarked, that no topic of political discussion was contained in the paper. With respect to the liberty of the press, which was not at all affected by the pressecution, he hoped he should never survive the day when that liberty should be lost.

John Shawcross proved the publication by the defendant, who erely stated in his defence, that he had not wished to excite scoutent or any thing like it. He was in Mr. Wroe's employent, and considered that he was only doing his duty in obey-ghim. He was endeavouring to get an honest livelihood in estimation.

is situation.

The Chairman observed, in his charge, that in the situation is which he was placed, he should refrain from taking particular notice of the different parts of the paper, of which, indeed, he libelious matter, he conceived, was so apparent, that it was of necessary to go into the case. As to the excuse which the efendant had made, he must say, that in point of law it was of excuse.

The Jury immediately returned a verdict of Guilty, and the dant was placed in the dock, when the Chairman told him ight go down, as sentence would not be passed until the prisoners were tried.

LIGHT PRISONERS WERE TRIED.

JOSEPH SHAW, a bookseller, of Bolton, was next put to the lar, charged with publishing a libel contained in Sherwin's colitical Register, entitled "A Letter to the Soldiers on the late of the Country, and on the modes which are used to detroy their connexion with the people." He desired that the whole of the indictment, which was of very great length, night be read, and accordingly the officer commenced the arguments of the proceedings for some sime. task. After proceed

WILLIAMS objected to the reading, as the defendant had Mr. STARKIR also objected, and said the law did not entitle

when the present reading.

Mr. Williams (to the Officer)—You may read it if you hoose, but it will only be losing time.

The Officer again began to read, when the defendant, on the aggestion of Mr. Atkinson, his attorney, said, "I would wish nterrapt you." STARKIE opened the case. His brief contained nearly

e whole of the publication charged as libellous.

Mr. Williams expatiated on the different topics with consi

Mr. Williams expatiated on the different topics with considerable ingenuity.

The defendant, in defence, said, that he had suffered several pecuniary losses, or he would have employed some Gentlemen of the Bar to undertake his cause. He was compelled to defend himself, which he could have done better had he been the writer of the article. As to its being libellous or not, he had nothing to do with it. The book had passed through various hands before it reached him, and he thought it extremely hard that he should be selected for trial. Mr. Sherwin, the author, was at large in London. He had not been indicted; the book had been in circulation three weeks before defendant had sold had heen in circulation three weeks before defendant had sold even suspected it to be one. These who knew his character cand as no notice had been taken of it as a thet, he had not been suspected it to be one. These who knew his character so knew his loyalty to be unimpsachable. He was charged ith endeavouring to sevice contempt against the King, for hom he had the highest veneration, and would not, if he had thought such a construction could have been put on the access, have seld the objected work. What he had done was in the regular course of his occupation. It rested with the Jury whether he was ent to his family, or incarcerated in a dungeon for an their man's actions. It had always been his practice to bring up his children in the Christian profession, and he should ever endeavour to do his duty to his country and his King. He had no doubt but that the Jury, would say he was no wise implicated in wicked or seditious practices, as far as regarded this work. He again said, he thought it very hard that Sherwin should go at large, and himself be brought forwards. Why did they not indict him, when he was so well able to defend himself, instead of a poor man without the means of employing Counsel?

The CHAIRMAN shortly charged the Jury, who without hesi-Mrs. Hoven and Sanan, her daughter, were found guilty or same charge as John Charlton.

DAVID WHOE, scarcely ten years of age, was also found guilty on the same charge. His childish simplicity, compared with the nature of the charge, excited much laughter.

The prisoners received the following sentences:-John Charlton to be imprisoned four months in the New Bailey, and to find securities for the peace for two years, himself and two others in 201. each. Joseph Shaw to be imprisoned 12 months in Lancaster Castle, id to find securities as above.

Sarah Hough to be fined 51., and imprisoned until such fine be

Mrs. Hough to be imprisoned six months, and to find such

A subscription was set on foot to pay Sarah Hough's fine, in rder to release her this evening,

A meeting of the Ley Payers was held this morning in the Old Church, pursuant to an advertisement, to consider the pro-priety of erecting three additional churches. This measure met with considerable opposition, but without effect, and three new churches we must have, although it is notorious that the old ones are not balf filled. The expence of creeting the three churches, besides the allowance of Government, in consequence of the lete Act, is calculated at \$0.0001.—When the question was put to the vote, it was so decidedly negatived by the shew of hands, that the dhurch party demanded a scrutiny, and by means of Mr. S. Bourne's Vestry Act, which gives the ley-payer of 50l. per year two votes, they carried their metics.

Tubbedy, that this cook place while the body was in; and that in about a month after he died. Evidence to this effect was brought forward on the trial, and the Jury found the defendant Guilty; on which the Court sentenced him to three months' imprisonment in Newgate, to pay a fine of 50l. to the King, and to be further imprisoned until the fine be paid.

The Grand Jury had on Friday gone through all the bills,

From the LONDON GAZETTE of Jan. 29.

BANKRUPTCY SUPERSEDED. J. Frost, of Brinkley, Cambridgeshire, maltster A. Emanuel, of Plymouth Dock, navy-agent.

BANKBUPTS. W. Morling, of Heybridge, Essex, brewer, Feb. 8, 19, and March 11, at one, at Guildhall. Solicitors, Mr. G. Cooke, Kelvedon, Essex; and Mr. R. Barnes, Mile-end.
N. R. Ledwich, of College-hill, merchant, Feb. 1, 12, and March 11, at twelve, at Guildhall. Solicisor, Mr. Knaggs, 4, Change eller.

Change-alley.

W. Davies, late of Caerphilly, Glamorganshire, woollen-manufacturer, Feb. 5, 19, and March 11, at cleven, at Guildhall. Solicitors, Messrs. Blunt and Co., Broad-street-buildings.

S. Spencer, of Cumming-street, Pentonville, bricklayer, Feb. 5, 12, and March 11, at ten, at Guildhall. Solicitors, Messrs.

