

Wm. Herschel

Feb. 3 1788

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To Mr. Gieswell

Sir,

The forty feet telescope is advanced considerably and I have lately been casting the second great speculum; however, as the composition of the metal was pretty brittle, we found it cracked by cooling in the mould. Next week we shall cast it again with some small alteration in the mixture to render it a little more tough, and I hope we shall have better luck. When you can find a convenient opportunity, please to mention to the King that I wish to have 300 pounds more of the additional sum which it has pleased his Majesty to allow for the completion of this noble instrument.

I remain, Sir,

Slough. Feb. 3. 1788.

Your most humble  
Servant  
Wm. Herschel.

To Mr. Fairwell

Sir

The first part of the paper is devoted to  
describing the various kinds of iron castings  
forming great quantities; however, as the  
quantity of the metal was pretty little we found  
it necessary to work in the sand. We had  
the first cast of it again with fine sand  
after in the mixture to render it a little more  
tough, and I hope we shall have better luck.  
When you can find a convenient opportunity  
I shall be glad to mention to the Duke that I wish  
to have 300 pounds more of the addition  
you which I have already his Majesty to allow  
for the completion of this noble instrument.

I remain, Sir,  
Your most humble  
servant,  
Joseph Black

House of Lords

Monday 11<sup>th</sup> Feby 1788.

House of Lords.  
Monday Feby 11<sup>th</sup> 1788.  
Minutes.

The White Sheet Hill Road Bill was  
Read a 2<sup>d</sup> time and committed for to Morrow

Ord<sup>d</sup>: That the Earl of Guilford and the  
Earl of Strafford be excus'd from attending  
the Trial of Warren Hastings Esq<sup>r</sup>.

The Order of the Day for the Consid<sup>n</sup> of  
the Motion made on Thursday last touching  
Lords Tickets for the said Trial.

And the said Motion being Read by the  
Lord Chancellor - The same was agreed  
to and Ord<sup>d</sup> accordingly - None Dissent

Ord<sup>d</sup>: That the Minor Peers and Peers  
elder Sons may walk in the Procession  
to Westm<sup>r</sup> Hall during the said Trial.

Adj<sup>d</sup>: till to Morrow

*[Faint, illegible handwriting, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page]*

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Die Martis 5. Februarij 1788.

Ordered by the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament Assembled That the Serjeant at Arms be continued in the House to make Proclamations which are to be done in the King's Name.

That on the Day of Trial the whole Body of the House shall meet in the House in their Robes.

That being so met they shall go to Prayers as a House - And after Prayers they shall Adjourn into Westminster Hall.

That from the House the Lords shall go in this Manner - First the Clerks - Then the Masters in Chancery - Then the Judges - Then the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod - Then the Lords Two and Two - The Youngest Barons to go first, and so in Order according to their Precedency - Harter King at Arms calling them in their due Places by a List. - and when they

come

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come into Westminster Hall, the Lords are  
to place themselves according to their  
Precedency in the House there, until all the  
Peers are placed.

That the Serjeant at Arms do go before  
the Lord Chancellor.

That in Westminster Hall the House  
shall be Resumed And other Ceremonies  
to be observed by Officers necessary to manage  
the Trial, be left to be performed according  
to the usual Methods of such Trials.

That the Lord Chancellor do ask leave  
of the House for the Judges to be Covered.

That Proclamation be made for  
keeping Silence.

also.  
<sup>Impeached</sup>  
For calling the Person ~~to~~ to the Bar, who  
is to kneel until the Lord Chancellor bids  
him stand up.

That the whole Impeachment the  
Answer and Replication be Read; and  
that the Manner of Reading of the same  
be as follows That the first Article be Read  
and then the Answer thereto, then the second  
Article and the Answer thereto and so on till  
all the Articles and the Answers thereto  
respectively



respectively shall be Read and then the  
 Replication. — Which being done, The Lord  
 Chancellor is to tell the Commons that they  
 may now go on with their Evidence. — Then  
 the Lord Chancellor is to declare that now  
 the Court is proceeding to hear the Evidence  
 — and desire the Lords to give Attention.

That if any of the Lords or Members  
 of the House of Commons who manage  
 the Evidence, or the Person Impeached, do  
 desire to have any Question asked, they  
 must desire the Lord Chancellor to  
 ask the same.

That if any Doubt doth arise at the  
 Tryal no Debate is to be in the Court, but  
 the Question suspended to be Debated in the  
 House.

That the Members of the House of Commons  
 be there before the Lords come.

