

Ld. Sydney

6553

Whitehall

May 2: 1789

M  
55 post 12

Lord Sydney humbly  
presumes to transmit to His Ma-  
jesty a Letter from the Archbishop  
of Canterbury relative to the prin-  
ting of the Sermon of the Bishop of

London



London, and humbly desires to receive  
His Majesty's commands upon it.

The Irish Messenger set off yester-  
day with the Warrant appointing  
the Commissioners for holding the

Great

Great  
or in



Ld. Sydney

6553 (2)

Great Seal of Ireland on the Demise  
or incapacity of the Chancellor.

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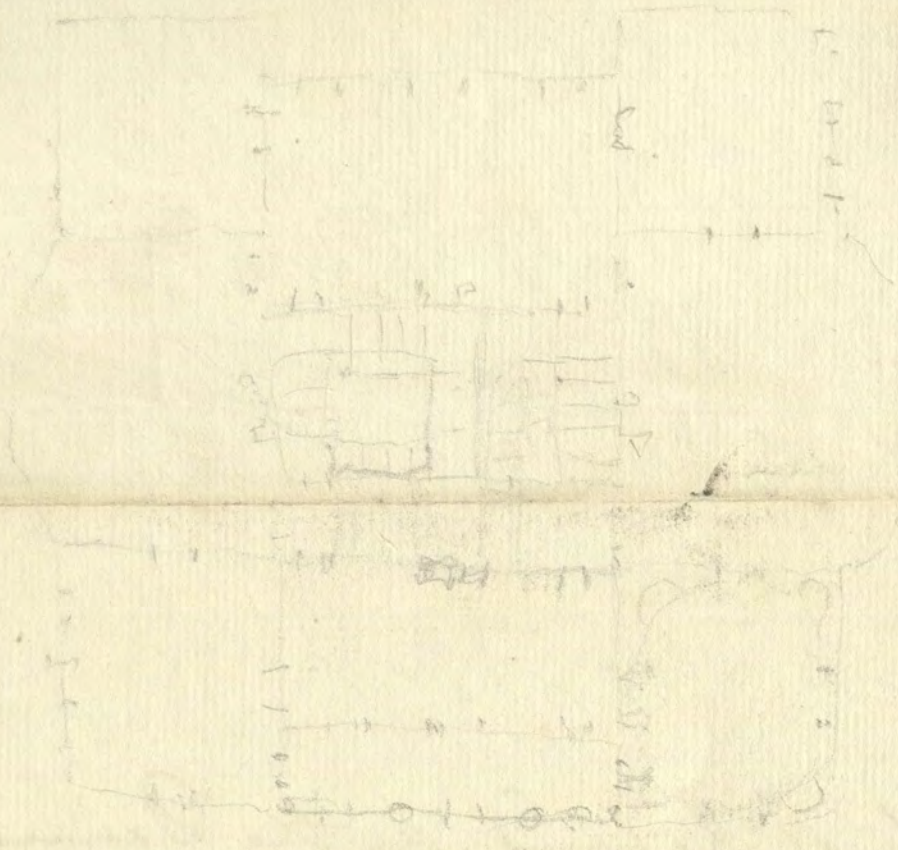
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at





Lord Sydney.  
Whitehall. 2. May 1709.



Windsor, 2<sup>d</sup> May 1789.