12, and March II, at ten, at Guildhall. Solicitors, Messrs. Knight and Co., Basinghall-street.
 W. P. Weise, of Tooley-street, hat-manufacturer, Feb. 5, 12, and March II, at eleven, at Guildhall. Solicitor, Mr. Carpenter, Church-passage, Old Jewry.
 W. H. Merriman, of New Bond-street, merchant, Feb. 5, 12, and March II. at twelve, at Guildhall. Solicitors, Messrs. Kearsey and Co., 116, Bishopsate-street.
 J. Sarjeant, of Great Warner-street, Clerkenwell, brewer, Feb. 5, 12, and March II, at twelve, at Guildhall. Solicitors, Messrs. Russell and Son, Lant-street, Borough.
 J. Janger, of January Gamorganshire, shopkeeper, Feb. 18.

J. Johnson, of Liandaff, Glamorganshire, shopkeeper, Feb. 18, 19, and March 11, at one, at the Bush Inn, Corn-street, Bristol. Solicitars, Messrs. E. and J. Daniel, Union-street, Bristol;

and Mr. J. Pearson, Pump-court, Temple.
T. Gundry, of Goldsthney, Cornwall, merchant, Feb. 12, at the Star Inn, Helston, Feb. 18, at the Angel Inn and Tavern, Helston, and March 11, at the Star Inn, Helston, at ten. Solicitors, Mr. B. Follett, 2, Paper-buildings, Temple; and Mr.

T. Rogers, Helston.

J. Gundry and W. Gundry, of Goldsithney, Cornwall, merchants, Feb. 8, at the Sfar Inn, Helston, Feb. 9, at the Angel Inn and Tavern, Helston, and March 11, at the Star Inn, Helston, art ten. Solicitors, Mr. B. Follett, 2, Paper-buildings, Temple; and Mr. T. Rogers, Helston.

J. Bracewell, of Bramley, Leeds, innikeeper, Jan. 51, at four, Ed. J. and Mr. March 11, at dever at the Court have Lead.

eb. 1, and March 11, at eleven, at the Court house, Leeds olicitors, Mr. R. Battye, Chancery-lane; and Mr. Hargreaves

eeds. W. Fox, of the Exchange-buildings, stockbroker, Feb. 2, 12, and March 11. at ten, at Guildhall. Soficitors, Messrs. Brooks and March 11, at ten, at Guildhall. and Co., John-street, Bedford-row.

and Co., John-street, Bedford-row.

J. Richardson, of Liverpool, merchant, Feb. 23, 24, and March 11, at one, at the George Inn, Liverpool. Solicitors, Messrs. Lace and Co., Liverpool; and Messrs. Taylor and Co., 9, King's Bench-walk, Temple.

T. Richmond. of Nottingham, grocer, Feb. 5, 15, and March 11, at ten, at Guildhall. Solicitors, Messrs. Jenhings and Co., Cary-street; and Mr. Hurt, Nottingham.

T. Spence, late of Maryland Point, near Stratford, Essex, dealer, Feb. 8, 12, and March 11, at twelve, at Guildhall. Solicitor, Mr. West, Red Lion-street, Wapping.

S. A. Reinett, of Worship-street, Shoreditch, coach-manufacturer, Feb. 5, 12, and March 11, at ten, at Guildhall. Solicitors, Messrs. Stratton and Co., Shoreditch.

R. Johnson, of Francis-street, watchmaker, Feb. 5, 12, and March 11, at eleven, at Guildhall. Solicitors, Messrs. Brooks and Co., 10, John-street, Bedford-row.

March 11, at eleven, at Guildhall. Solicitors, Messrs. Brooks and Co., 10, John-street, Bedförd-row.

G. Ford, late of Oxford-street, silversmith. Feb. 5, 15, and March 11, at ten, at Guildhall. Solicitor, Mr. Tucker, Bartlett's-buildings, Holborn.

J. Stevenson, of Broad-street, Bloomsbury, corn-chandler, Feb. 2, 12, and March 11, at ten, at Guildhall. Solicitor, Mr. J. John, Palsgrave-place, Temple.

T. Freame, of Worcester, cabinet-maker, Feb. 16, 17, and March 11, at eleven, at the Hop-pole Inn, Worcester. Solicitors, Mr. Gillam, Worcester; and Messrs. Cardale and Co., Gray's-inn.

J. Pearson, of Beeston Roydes, Leeds, clothier, Feb. 7,

at the Court house, Leeds, and March 11, at the Castle of York at eleven. Solicitors, Mr. Makinson, Temple; and Mr. Foden Leeds.
E. Langworthy, of Cannon-street, packer, Feb. 5, 12, and March 11, at eleven, at Guildhall. Solicitor, Mr. Gaines, 1, Caroline-street, Bedford-square.
T. O'Neill, of Newcastle-street, Strand, wine-merchant, Feb. 8, 12, and March 11, at twelve, at Guildhall. Solicitors, Messrs.

Tomlinsons and Co., Copthall-court.
M. Lynch, of Church-street, Spitaffields, silk-manufacturer, Feb. 5, 12, and March 11, at eleven, at Guildhall. Solicitors, Messrs. Webster and Co., 25, Queen-street, Cheapside.
[Dividends, &c. To-morrow.]

AVERAGE PRICES OF CORN IN ENGLAND AND WALES Wheat, 65s. 10d.—Rye, 41s. 0d.—Barley, 35s. 11d.—Oats, 23s. 9d.—Beans, 44s. 9d.—Peas, 47s. 4d.—Oatmeal, 25s. 9d.

The Average Price of Brown or Muscovado Sugar, computed from the returns made in the week, ending the 26th of Jan. 1820, is 55s. 64d. per hundred weight.

## ADMIRALTY SESSIONS.

JOSEPH BLEWITT was indicted for cutting his wife, Eleanor, on the right side of her neck, with an axe, with intent to kill her, on the 5d of August, on board a ship called the Crook, about 40 miles off Buenos Ayres.