That none be covered at the Tryal but the  
 Lords.

That such Peers or Lords of Parliament  
 who at the Instance of the Person impeached  
 or of the Commons, shall be admitted  
 Witnesses are to be Sworn at the Clerk's Table  
 the Lord Chancellor to administer the Oath;  
 and they to deliver their Evidence in their Places.  
 That

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That those Witnesses that are Commoners  
are to be Sworn at the Bar, by the Clerk; and  
are to deliver their Evidence there.

That the Oath be.

The Evidence you shall give upon the  
Impeachment of Warren Hastings —  
shall be the Truth, the whole Truth and  
nothing but the Truth. — So help you God  
and the contents of this Book.

That the Person Impeached may Cross  
Examine Witnesses *Vivâ Voce*.

That if any Peer of Great Britain —  
who has not a Place in Parliament shall  
be admitted as a Witness at the Tryal of the  
Person Impeached a Chair be placed for  
him near the Table in the Court, and that  
such Peer shall be Sworn by the Lord  
Chancellor and deliver his Evidence —  
standing up there.

That the two first Benches in Westminster  
Hall shall be kept only for the Peeres and  
their Daughters, and none others.

That all the Judges do attend this House  
at the Tryal of Warren Hastings Esq: on a  
Wednesday the 13.<sup>th</sup> Instant.

That the Lords with white Staves do —  
humbly

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humbly move His Majesty from this House, that he will be pleased to give Orders that such Guards do attend at the Tryal of Warren Hastings Esq<sup>r</sup> on Wednesday the 13.<sup>th</sup> Instant in Westminster Hall, as hath been usual in such Cases.

That all the Constables of Westminster do attend in the Palace Yards at Westminster on Wednesday the 13.<sup>th</sup> Instant and during the Trial of Warren Hastings Esq<sup>r</sup> in Westminster Hall; And that they do take special Care, during the said Time that all the Coaches whatsoever, when they have set down the Persons they bring, be turned away through the Old Palace Yard and so to Abingdon Street and from thence so, that they cannot by any Way return through Parliament Street or King Street until four of the Clock in in the Afternoon.

To the High Steward of Westminster his Deputy or Deputies, and every of them.

That no Person shall be admitted with Tickets into Westminster Hall until Nine of the Clock in the Morning.

That the Avenues to this House, shall be guarded

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guarded; and Care taken that none be  
admitted but Lords Servants only, and the  
necessary Attendants of this House.

Die Veneris 8. Februarij 1788.

Ordered by the Lords Spiritual and  
Temporal in Parliament Assembled, That  
on the Day appointed for the Trial of  
Warren Hastings Esquire, and during the  
continuance thereof the Doors for Entrance  
into the Seats provided in Westminster  
Hall for the Lords Tickets be kept by the  
Doorkeepers of this House, who are at their  
Peril to let none in but such as bring their  
Tickets with them, and that the said  
Doorkeepers do take Care, that the Places  
appropriated for the Peereses and Peers  
Daughters be kept for them, and that Two  
Doorkeepers do attend at each Door, and if  
the present Number of Doorkeepers is not  
sufficient for this Service, that the Gentleman  
Usher of the Black Rod do appoint a  
sufficient Number of Assistants for that  
Purpose, and that the said Doors be not  
opened for the Admittance of any Person  
whatsoever into the said Seats before Nine  
of the Clock in the Morning.

Die Lunæ 11. Februarij 1788.

Ordered by the Lords Spiritual  
and Temporal in Parliament  
Assembled That every Lord of this  
House who will personally appear  
on Wednesday next at the Trial of  
Warren Hastings Esquire in  
Westminster Hall, shall have seven  
Tickets for the Admission of Persons  
to the Galleries provided for that  
purpose delivered to him in the  
Prince's Lodgings near the House of  
Peers on this Day ~~and~~ by the Deputy  
Great Chamberlain's Servants: provided  
that such Lord shall then and there  
apply for the same personally; or if  
any Lord desires Tickets for another,  
the same shall be delivered to him  
upon the Averment of any two Lords  
that they believe the Lord for whom  
such Tickets are required will  
personally appear at the Trial on  
Wednesday next.

also.