From The King  
To

The late Archbishop Moore

6554

The King

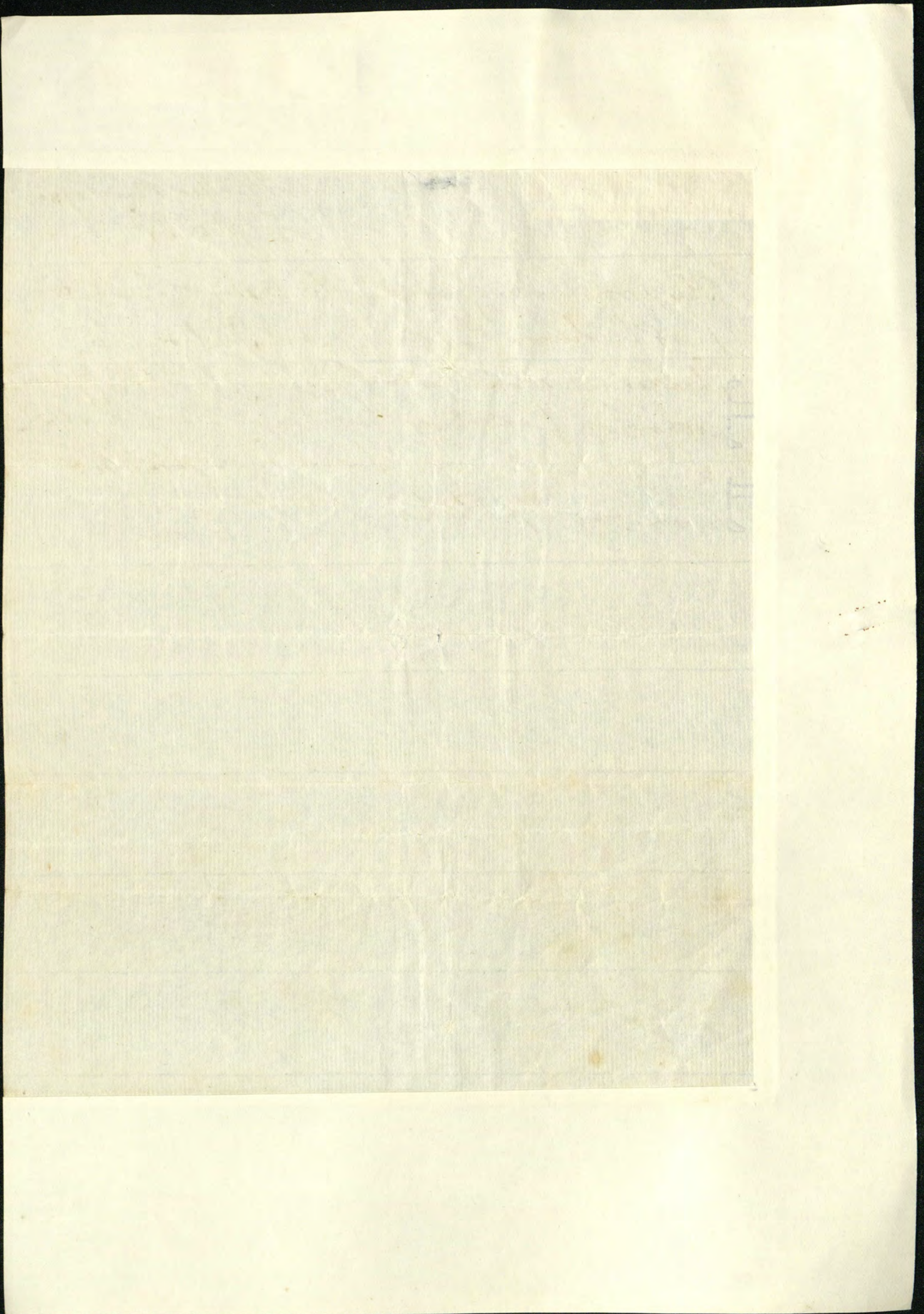
to hd.  
Sydney

Windsor May 2<sup>d</sup> 1789.  
10. p. 5. P.M.

The proper mode of directing the Bishop of London to print the sermon he preached at St. Pauls on the Thanksgiving seems to be for Lord Sydney to intimate to the Archbishop of Canterbury that it is my desire he should express to the Bishop of London my wish that this sermon may be published.









Lord Sydney  
3<sup>d</sup> May 1789

6555

Governor Legge

May 3: 1789

11 P. M.

Lord Sydney humbly pre-  
sents to submit to His Majesty an  
Appointment of Mr Bruce, formerly  
a Lieutenant Colonel in His Majesty's  
Service as Lieutenant Governor of Do-

minica



Trinidad: the Governor Captain Crodo  
having His Majesty's Leave to return  
to England, and the present Governor  
Mr Stuart being rendered by repeated  
Shakes of a Palsy totally incapable  
of doing his Duty.