Eleanor Blewitt, wife of the prisoner, who is a sailor, was with him on board his Majesty's ship Creole, on the 5d of August, 1819. She had been separated from him four or five days, owing to his ill usage. She was sitting in the Serjeant of Marines birth, with the Serjeant's wife. It was about ten minutes after eight, and it was dark. Prisoner came and requested her to come out and speak to him. She told him to be gone, as she would have nothing to say to him. He went, but returned in a few minutes, and struck her with an axe underneath her right ear, above her shoulder; it stunned her, and she fell. She recolear, above her shoulder; it stunned her, and she fell. She recol-lected nothing after that for two days and three nights.—She found herself lying in a cot, with her head braced to her shoul-der: she was better than a month ill, but was now quite re-covered.

overed.

Cross-examined—She could not say whether there was a marine on duty. Several men were in the birth; Edwards was not there; he was a seaman. She had never differed with her

marine on duty. Several men were in the birth; Edwards was not there; he was a seaman. She had never differed with her husband on account of Edwards particularly. The prisoner would frequently complain of her conduct with respect to men. He had not that day warned her against having any thing to say to Edwards. She and her husband had never quarrefled about a man named Tateley. He was sitting in the next birth when she received her injury. Her husband used to call her names, for which she had given no cause. Once coming home, prisoner got away from confinement, and came to her. He never warned her to take care of her conduct as to men.

Re-examined—They were separated by order of the First Lieutenant, on account of prisoner's ill usage.

J. Tateley, a Marine, was on board the Creole, in the River Plate, in August, 1819. He was in the Serjeant's birth, where Mrs. Blewitt was, on the 3d of August. The prisoner came, and said, "Eleanor, I want to speak to you." He came again in two or three minutes. He did not speak to her, but gave her a chop on her neck with an axe, which was here produced. He struck her with violence on the right side of her neck, and she fell with the blow. Nearly half a pint of blood spirted from the wound. He aimed a second blow, but witness caught the handle of the axe, and prevented him, Prisoner said norhing. Witness snatched the axe from his hand, and held him fast; the wound was hear an inch and a half in depth, and two or three brokes in length.

wound was near an inch and a half in depth, and two or three nches in length.

Cross-examined--Prisoner was the carpenter's mate; Edwards

Cross-examined--Prisoner was the carpenter's mate; Edwards was left in the ship; witness never heard the prisoner fall out with his wife about Edwards. Prisoner never complained of witness and his wife, nor did the latter go into the birth where prisoner's wife slept that morning.

R. Reid, another marine, corroborated the former evidence, and added, that when the prisoner was taken by the collar, he said, "You need not do that, I am not going to run away. She is murdered, and I shall be hanged."

Cross-examined—He had never heard the prisoner quarrel with his wife about Edwards or Tateley.

with his wife about Edwards or Tateley.

The case for the prosecution being closed, the prisoner was called for his defence. He said that Edwards was found under his wife's screens the night before; and that Tateley, after this transaction, was in her cable. The former was the cause of this

appening.
Mr. Justice Best said there were no justifications of such The prisoner still persisted in charging his wife with a crimi-

The prisoner still persisted in charging his wife with a criminal intercourse with Edwards.

Mrs. Blewitt was again called up, and depied that she had ever given, or that Edwards had ever taken, any improper liberties with her. She admitted that she was told that Edwards had been under her screens.

Tateley was also called again; and he swore most positively that he had never any illicit or improper intercourse with Mrs. Blantite.

Blewitt.

Mr. Justice Basy summed up the evidence, and stated, that death had ensued, this would have amounted to murder, eyen if the woman had been guilty, unless he had actually found her in the act of adulter; but, in his opinion, the charges against the woman's character had completely failed.

The Jury, after consulting for a few minutes, returned a verdict, finding the prisoner Guilty—Death.

Sir William Scott then pronounced the awful sentence of the law on the unfortunate man.

Sir William Scott then pronounced the awill sentence of the law on the unfortunate man.

Capt. J. Baxten, master of the Seringapatam, South Sea whaler, was indicted for an assault on E. Rickets. This case was fully detailed in a recent report of the proceedings at Shadwell; and from that it may be recollected, that the boy was flogged by the captain for being dirty; and that he was punished, besides, by being ordered to scrub the deck with a holy-stone (a capt have on board ship for a trong with which the deck are cant name on board ship for a stone with which the decks are rubbed); that this took place while the boy was ill; and that in about a month after he died. Evidence to this effect was brought

except one against T. Carns for the murder of a boy on the coast of Africa, by flogging him. They were therefore detained antil yesterday, in order to see whether the witnesses for the prosecution would appear. They did not; and Mr. Justice Park ordered all of them to be called on their recognizances, and that as they did not answer, their recognizances should be mmediately sent into the Court of Exchequer, that they might be forthwith proceeded against. The Learned Judge at the ame time remarked, that it was most abominable that a case, in which the life of a human being had been lost, should not be inestigated, because those who could alone further the ends of

which the life of a human being had been lost, should not be inestigated, because those who could alone further the ends of
ublic justice had absented themselves. He could not, of course,
ay what justification might have appeared had the trial gone
m, but, from the depositions that had been laid before himself
and his brother Judges, it appeared to them that a more foul
nurder had never been committed. Carns was discharged by
broclamation, and the Sessions closed.

The ship Diana, of Dumfries, Captain Martin, from Chalner Bay, got on the Barnhourrie Sands the 1st of December, but was got off without damage, on the 1st January, excepting loss of rudder and part of keel.

nd part of keel.