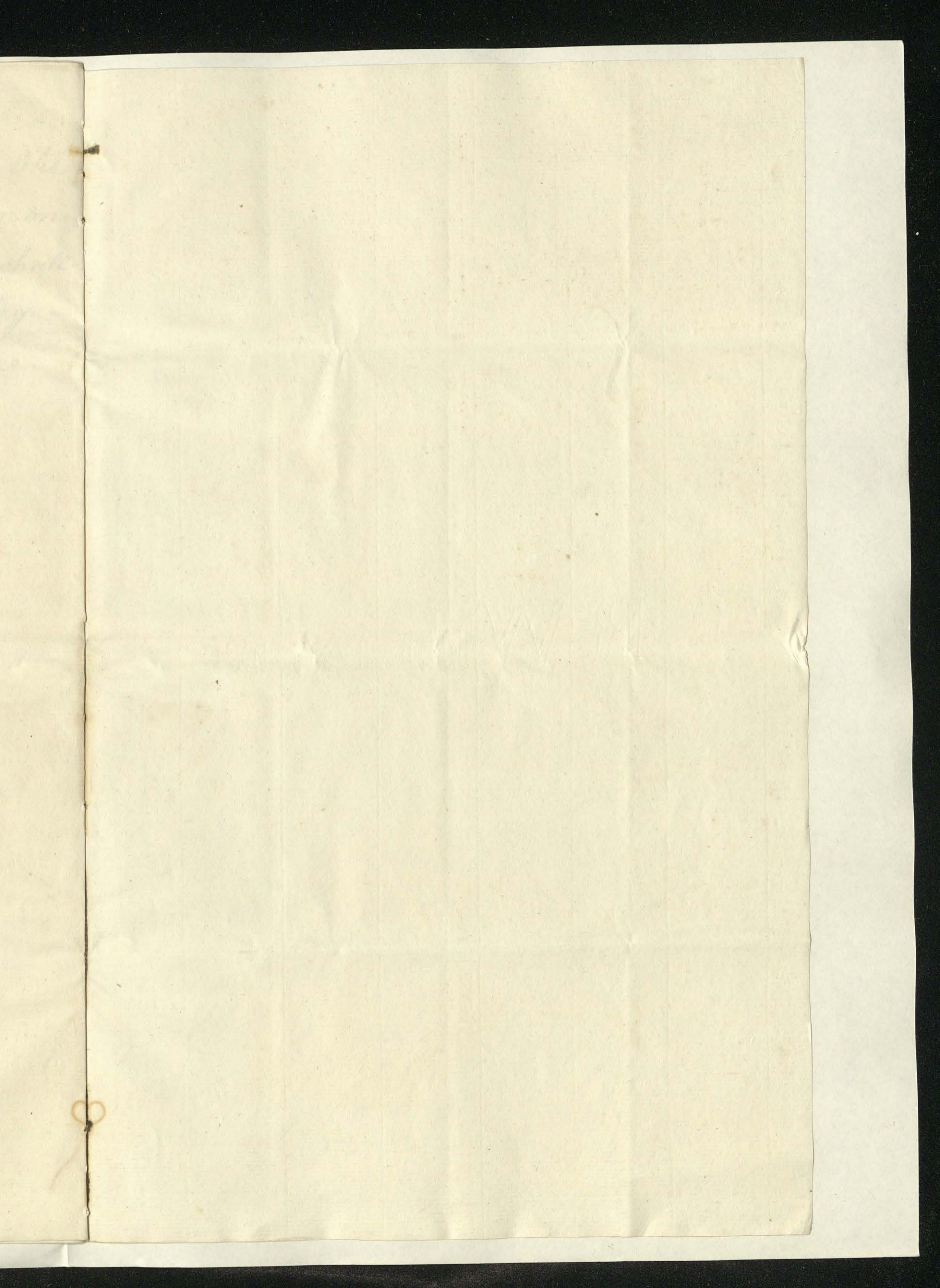
That

That the same number of such  
Tickets shall be delivered out in like  
manner from day to day to, or on  
requisition for, any Lord who shall  
have attended on the preceding  
day and to and for none other.

