

Notes on Reading  
 Montesquieu's  
Esprit des Loix

I. Of Laws in General

Laws in the most general signification, are the necessary relations arising from the nature of things; in this sense all beings have their laws, the Deity has his Law, as well as the material World; the intelligences Superior to Man; the beasts; & Man.

Nothing can be more absurd than the assertion that a blind fatality produce the various effects we behold in this World; for reason unassisted with Religion must convince us that chances could not have been

productive of intelligent Things, consequently there is a primitive reason; <sup>therefore</sup> Laws are the relations subsisting between it & different beings, & the relations of these beings amongst themselves.

before,

John Bull

London

17th Dec 1791

My dear Sir

I have the pleasure to inform you that the  
above mentioned business is now in the hands  
of the proper authorities and will be  
disposed of as soon as possible.

I am, Sir, very respectfully,  
Your obedient servant,

J. Bull

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above mentioned business is now in the hands  
of the proper authorities and will be  
disposed of as soon as possible.

J. Bull

Notes on Reading  
Montesquieu's  
Esprit des Loix

1. Of Laws in General

Nothing can be more absurd than the assertion that a blind fatality produced the various effects we behold in this World, for the most superficial knowledge of Natural History makes us admire the propriety and regularity with which every part of the Creation is composed, and reason sufficiently convinces that chance could not have been productive of Intelligent Beings.

From hence there must be a primitive reason, Laws are therefore the relations subsisting between it and different beings, and the relations of these beings among themselves.

God is related to the Universe as Creator and Preserver, the laws by which He created all things, are those by which He preserves them. He acts according to these Rules because He knows them, He knows them because He made them; and He made them because they are relative to His Wisdom and Power.

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As we see that the World tho' formed by the  
 motion of matter and void of understanding  
 subsists through so long a succession of Ages,  
 its motions must necessarily be directed by  
 invariable Laws.

These rules are a first and invariable relation.  
 In Bodies moved the motion is received,  
 increased, diminished, lost, according to the  
 relations of the quantity of matter and velocity.  
~~uninterruptedly in a uniform manner~~  
 constant.

*[Faint, illegible handwriting in cursive script, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]*

Notes on Reading

L'Esprit des Loix

Chap. I. of the Relations of Laws  
to Different Beings

Laws in their most general significations, are the  
necessary Relations resulting from the nature of things.

Those who assert that a blind fatality produced the various  
effects we behold in this World, are highly absurd; for  
what can be more so, than the pretending that a blind  
fatality could be productive of Intelligent Beings.

There is then a primitive reason, and Laws are the  
Relations subsisting between it and different beings,  
and the Relations of these beings among themselves.  
God is related to the Universe as Creator and Preserver.  
The Laws by which He created all things, are those by  
which He preserves them.

As the World though formed by the motion of matter,  
and void of understanding, subsists through so  
long a succession of Ages, its motions must  
certainly be directed by invariable Laws.

The Creation therefore, which seems an Arbitrary  
Act, suppose the Laws as invariable as those of the  
fatality of the Atheists.

It would be absurd to imagine that the Creator  
governed the World without those Rules

*[Faint, illegible handwriting on aged paper]*

Notes on Reading  
L'Esprit des Loix

Chap. I. Of the Relation of Laws  
to different Beings

Laws in their most general signification,  
are the necessary relations resulting from the  
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Those who assert that a blind fatality produced  
the various effects we behold in this World, are  
highly absurd; for what can be more so, than the  
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There is then a primitive reason, and Laws  
are the relations subsisting between it and  
different Beings, and the relations of these  
Beings among themselves.

God is related to the Universe as Creator, and  
Preserver; the Laws by which He created all  
things are those by which He preserves them.

As the World tho' form'd by the motion of  
matter and void of understanding, subsists  
through so long a succession of Ages, its  
motions must certainly be directed by invariable  
Laws.

The

*[Faint, illegible handwriting, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]*

2.  
The Creation, which seems an Arbitrary Act,  
supposes therefore Laws as invariables as those  
of the fatality of the Atheists

Before there were Intelligent Beings, they were  
possible, they had therefore possible relations,  
and consequently possible Laws.

Relations of Justice must therefore be acknowledged  
antecedent to the positive law by which they are  
established.

Man as a physical Being is like other bodies  
governed by invariable laws.

As an intelligent being he incessantly transgresses  
the Laws established by God, and changes those  
he himself has established.

To remind him of the former God has established  
the Laws of Religion.

Philosophy has provided the laws of morality  
to prevent his forgetting himself.

Legislators have framed Political and Civil  
Laws to prevent his forgetting his fellow creatures.

Fear,

world

world

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