ROUGH-STREET.—Saturday a case of importance to the eneral, but particularly to bakers, was heard before Magistrate. The circumstances of the case arose out Marmonough-street.—Saturday a case of importance to the public in general, but particularly to bakers, was heard before the sitting Magistrate. The circumstances of the case arose out of a common assault warrant, obtained by a man named Thompson, who, with others, has been for some time past carrying on an establishment under the appellation of the Royal Metropolitan Bread Institution, against another man, named Steele, a baker, residing in Charlotte-street, Fitzroy-square. The plaintiff (Thompson) stated, that he had apartments of the defendant, where the agency of the above-named establishment was transacted, which was patronised by the late Duke of Kent, and a great number of the Nobility and Gentry. On Thursday he received a notice from the defendant to quit his premises, which contained very threatening language; and held forth, that if he (the plaintiff) did not choose to go, he had arms in the house and would make him. He therefore deemed it expedient, for his own safety, to take out the present warrant against him. The defendant admitted the assertions of Thompson, as far as regarded the notice; he could not suffer a traffic like that which the plaintiff was carrying on to be conducted in his house. He was prepared to prove, that independent of his being himself unable to get his money of them, the Institution was a swindling concern from beginning to end, and he would now, in the presence of the Magistrate, make them a present of 5t. if they would take themselves off. The Honourable Captain Waldegrave presented himself to the Magistrate, and said he was glad an opportunity had occurred for him publicly to expose the fraudulency of the parties carrying on the Metropolitan Bread Institution; he had been attacked by them, in very pointed terms, in The Morning Chronicle of the 21st instant, as having opposed their proceedings through malice. He begged to state, that he acted solely on the principles of public justice; he had slited the whole case to the bottom, and had written to many of his friends, whose

BIRTHS.

At Bifrons near Canterbury, the 28th inst. the Lady of A. P. Cumberbach, Esq. of a daughter.

On the 28th inst. the Lady of G. A. Fullerton, Esq. of Fern Hill, Berks, of a son.

MARRIED. On the 25th instant, John James Lambert, Esq., of Dorcheser, to Eliza, eldest daughter of the late W. Davis, Esq., of Win-Terborne, Dorsetshire.

On Thursday last, at Fulham Church, by the Rev. George Kent,
Alexandre T. Sampayo, Esq., of St. Helen's place, to Harriet,
daughter of the late Nathaniel Kent, Esq., of Fulham.

On the 21st instant, Mrs. Mills, wife of George Mills, Es-Yesterday morning, in Arlington-street, Piccadilly, deeply amented, John La Touche, Esquire, M. P. for the county of Leitrim.

STOCK EXCHANGE STOCK EXCHANGE.

5 p. Ct. Red. 688 \ \frac{1}{2} \ \frac{3}{2} \ D. Ct. Cons. 67\ \frac{3}{2} \ 168 67\ \frac{3}{2} \ \frac{1}{2} \ D. Ct. Cons. 67\ \frac{3}{2} \ 168 67\ \frac{3}{2} \ D. Ct. Cons. 67\ \frac{3}{2} \ D. Cons. For ac. 68\ \frac{1}{2} \ D. Cons. C HIGH WATER AT LONDON-BRIDGE THIS DAY
Mon. 10 min. after 3 | Even 25 min. after 3

SALES BY AUCTION. POSTPONEMENT OF SALE.-NOTICE. THE SALE of the Partnership Properties of Messrs. Edward, John, and James Houlditch, which was advertised to take place on the 1st of February, is POST-PONED by an Order of the Court of Chancery for ten days.

LEWIS LESLIE, Auctioneer,
Jan. 29, 1820. New Cavendish-street, Portland-place.

By Mr. EVANS, at his House, No. 96, Pall Mall, on Wed-

nesday next, and six following days,
THE valuable PRINTS and DRAWINGS of the kte JOHN NORTH, Esq. including his curlous, fine and extensive Collections, to illustrate Pennant's London, his Collection of British Portraits, his Topographical Prints and Drawings, his choice Collection of modern Engravings, his fine Woollett's several of which are proofs, his magnificent original Drawings by Westall, from the Scriptures, nearly all the Engravings by and C. Heath, Proofs and private Plates, a Proof of the Last Supper by Morghen, Portraits and Drawings in illustrate Clarendon, &c. &c.

By Mr. SOTHEBY, at his House, No. 3, Wellington-street Strand, on Thursday next, and two following days, at 12, VERY fine COLLECTION of MISCEL A VERY fine COLLECTION of MISCEL-LANROUS BOOKS: in which will be found, Purchas' Pilgrimes, 5vol.; Hasted's Kent, 4 vols.; Macklin's Bible, 7 vols.; Bowyer's Hume, 6 vols.; Vocabolarlo della Crusca, 6 vols.; Lye's Saxon Dictionary, 2 vols.; Panzer Annales Typo-graphici, 11 vol.; Encyclopædia Britannica, 20 vols.; Ottley's History of Engraving, 2 vols. large paper; Chalmers' Caledonia, 2 vols. large paper; the Chronicles of Holinshed, Hall, Grafton, Monstreler, Arnold, Rastell, Fabyan, and Harding, with Me-moirs of John Lord de Joinville, 22 vols. uniformly bound, &c. &c.; Ikewite some very highly finished Chinese Drawings, hours of John Lord de Johnville, 22 vois announce brawing from the Van Braam and other Collections.—To be viewed and catalogues had at the place of sale.

Middlesex, Freehold.—By Mr. WILSON, at the Auction Mart, on Thursday, Feb. 24, at twelve, except previously Sold by Pdvate Contract,

Sold by Private Contract,

A FREEHOLD HOUSE on Clerkenwell Green,
in the eccupation of Mr. Abbott, stone-mason, with yard
and workshop, likewise a piece of enclosed ground in front,
held of the Manor of St. John, Clerkenwell.—May be viewed
by permission of the tenant, and particulars had on the Premises; of Mr. Holtaway, solicitor, Took's-court; at the Auction Mart; and of Mr. Wilson, Little Queen-street, Lincoln's-

Library of Books, Prints, &c. Library of Books, Prints, &c.