Wm. Pitt

May 5 1789

6556

W Pitt humbly begs leave to acquaint  
your Majesty that in consequence of the  
Commands with which your Majesty honored  
him, he has examined the State of the  
Civil List with a View to the additional  
Allowance which your Majesty intends for  
his Royal Highness Prince William. - The  
State of the Civil List appearing to be  
equal to this Charge, Nothing more will



be necessary than to prepare a Warrant, whenever  
 your Majesty is pleased to direct it; but  
 He takes the Liberty of adding that besides  
 3500 £ for Annam payable to His Royal Highness  
 by your Majesty's Warrant of July 1786, there  
 is also a sum of 2500 £ payable by New York,  
 To their Royal Highnesses Prince William  
 and Prince Edward. - Mr Pitt thought it  
 might be submit this Circumstance, for  
 your Majesty's Direction respecting the latter

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Wm. Pitt

May 5 1789

6556 (2)

I am, which I conceive to be at present  
divided between the two Princes. - On the other  
Points to which your Majesty was pleased to  
allude, Mr Pitt thinks it is unnecessary  
for him to add, that it will be most  
anxious desire to consider of the best mode  
of carrying into effect your Majesty's  
Intentions, in whatever Way may be  
most satisfactory, and to be honored  
with your Majesty's farther Commands,  
at any Time that may be most  
convenient to your Majesty

Yours truly

Tuesday May 5<sup>th</sup> 1789. 9. P.M.



King's Coll  
St. Mary  
1709



Ad. Sydney

6557

Grosvenor Square

May 9: 1789

1 P.M.

Lord Sydney humbly pre-  
sumes to desire His Majesty Com-  
mands concerning the day, on which  
His Majesty will be graciously

pleas'd



pleas'd to be attended by the Privy  
Council for the purpose of passing  
the Irish Bills. The Lord President  
proposes Friday, if that day should  
be approv'd of by His Majesty.

He

to so  
side  
Plan  
m  
Bay



Ld. Sydney

6557 (2)

He likewise humbly presumes  
to submit to His Majesty's con-  
sideration Sir George Yonge's  
Plan for a Corps to relieve the Ma-  
rines, and to serve in Portauy  
Bay.

He

Lord



Lord Sydney  
to  
9: May 1789

Lord Sydney is desired by  
D<sup>r</sup> Beaden to receive His Majesty's  
Command concerning his  
kissing His Majesty's Hand on  
his promotion to the Bishopric  
of Gloucester.



Ld. Sydney

6558

Grosvenor Square  
 May 10: 1789  
 11 P.M.

Lord Sydney humbly  
presumes to submit to His Majesty  
by, that Mr Pitt has acquainted  
him with His Majesty's Intentions

to



Ld. Syd

655

to create His Royal Highness Prince  
William Henry a Duke, and that he  
likewise informed Lord Sydney, that His  
Majesty would give His orders to him  
on that subject.

Lord

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jeasty  
Royal



Lord Sydney

6558 (2)

Prince  
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and

Lord Sydney therefore ventures to  
ask His Majesty's Royal commands  
concerning the Titles, which His Ma-  
jesty would please to confer on His  
Royal Highness.



Lord Sydney  
16<sup>th</sup> May 1789



A. M. to h<sup>d</sup>. Sydney

6559

Windsor May 17<sup>th</sup> 1789.  
on  
20. p. 9 A.M.

I was so thoroughly fatigued on Friday from having  
tried to keep up my attention to too many Audiences  
that I omitted mentioning to Lord Sydney the titles  
I propose for my third son it is Duke of Clarence  
the inferior titles I am quite indifferent about,  
they should be taken agreeable to former precedents.









Ld. Sydney

6560

Whitehall

May 18: 1789

$\frac{M}{52}$  past 2 P.M.

Lord Sydney humbly  
presumes to transmit to His Majesty  
the Warrant for creating His Royal  
Highness Prince William Henry a

Peer



a Peer. The Titles which are submitted to His Majesty, on the suggestion of the Herald, to fill up the Blanks are St Andrew, being the first University and third City in Scotland, and Munster for the Irish Earldom.

Lord

Lord Sydney

6560 (2)

Lord Sydney presumes to return to His Majesty the Commission to pass the Bills, His Majesty having overlooked one of the Shins, which not having His Royal Signature, the Instrument remains imperfect. He

finds



Lord Sydney.

Whitehall 10. May 1781

finds it necessary to apprise His Majesty, that an order in Council will be wanted to give effect to the Provisions of the Act for authorising the Importation of Provisions into His Majesty's Colonies in North America from the United States: and humbly begs to receive His Majesty's Commands as to the time of holding the Council, which probably might suit His Majesty's Convenience on Wednesday.



hd. Sydney

6561

Greenwich Square  
May 21: 1789  
11 P.M.