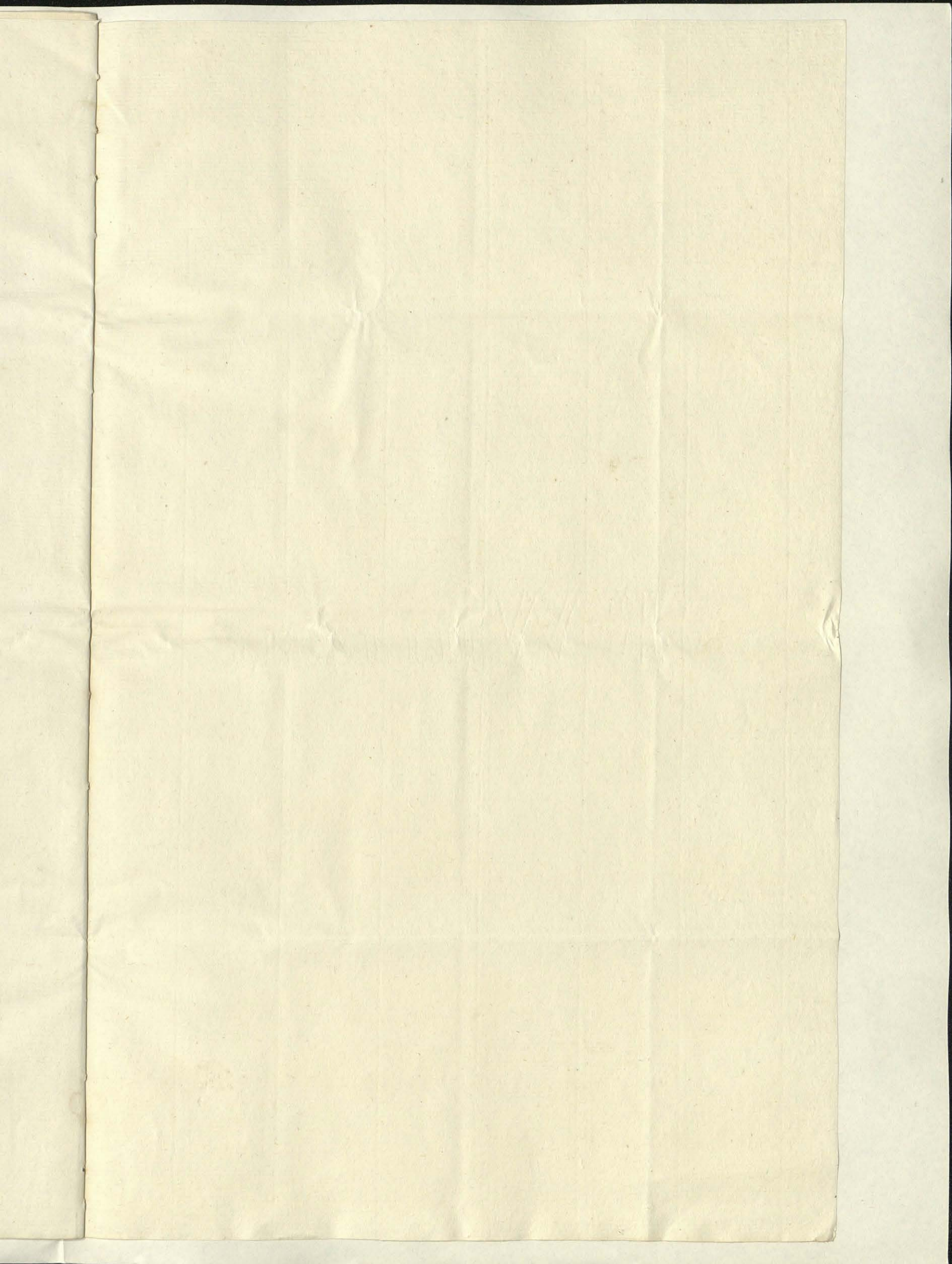
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...the number of ...  
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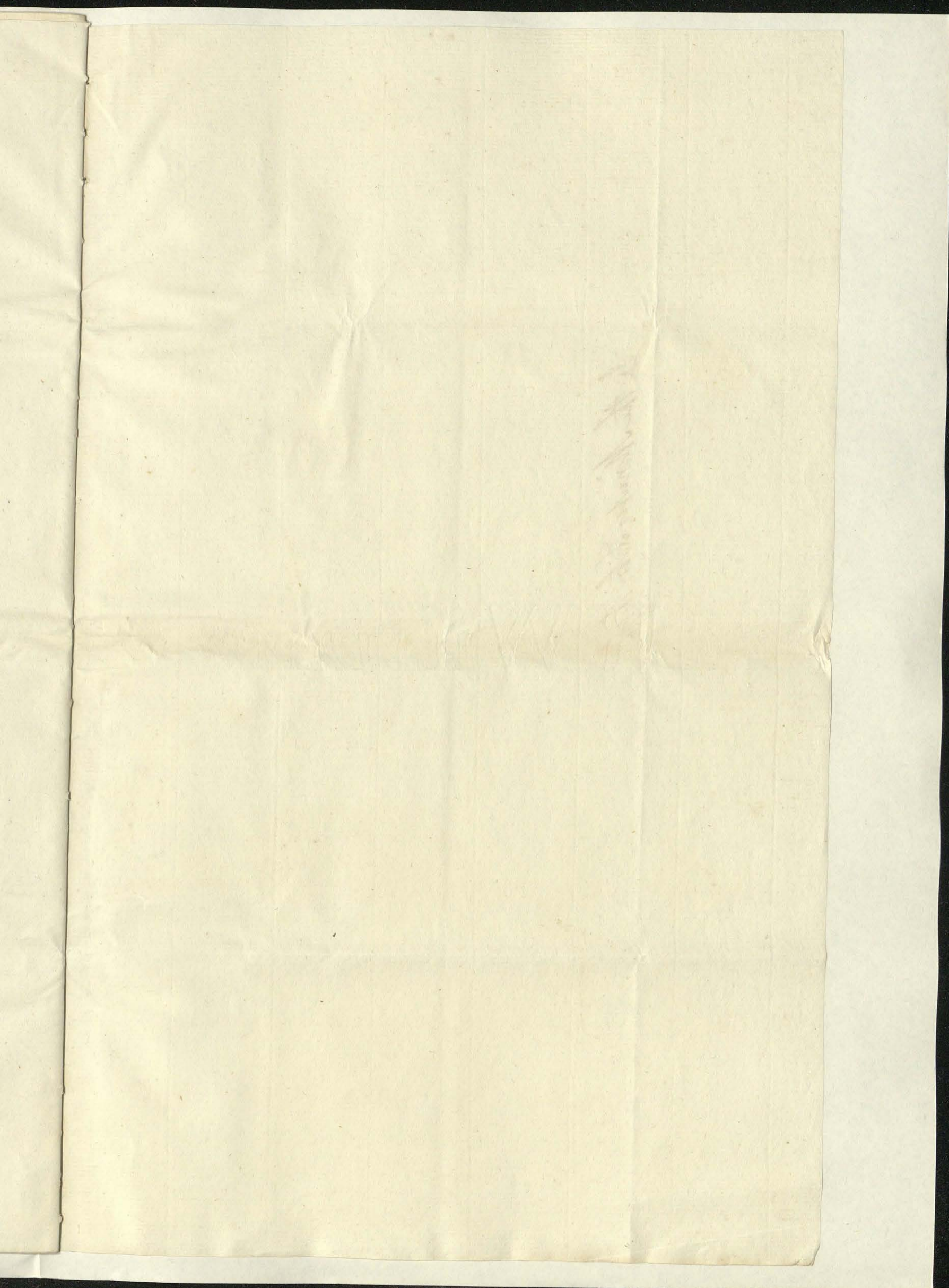