MR. PHILLIPS respectfully announces, that
THIS and following days, at 12 o'clock, he shall, at
his Great Rooms, 75, New Bond-street, submit by AUCTION,
without reservation, an ASSEMBLAGE of FRENCH and
ENGLISH BOOKS, partly elegantly bound, and of the best
editions, and most interesting Works in History, Topography,
Biography, Poetry, Theology, Mythology, Antiquities, Politics,
Belles Lettres, &c.—May be viewed preceding the sale, and
catalogues had at Mr. Phillips's, 75, New Bond-street.

Carved French Frames, Pictures, valuable Books and other Miscellanies, the genuine property of a Gentleman, deceased.

—By Mr. STANLEY, at his Rooms, Old Bond-street, or Thursday next, at 12,

SMALL COLLECTION of PICTURES A SMALL COLLECTION of PICTURES, chiefly Dutch; sundry very handsome carved French frames, of bold patterns; a few fine Drawings framed and glazed; somevery valuable Books, among which are Museum Worsleyanum, Antique Sculptures printed by the Society of Dilletante; Worsley's Isle of Wight, Roscoe's Leo the Tenth, 4to; Sale's Views in India, Pinkerton's Atlas, Grose's Scotland, Woodburn's rare Portraits, and other illustrative books very handsomely bound.—May be viewed the day preceding, and catalogues had.

Furniture, Musical Instruments, Books, and Effects.—By Mr. OXENHAM, at his Spacious Rooms, 353, Oxford-street, near the Pantheon, on Thursday next, at twelve, by order of the Assignees,

THE genteel HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE removed for the convenience of sale; comprising four-pos and field bedsteads, furnitures and bedding, managany ward robe, drawers, portable water closet, suites of window curtains robe, drawers, portable water closet, suites of window curtains, couches, sets of chairs, glasses, secretary and bookease, mahogany sofa, card, loo, Pembroke, dining, and writing tables, three fine toned cabinet, three horizontal grand, and four square plano fortes, by emilient makers; eight leaf Indian screen, two eight-day clocks, double barrelled gun, by Manton; carpets, side-boards, fenders and fire-irons; 200 vols. of books; kitchen requisites, and miscellaneous effects.—May be viewed on Wednesders, and miscellaneous effects.—May be viewed on Wednesders, and miscellaneous effects.—May be viewed on Wednesders. nesday and morning of sale, catalogues had at the Rooms.

SALES BY AUCTION.

Notice.—Valuable Freehold Residence, Clapham-road.

R. HOGGART begs respectfully to acquain the Public, that the above Property. TWA the Public, that the above Property, advertised for sale at the Mart, on Friday, 11th Feb., is DISPOSED OF by Private Contract.—Broad-street, Jan. 28.

reeholds in Surrey .- By Mr. HOGGART, at the Mart, or Friday, Feb. 11, at twelve, by direction of the Assignees Mr. Robert Lincoln,

A Compact very improvable FREEHOLD ES-To be viewed with leave of the tenants; and particulars had, ten lays previous to the sale, of Messrs. Hutchinson and Hopkinson, 5. New-square, Lincoln's-inn; at the Mart; and of Mr. Hoggart,

mproved Rental of 1891, per Annum, capable of considerable increase. - By Mr. HOGGART, at the Mart, on Friday

A N IMPOVED RENTAL of £189 per Annum, for 18 years, most amply secured by, and issuing out of, a capital Establishment, near Broad-street, occupied by merchants. f high respectability, and producing a gross rent of upwards of ool. per annum, exclusive of apartments which are in hand.—
'o be viewed by cards only, which, with particulars, may be ad of Mr. Hoggart, 62, Old Broad-street; particulars also at

Excellent Furniture, Linen, China and Glass, small select Library, Wines and Effects, East Sheen, near Richmond.—
By Mr. HOGGART, on the Premises, on Wednesday, Feb. 16, and following Day, at twelve, by direction of the Assignees of Mr. Robert Lincoln,

"HE nearly new HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

a capital double-barrel fowling place by Mortimer, an ele-ant dressing case, with silver apparatus, 21 dozen of Griffiths laret, vintage 1815, and about 12 dozen of old East India Ma leira, Sherry, &c., a beautiful table and desert service of Derby shina, a select library of books in elegant bindings, including the Encyclopædia Britannica, Hume and Smollett's England, Can len's Britannica, Bride's Northampton, Gibbon's Rome, Annua den's Britannica, Bride's Northampton, Gibbon's Rome, Annual Register, from the commencement to 1818, &c. The Furniture comprises a drawing room suite, in chintz pattern French curtains, couches and chairs, with cushions, satin-wood card and pembroke tables, and cheffoniers with marble tops, chimney glasses, lustres and lamps, four-post and field bedsteads, with chintz pattern and dimity furnitures and window curtains, goote feather beds, mattresses and suitable bedding, excellent cabinet work, in drawers, dressing stands, a capital sideboard, a set of patent diping tables, secretaire and bookcase. 12 chairs, a set of patent dining tables, secretaire and hookcase, 12 chairs, with scarlet leather seats, a set of moreen French curtains, Turkey and Brussels carpets, polished fenders and fire irons, a spring table clock, culinary articles, &c.—To be viewed on Monday previous to the sale; and catalogues had on the premises; at the Castle, Richmond; of Messrs. Hutchinson and Hopkinson, solicitors, New-square, Lincoln's-inn; and of Mr. Hoggart, 62, Old Broad-street.