Lord Sydney humbly pre-  
sunes to transmit to His Majesty  
the Warrant for fixing the Seat of  
His Royal Highness the Duke of Clarence

his



hd. Sy

*[Faint, illegible handwriting]*

in the House of Peers, and begs to know  
whom His Majesty is pleased to name  
for His Royal Highness's Supporters.

Lord Sydney thinks it his Duty to  
acquaint His Majesty, that an intima-  
tion has reached him, that their Royal

Highnesses

High  
Duke  
Clare  
not a  
High  
Supp  
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a wa



hd. Sydney

6561 (2)

Highnesses The Prince of Wales and The  
Duke of York had offered to The Duke of  
Clarence to introduce him. But it did  
not appear, that any of their Royal  
Highnesses were apprised, that the  
Supporters were to be appointed by His  
Majesty's Warrant, nor did it come in such  
a way as to make it an absolute Certainty.



Lord Seymour  
21<sup>st</sup> May 1789



H. M. to Ld. Sydney

6562

Windsor May 22. 1789.  
9<sup>th</sup> A.M.

The mode of introducing my Third Son into the House of Lords should be the exactly following former Precedents, as far as Memory serves the Supporters have always been some of the Great Officers of State, ~~and~~ none of the ~~royal~~ family; Lord Sydney is therefore to fill up the blanks in the Warrant with such names as the Lord Chancellor will find are conformable to prior instances.





Ld. Sydney

6563

and Sydney to the King

Grosvenor Square

May 29: 1789

11 P. M.

Lord Sydney humbly pre-  
sents to transmit to His Majesty  
the List of the Lords Speakers in a  
conversation, which was introduced  
by Lord Strarobuck yesterday in the  
House of Lords. By some neglect the

List



Letter was not sent to him till late  
today. Lord Stormont began by  
asking ~~That~~ Duke of Leeds the question  
on stated in the Paper, to which the  
Duke refused to give an answer ex-  
pressing his surprise, that such a  
question should come from one, who set

himself

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Lord  
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Ld. Sydney

6563(2)

himself up for an Oracle of Diplomatic Knowledge and Etiquette. Lord Storr-  
mont replied by a Speech, which seem-  
ed a copy of some of the Intercepted  
Dispatches of Count Woronzow and  
Mr. Schonborn. The Chancellor attacked  
Lord Storrment with infinite Wit and  
equal severity, insinuating with great

address



Local Repository  
23rd May 1989

Address, and in managed language,  
that Lord Stormont was employed by  
the above mentioned to feel the Pulse  
of Parliament and of the Nation. The  
House seemed in general fully sen-  
sible of the Impropriety of an attempt  
to bring pending Foreign Negotiations  
into public Discussion.



Mr Pitt

30<sup>th</sup> May 1789

6564

Mr Pitt cannot refrain from begging to return  
his humble acknowledgements for your Majesty's  
Goodness, in putting him in possession of the  
Letter which he had the honor of receiving  
Yesterday from your Majesty. Mr Pitt  
at the same Time takes the Opportunity of  
requesting to be allowed to pay his duty to your  
Majesty, on whatever Day it may be least



inconvenient to your Majesty that he should  
submit to your Majesty a few Points of  
Business on which he wishes to be honored  
with your Majesty's Commands.

Downing Street.

May 30<sup>th</sup> 1789. " A.M.



At Lord Amhurst's in St. James's Square  
 May 30<sup>th</sup> 1789.

Lt. Genl. Sir Wm Fawcett  
 adj. Genl. of His Majesty's Forces, having by a  
 note, addrest separately to Generals Lord  
 Dover & Amhurst desired to have a  
 meeting with them at 12 o'clock this day,  
 in order to deliver to them a message from  
 the King. They accordingly met at the  
 hour appointed.

Sir Wm Fawcett acquainted them that  
 His Majesty had been pleased to express his  
 concern, at the hearing that the dispute  
 which had arisen with L. Col. Lennox of the  
 Coldstream Reg<sup>t</sup> of Foot Guards, & which  
 was of such publick notorichy, was from  
 great report likely to be followed with  
 further improper consequences, His Majesty  
 thought it might become necessary for Him  
 to interfere; on which account he was  
 desirous to have the opinion of some of His  
 Generals officers, upon what steps ought to be  
 taken. He therefore ordid Sir Wm Fawcett  
 to speak with Lords Dover & Amhurst, who  
 were Colonels of His Regiments of Life  
 Guards, to learn from them their sentiments  
 upon the subject of the proper measures  
 to be taken on the occasion.