To the Ministers of State  
1798.







Shd. precede  
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Great George Street, 10<sup>th</sup> Feb<sup>r</sup>  
1788.

Sir Wm Burrell  
February 10. 1788

Your Majesty's Adj<sup>ut</sup> General, together with the Field Officer in waiting for the Brigade of Foot-Guards, having, in obedience to your Majesty's Commands, settled this morning with Sir Peter Burrell, the State & Strength of the Detachment of Guards, which will be requir'd on Wednesday next, on account of Mr. Hastings's Joyal, the same, in case your Majesty shall be pleas'd to approve of it, will consist, as on former Occasions of a similar nature, of a Body of 350 Men, from the Brigade of Foot Guards, with Officers, & Non-Commis<sup>ions</sup> Officers in proportion, under the Command of a Field Officer; — together with 80 of the Horse Guards mounted; — & the same number of Grenadier Guards, on Foot; — the whole to assemble at half after six on Wednesday morning next, & to march half an Hour after.

It has been also agreed, that Sir P. Burrell, — the Field Officer in waiting for the Brigade, together with the Field Officer, who is to command the

The Detachment, & the Adj<sup>t</sup> General, are to meet together at Westminster Hall, on Tuesday morning, in order to fix upon the general Disposition of the Troops, & to make such further Arrangements, as may appear to be necessary upon the occasion. — It is presum'd that the Marquis of Lothian, holdeth in Waiting, when he has receiv'd the honor of your Majesty's Commands, respecting the Force to be furnish'd by the four Troops of Horse, & Horse Grenadier Guards, with think it expedient, to send likewise some proper Officer to Westminster Hall, on Tuesday morning next, to assist in the general Arrangements, which may be then made, as well as to inform Himself, of the particular Duties, that may be destin'd for the Cavalry to perform upon the occasion.