Hill-street, Berkeley-square,—Capital Residence, adapted for the accommodation of a Nobleman, or Family of Distinction, with excellent attached and detached Offices, Coach Houses, and Stables for nine Horses.—By Mr. ROBINS, at Garra-way's, on Tuesday, Feb. 29, at twelve, in Two Lots,

way's, on Tuesday, Feb. 29, at twelve, in Two Lots,

Very eligible LEASEHOLD ESTATE.—

Lot 1 comprises a very commodious Residence, adapted for the accommodation of a Nobleman, or Family of the first distinction, desirably situate No. 12, Hill-street, Berkeley-square, planned with suites of spacious handsome apartments, containing, on the upper story, four good sleeping rooms, &c.; on the second story, four excellent bed chambers, water closets, &c.; principal story, a spacious drawing room, communicating by folding doors to a back drawing room, communicating by folding doors to a back drawing room, handsomely fitted up, and a boudoir; ground floor, entrance hall, vestibule, or inner hall, commodious stone staircase, a capital dining parlour, breakfast room, water closets, garden, &c.; in the basement, a very excellent range of domestic offices, attached and detached, wine, ale and beer cellars, &c.—Lot 2 comprises a commodious Mews, with stables for mine horses; standing for five carriages, with lofts and apartments over, yard, &c. inclosed.—To be viewed by tickets. Particulars may be had at the Subscription Houses, St. James's-street; at Gartraway's; and of Mr. Robins, Warwick-street, Golden-square, or whom tickets for viewing may be had. Very eligible LEASEHOLD ESTATE.

equal to Freehold, Tithe-free — Capital Mansion, pleasant Residences, with Gardens, and Enclosures of rich Meadow and Arable Land; the principal part in possession of tenants at will, and on short leases; the whole Estate about One Hundred and Ten Arres.—By Mr. ROBINS, at Garraway's, on Tuesday, Feb. 29, at twelve, in Lots,

THE valuable FREEHOLD and COPYHOLD ESTATES, situate in the town of Hampton; comprising a spacious roomy Mansion, with offices, coach houses, stables, and various out-buildings; lawn, pleasure ground, gardens, and meadow land; the whole nearly five acres, on lease to Sir John Whiteford, which expires at Christmas, 1827.—Two pleasant RESIDENCES, with offices, in possession of Mr. Nixon, whose term expires at Lady-day next, and Henry Shepherd, Esq. tenant at will. Excellent gardens, in possession of Mrs. Garrick, and William Griffinhoote, Esq. whose leases expire at Michaelmas, 1820 and 1821. Sundry Enclosures of Meadow and Arable Land adjoining the town, containing about SIXTY-FIVE ACRES, in possession of Mr. Bens, tenant at will. Also, sundry other Enclosures, nearly FORTY ACRES, in possession of — Fauntleroy, Esq. John Chadwick, Esq. Messrs. Lawrance, Woolridge, South and others.—May be viewed, by leave of the tenants, on applying to the Gardener at Sir John Whiteford's, where particulars may be had; and of Mr. Jackson, solicitor, and the Red Lion, Hampton; Toy, Hampton-court; Castle, Salt-hill; Talbot, Richmond; King's Head, Twickenham; of Messrs. Budd and Hayes, solicitors, Bedford-row; at Garraway's; and of Mr. Robins, Warwickstreet, Golden-square.

reshold House and B street .- By Mr. WILLOCK, at Garraway's, on Thursday,

Feb. 10, at twelve,

Substantial well-built FREEHOLD HOUSE and old established BAKER'S SHOP, very desirably and advantageously situate, No. 15, in Nicholas-lane, Lombardand advantageously situate, No. 15, in Nicholas-lane, Lombardstreet, in the City of London, containing three rooms on each floor, excellent bake-house, eleven bushel oven, and store room; in the occupation of Mr. John Gellatley, on lease at a net rent of Seventy Pounds per annum.—To be viewed till the sale, and particulars may be had on the Premises; of Mr. Singleton, solicitor, No. 18, Millman-street, Bedford-row; at Garraway's; and of Mr. Willock, No. 25, Golden-square.

Leasehold House, Coventry-street, near St. James's, Haymarket.—By Mr. WILLOCK, at Garraway's, on Thursday Feb. 10, at twelve, by order of the Commissioners of Bankrupt against John Wadley,

LEASEHOLD HOUSE and old established A LEASEHOLD HOUSE and old established CHEESEMONGER'S SHOP, most desirably situate No. 31, in Coventry-street, near St. James's, Haymarket; conaining two rooms with closets on each floor, a spacious shop and parlour, and convenient offices, in the occupation of Mr. Wadey; near Fourteen Years of the Lease are unexpired, at a moderate rent, and immediate possession may be had.—To be viewed till the sale, and particulars may be had on the Premises; of Mr. Wilde, solicitor, College-hill; at Garraway's; and of Mr. Wildek, No. 25, Golden-square.

To Gun-makers, Sportsmen and others .- Genteel Household Furniture, Stock in Trade, Fixtures and Riffects, Charing-cross.—By Mr. CROOK, on the Premises, No. 56, Charing-cross, on Thursday next and following Day, at eleven, by order of the Sheriff of Middlesex,

A LL the valuable Manufactured and Unmanufac-A LL the valuable Manufactured and Unmanufactured STOCK in TRADE, genteel HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, spring dial, upright piano-forte and effects of a gun-maker and sword-cutler. The Stock comprises double and single-barrel guns, duelling, pocket and other pistols, sabres, dress, regimental, Marmeluke, regulation and mourning swords; dirks and hangers, quantity of sword blades and scabbards, ditto of forged gun work, straps, shot, gun and sword cases, capital glass cases and counters, spring dial, &c. The Furniture comprises four-post and French beelsteads, with cotton hangings, prime beds and bedding, mahogany double and single chests of drawers, dressing stands and glasses, mahogany secretaire and bookcase, mahogasy dining, Pembroke and card tables, sofas, chairs, pier and other glasses, Brussels and Kidderminster carpets, upright piano-forte, plate, linen, china, glass, French clock, kitchen furniture, and a variety of other effects, in excellent preservation.—To be viewed on Wednesday and morning of sale; and catalogues had on the premises; and of Mr. Crook, auctioneer, 51, Skinner-street.

