

Apr. 16 1804

Middlesex The Examination of James Graham Esquire
Merchant in London at No. 35 Leadenhall
Street —

This Examinant Says he went
abroad in September last for the purpose of
purchasing Arms for the Ordnance Board under
the firm of Ross & Co, that on his return he
remained about six Months at Embden, that
he observed every Day instances of the
Authority which the French Consul Chevalier
exercises over the Municipal Officers, that
whilst Exam^t was there Chevalier went to
Meppen and stopp'd the passage of all the English
Goods there under pretence that he was searching
for Arms, Exam^t understands that the Report
of every Stranger who comes to Embden is
submitted to him by the Magistracy and
every person that he chooses to point out is
carried before them and examined, Exam^t
was so examined, whilst at Embden he
observed two French men named Le Sempel and
Le Cluque he is certain that he met them
every day for eight Days, He is very
confident they were there during eight Days

Examinant became well acquainted there
with an Englishman named Brown and
from him he learnt several particulars
relative to these persons which were
afterwards confirmed by Examinants own
observation, these Men when they arrived
in Embden went to one M^r: Schroder —
who poses for the Vice Consul from England

and they told him they had a communication of consequence to make to the English Government but had no money to proceed forward with, Schroder however dismissed them, having on a former Occasion of a similar Nature got into some Embarrassment with the Magistrates, these two French men employed themselves about Embden particularly applying to the English and stating the same story and requesting money, they at last procured some from a person in an Embden House of Commerce named Torison, Brown had reason to think they were not in fact without money but had Louis D'ors concealed about them, Brown took the means to inform himself that these persons had a secret interview with Chevardier in which the name of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales was mentioned and the word poison, this was distinctly overheard but the further subject of that interview was not discovered, Brown told Exam^t: this and Exam^t: believes it to be true, These french men were never once taken up examined or in the smallest degree molested by Chevardier, altho' every other French man arriving from France was questioned by him relative to his passports &c &c and although from the polite manner in which they had addressed themselves to the person called the English vice-consul and to individuals relative to the importance of their business in England it is utterly impossible considering the influence Chevardier has in Embden and the great number of Spies he employs

that they could have escaped his direct knowledge, these two Frenchmen did not by any means affect to remain concealed they wore every where and every day in Public and their pretended business was commonly talked of amongst the English in Cribden, Crant had himself a conversation with Barker an Englishman but a known spy of the French Consuls relative to these two men, and he informed Crant he thought they were going to England to communicate some project relative to Gunpowder or some scheme to get some money for themselves, these two men a part of the time they remained in Cribden lived in the same House that Barker resided in, Crant saw them every day in Barkers Company and as he knew something of Barker he frequently spoke to him when walking with these two Frenchmen - from all these circumstances as well as at known particular instance Crant thought it his bounden duty to inform the Capⁿ of the St. Albans that he suspected them very strongly and that he requested they might be detained, at Cribden no Captain under a penalty of 100 Ducats can take any person on board without a passport from the St. House, and an Officer waits on the Quay to inspect them this has been done since the plot against Amaratte has been found out and every possible degree of vigilance is used in this respect, Crant thinks that it was utterly impossible under the circumstances these two Frenchmen were that they could have got on board a vessel whether neutral or not without the knowledge and acquiescence of the

known before in
this 16th April 1704

A. Ford

1107

Copy Recitation
of James Graham Esq

[Faint, illegible handwriting, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]