Sir Wm Fawcett further informed them  
 that he had learnt in a very authentic  
 manner, that no consequences of a serious  
 nature, were likely to happen for the present

in



65  
in the Coldstream Reg<sup>t</sup> of Guards, but that  
the officers of that Reg<sup>t</sup> were to have a  
meeting at which there was reason to  
believe that matter would be amicably  
adjusted.

In this state of the case then, as it was too  
late to interfere (supposing such a step had  
been thought advisable) so as to prevent  
the meeting of the officers for such a purpose,  
it was not possible for Lords Dover and  
Ambert to give any well founded opinion  
to the King, they desired Sir W<sup>m</sup> Fawcett to  
mention to His Majesty, the actual situation  
of things, as far as it was come to their  
knowledge & agreed to meet Sir W<sup>m</sup> Fawcett  
<sup>again</sup> to morrow morning, after he should have  
seen the King, that received further  
information of what had occurred at  
the meeting of the Coldstream Reg<sup>t</sup> on this  
day.

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Meeting continued Sunday May 31<sup>st</sup>.  
1789.

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Sir W<sup>m</sup> Fawcett acquainted Lords  
Dover & Ambert that the Result of the  
meeting of the officers of the Coldstream  
Reg<sup>t</sup> of Guards seemed to be a quiet  
adjustment of the dispute with a Colonel  
Lenox, so far as to remove any apprehension  
of any further bad consequence for the present.  
Lords Dover & Ambert thinking themselves  
call'd upon by His Majesty's message of  
yesterday, to give their opinion upon the  
measures proper to be adopted to enforce



the necessary Discipline & Subordination in  
the Army, which has appeared in some late  
instances to have been unwarrantably  
neglected, they humbly beg leave to observe;

That without particularising every breach  
of the fundamental Laws & Regulations of the  
Service, it will be sufficient to mention the  
Case of Lt. Col. Roger, in direct disobedience  
to your Majesty's positive orders, & as strong  
an example in the Garrison of Gibraltar.

If individuals thus presume the liberty  
of resisting the established Laws of the Country,  
& Rules of the Service, the Army must at last  
become too difficult to be kept within  
due bounds.

We cannot therefore but deem it highly  
expedient, that your Majesty should be  
graciously pleased to exert your Royal  
Authority, to check these alarming and  
increasing Evils, by manifesting in the  
strongest manner your displeasure with  
them; enjoining all officers under pain of  
incurring that displeasure, to conform to  
the Rules & Articles of War, peremptorily  
forbidding every act which may be  
contrary to the letter or spirit of them, and  
declaring in the most explicit terms, that  
any officer who should hereafter presume  
to transgress the orders laid down for  
their conduct, should be immediately  
dismissed your Majesty's Service.

I should the above statement meet with  
your Majesty's gracious approbation, Lords  
Dover & Ambert would then beg leave most  
humbly to submit, that some orders of the  
following Tenor might be given in General  
orders.



orders. — Dover. Amherst.

"Whereas in defiance of the Established  
" Laws of the Country & Rules of the Service,  
" the necessary Discipline & Subordination  
" of the Army, has appeared in some late  
" instances to have been unwarrantably  
" neglected, by inferior Officers presuming  
" to resist the Commands of their Superiors  
" in a most unjustifiable manner, and with-  
" standing the lawful means of applying  
" for redress are particularly marked out  
" to them by the Articles of War, His Majesty  
" having taken the same into his Royal  
" Consideration, & being determined to check  
" these increasing Wills by manifesting  
" in the strongest manner, his displeasure  
" at this dangerous & alarming Misconduct,  
" His Majesty does hereby most strictly  
" enjoin all Officers to conform on every  
" occasion, to the Rules & Articles of  
" War; forbidding most peremptorily  
" every act which may be contrary to the  
" Letter & Spirit of them, and declaring in  
" the most explicit manner that any  
" Officer who shall hereafter presume to  
" transgress these orders shall be immediately  
" dismissed His Majesty's Service."