Annuity or Rent Charge of 370l. 12s, per Annum, an Annuity of 125l, per Annum, Life Interest to Dividends arising from 3,500l. Four per Cent. Bank Annuities, and a Pew in St. St. George's Chapel, Albermarle-street.—By Mr. RAIN Y, at Garraway's Coffee house, on Tuesday, Feb. 8, at twelve, in

Three Lots,
Lot 1. A N ANNUITY or RENT CHARGE of
3701. 12s, per Annum, during the Life of a
Gentleman in his 27th year (whose life is insured), and secured upon Freehold Estates of considerable value in the county of Northumberland.—Lot 2. An ANNUITY of 1251.
per Annum, during the Life of a Gentleman, aged 26 (whose
Life is insured in the Equitable), secured upon the sum of
7,4671. 10s. 10d. Three per Cent. Consols, standing in the name
of the Accountant-General of the Court of Chancery.—Lot 5.
The LIFE INTEREST of a Gentleman, aged 55 (whose Life
is issured in the Equitable), in the Dividends arising from the
Sum of 3,500l. Four per Cent. Bank Annuities, standing in the
name of the Accountant-General of the Court of Chancery. sum of 3,5001. Four per Cent. Bank Annuities, standing at the name of the Accountant-General of the Court of Chancery.—
Lot. 4. A Pew in St. George's Chapel, Albermarle-street.—
Printed particulars may be had at Garraway's; and of Mr. Rainy, No. 29, Conduit-street, Hanover-square.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MR. RAINY respectfully acquaints the Public, that the Policy of Insurance in the Equitable for 1000L, ad-vertised for Sale at Garraway's Coffee-house, on the 8th Feb., is DISPOSED OF by Private Contract:

New Norfolk-street, Park-Iane.—Capital Residence, with de-lightful view over Hyde-park, and Coach-houses and Stabling lightful view over Hyde-park, and Coach-houses and Stabling in Ham-yard.—By Mr. SQUIBB and SON, on the Fremises on Wednesday next, at one, in Two Lots, by order of the Ex-ecutor of the late Sir Wm. Wolseley, Bart. dec.

THE very commodious and delightfully situated RESIDENCE, No. 50, on the West Side of New Nor-A RESIDENCE, No. 50, on the West Side of New Norfolk-street, commanding most beautiful views extending over
Hyde-park to the Surrey Hills, and containing large well proportioned eating parlour and drawing rooms, with bow windows, remarkably airy and cheerful chambers, with excellent
detached kitchen, and every requisite accommodation for a Family of Rank with a moderate establishment; held by lease
from Earl Grosvenor for 56 years, at 60l. per annum.—Also,
very good Stabling for three horses, with two coach-houses and
good dwelling room and loft, in Ham-yard, held for the same
term, at 10l. per annum.—To be viewed by tickets only, which,
with particulars, may be had of Mr. Bywaster, upholder, Lower
Grosvenor-street; and of Mr. Souibb and Son. Saville-row. Wines of the late Sir Wm. Wolseley, Bart.—By Mr. SQUIBB, on the Premises, No. 30, New Norfolk-street, Park-lane, on Wednesday next, at two,

Small Cellar of superior WINES; consisting of

A Small Cellar of superior WINES; consisting of about fifty dozen of Barne's Port, fourteen dozen ditto Claret, twenty dozen of Adamson's Claret, fifteen dozen of Sherry, near twenty dozen of Blackburn's Madeira, a few small lots of French Wine, and some choice Liqueurs.—To be tasted at the time of sale; catalogues on the premises; of Mr. Bysupholder Lower Grosvenor-street; and of Mr. Squibb water, upholder, Lower Grosvenor-street; and of Mr. Squ and Son, Saville-row.

Excellent Furniture, Library of Books, Wardrobe of Table an Bed Linen, French Table and Dessert Services, and othe Effects.—By Mr. SQUIBB and SON, on the Premises, No 30, New Norfolk-street, Park-lane, on Thursday next, and

THE excellent and genuine HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, a noble pier glass 64 inches by 55, chimney glasses, lustres, a few paintings, some fine prints and books of prints, an extensive wardrobe of table and bed linen, beautiful table and dessert services, in French and English porcelation of prints, an extensive wardrobe of table and bed linen, beautiful table and dessert services, in French and English porcelaime bronze and or molu candelabra, cut glass, and a variety of other effects, the genuine property of the late Sir William Wolseley, Bart.—To be viewed on Monday and till the sale, when catalogues (at one shilling each) may be had on the premises; of Mr. Bywater, upholder, Lower Grosvenor-street; and of Mr. Squibb and Son, Saville-row.

Dartmouth-row, Blackheath.-Lease and Effects.-By Messi Dartmouth-row, Blackheath.—Lease and Effects.—By Messrs. SQUIBB and SON, on the Premises, or Monday next, at 12, THE very neat and genuine HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS of a LADIES SEMINARY, comprising 24 bedsteads with furnitures and bedding, chests of drawers, and other chamber requisites, drawing room and dining parlour curtains, tables and chairs, four square planofartes by Tomkison and others, china and glass, deal tables and forms, and a variety of articles for domestic use.—At the same time will be sold, the unexpired term in the Lease of the very desirable and extensive premises, with large lawn and garden desirable and extensive premises, with large lawn and garden behind.—The House may be viewed till the sale; the Effects one day preceding; particulars may be had of Messrs. Baker and Sons, Nicholas-lane; and of Messrs. Squibb and Son, Sa-

Superior Port Wines in bottle, the genuine Stock of Messrs. Hunt and Weller, bankrupts, by order of the Assignees,

MR. SQUIBB and SON respectfully announce
to the Nobility, Gentry and the Public that they R. SQUIBB and SON respectfully announce to the Nobility, Gentry and the Public, that they have received instructions from the Assignees to bring to SALE by AUCTION, on Friday the 18th, and Saturday the 19th of February next, at their Great Room, Savillerow, the valuable BOTTLED STOCK of Merrs. HUNT and WELLER, of Mark-lane, consisting of PORT WINES of the most esteemed vintages, samples of which may be had from the cellars six days preceding the sale, when catalogues will be ready for delivery at Garraway's Coffee-house, and in Saville-row.

Conduit-street, Hanover-square.—Valuable Leasehold Property, held of the City of London.—By Mr. SQUIBB and SON, at their Great Room, Saville-row, on Friday, Feb. 25, at one, A Substantially-built and very convenient LEASE-HOLD DWELLING HOUSE, No. 5, on the West side of Conduit-street, Hanover-square, let on lease to a respectable tenant, at 1201, per annum. The E-tate is held from the Corporation of the City of London, for forty years from Ladyday, 1810, at the trifling ground rent of 31. 153. per annum, and is renewable for ever, upon payment of a fine certain of 26. 55 every fourteen years.—To be viewed by leave of the tenant, by tickets only, which may be had of Squibb and Son, Savillesrow, of whom particulars may be had; also of Messrs, J. and W. Lowe and Cowburn, solicitors, Tanfield-court, Temple; and at Garraway's Coffee-house. Substantially-built and very convenient LEASE-

Garraway's Coffee-house. By Mr. CHRISTIE, at his Great Room, Pall-mall, on Tuesay, Feb. 8, punctually at one, by order of the Executor, SMALL SIDEBOARD of PLATE, handjonae plated articles, a chronometer, by Haley of London, in a silver case, an assortment of table and bed linen, and some books; the genuine property of the late Admiral Sir Richard Onslow, Bart. deceased.—May be viewed on Saturday and Monday preceding, when catalogues may be had in Pall-mail. Albemarle-street .- By Mr. CHRISTIE, at the Auction Mart,

on Friday, February 18, precisely at one, by order of the Devisces in Trust,

THE very substantial and commodious FREE-HOLD DWELLING HOUSE, with various domestic offices, the property and late residence of James Forbes, Esq. deceased, No. 29, on the West Side of Albemarle-street. The premises possess very peculiar local advantages, from their vicinity to the Court, the Parks, and Royal Institution, and particularly desirable as a family residence for a Member of nner hall, principal and back staircases, dining room 24 feet inches by 19 feet, library very elegantly and expensively fitted op, with architectural enrichments of artificial stone in the Bothic taste, and lighted by a stained glass bow window, beyond which are a dressing room and water closet; on the first floor, principal drawing room 33 feet by 19, the windows to the floor opening to a balcony and verandah, second drawing room and morning room, four bed chambers on the floor above, and four attics; detached kitchen, and suitable offices on the basement.—Shortly after will be Sold by Auction, on the premises, the neat Household Eurniture, Plate, Cellar of choice Old Wines, and various Effects.—The premises may be viewed with tickets, to be had at the office of Messrs. Cardale and Bramley, solicitors, No. 3, Bedford row; at the Auction Mart; and of Mr. Christie, Pall-mall. rond which are a dressing room and water closet; on the first

SUPERIOR MEDICAL and SURGICAL AD-VICE.—Infallibility speaks Perfection.—Messrs. COOP 22 and CO. Members of the Royal Colleges of London, Edinburgh and Dublin, ranking high as Physicians and Surgeons in his Majesty's service, offer the result of forty years' varied experince in different climates, on those prevail of happiness and domestic comfort. Recent cases of infection are by them removed in three days. Derangements of the Generative System, associated with a train of the most agonizing feelings, both bodily and mental, the consequence of relaxation and debility, enfeebling the powers of manhood, are completely restored, with a success and skill, and with that secreey and hosting the power of manhood are completely restored, with a success and skill, and with that secreey and hosting the power of manhood are completely restored. stored, with a success and skill, and with that secreey and hos-nour, which has received from their patients the most flattering estimonies of gratitude and attachment, after having been suc-properly treated by persons unacquainted with so important a branch of the profession. Messrs. Cooper and Co. address them-selves to both Sexes, who are on the eve of Marrimony, request-ing them to pause till they are assured of the state of their health, that no disappointment may disturb their future, harmings, and ing them to pause till they are assured of the state of their flexing that no disappointment may disturb their future happiness, and which they promise to complete, if previously consulted. Fistules and Ruptures are known by the experience of hundreds to be effectually cured without cutting. Messrs. Cooper and Co. are consulted daily at Charlotte-house, Great Charlotte-street, Blackfriars road, and 15, Woodstock-street, Bond-street, where letters from the country, containing an inclosure and a correct statement of their case, will be immediately attended to, and ad-vice and medicines sent to all parts of the world.—Mechanics have Advice Gratis, at Charlotte-house, every Evening from Six till Eight, and on Sunday Mornings until Twelve o'Clock. Private Doors at each House.

BY HIS MAJESTY'S ROYAL LETTERS
PATENT.—LEAKE'S Genuine Pulls, justly fazious for
curing, in all its ages, the VENEREAL DISEASE. One
small Pill is a dose, and the taking of one Box, in a recent case
will soon convince the Patient of the certainty of his speedy recovery. Nothing can be better contrived, more said, convenient than this remedy, for such as are obliged to go journles or to sea, as it needs no confinement nor restraint of detraines or to sea, as it needs no confinement nor restraint of detraines or to sea, as it needs no confinement nor restraint of detraines or to sea, as it needs no confinement nor restraint of detraines. nles or to sea, as it needs no confinement nor restraint of det; and sixty years experience (in an extensive practice) has proved that it will effect a cure, when repeated Salivation and all other methods avail nothing. For the Scurvy and other Chronical Disorders, this Medicine has not its paralle. Upwards of 40,000 persons of both sexes, have been radically cured of the above cruel disorders, within the last eight years. Prepared and sold by the sole Proprietors, T. TAYLOR and SON, Members of the Royal College of Surgeons, at their house, No. 9, New Bridge-street, in Boxes of only 2s. 9d. each, duty included.—N. B. Two back doors, and lights in the passages at mgb.—They are also sold by their appointment, with copious directions at the Toy Shop, 103, Oxford-street; Mr. Disborough's, No. 7, Fish-street-hill, nearly opposite the Monument; and by one Person in every considerable Town in Great Britain and Ireand.—Advice gratis to persons taking the above, or other of the and.—Advice gratis to persons taking the above, or other of the Proprietor's Medicines.

London: Printed and published by J. LAMBERT, of the Strand, at the Morning Chronicle Office, 143, Strand.