Lord Sydney

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Whitehall

Feb: 12: 1789

$\frac{10}{15}$  past 4 P.M.

Lord Sydney humbly presumes  
to transmit to His Majesty a Paper,  
which was this morning delivered to  
him by the Chairman and Deputy Chairs

man

men of the Court of Directors of the  
East India Company, and likewise the  
determination of the Board of Control  
upon the matter contained in the  
said Paper.

Said Sydney also humbly

Submits

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a  
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mi  
the

Ad. Sydney

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submit to His Majesty's consideration  
a copy of a letter, which he proposes  
to send to the Directors, when he commu-  
nicates to them the Determination of  
the Board of Control.

Lord Lyndes  
17<sup>th</sup> February 1788

H. M. to Duke of Brunswick

Feb. 15 1788

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Mon Cher Beaufrere et Cousin, Je souhaite si ardemment  
que les Etats Generaux trouvent de bonnes Troupes pour  
remplacer les Troupes Prussiennes, que je donne  
très volontiers mon consentement <sup>à ce</sup> que la partie de vos  
troupes engagée à Mon service comme Etrangers en fasse  
partie, et j'ai fait le voir à Mon Ministere que je  
consent à l'arrangement ~~comme~~ <sup>tel que</sup> vous l'avez proposé

Les

Feb. 15. 1788.





Lord Sydney

February 20 1788

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House of Lords

Government Square

Feb: 20: 1788

$\frac{M}{25}$  post 7 P.M.

Lord Sydney humbly presents  
to send His Majesty the Motion made  
by Lord Hardwicke, and the List of the Lords  
who spoke in the debate. The Motion

was

was with drawn upon the general Dis.  
like shown to it by all parts of the  
House.

Enclosure

That an Humble Address be presented to his Majesty, praying that his Majesty will be graciously pleased to take into his Royal Consideration the Services of such Captains in his Majesty's Navy, as were passed over in the late Promotion of Admirals.

For the Motion.                   :                   Against it.

1. Lord Rawdon.

2. Viscount Howe.

3. Lord Hawke.

4. Earl of Sandwich.

5. Lord Rawdon.

*[Faint, illegible handwriting on aged paper, possibly bleed-through from the reverse side.]*

Lord Sydney

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Grosvenor Square  
Feb: 27: 1788

Mr  
45 per 11 P.M.

Lord Sydney humbly presumes to  
transmit to His Majesty the List of  
the Lords Present, and of the Speakers  
in the Debate, which was opened with  
great Ability and Dignity by the Lord

Chancellor.

Chancellor. Lord Sturhope made a motion, that Mr Hastings should answer the Charges Allegation by Allegation. This proposed proceeding was disliked by all parties, and indeed had it been wished to be pursued, would not easily have been put into practice. His Motion had the

previous

Ld. S.

6

quest.  
Mr G.  
Lord  
Chancellor  
Chancellor  
Grant  
Spoke  
Spoke

Ld. Sydney

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question put upon it: and the Debate upon  
Mr Fox's proposal from the Bar ensued.  
Lord Loughborough answered the Lord Chan-  
celler with great Eloquence and some De-  
clination. He was answered ably by Lord  
Granby. Lord Sturmont & Lord Carlisle  
spoke and divided in the Majority. The latter  
spoke particularly well. The supporters of

the

21 Feb

The motion seemed toward the latter  
end of the Debate to desert a great part  
of their own ground, seeing that the Disposi-  
tion of the House was strongly against them,  
which was manifested by the Division, in  
which several Peers, who are unconnected  
with them voted for them, but still raised their  
party to no considerable height.



Eucl.

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Die Iovis 21. Februarij 1788.

Mr. Osborn

Feb. 21: 1788

m. 1. Abp Cant.	1. Princeps Wallie.	m. 26. E. Floretoun.	L. Osborne Un. Pr
m. 2. York.	2. D. York.	m. 27. Westmorland.	m. 48. Sydney Un. Pr
1/3p Norwich.	3. Cumberland	m. 28. Chatham.	m. 49. Middleton.
Chester.	4. Chancellor.	m. 29. Rochford.	m. 50. Sandys.
Salisbury.	m. 30. M. Stafford C.P.S.	m. 30. Waldegrave.	Brownlow.
Bangor.	5. Combanden Raes.	22. Fitzwilliam.	Chedworth.
St Davids.	m. 31. Chandos.	23. Scarborough.	Amherst.
Peterborough.	m. 32. Newcastle.	m. 31. Essex.	Montfort.
Carlisle.	m. 7. Bridgewater.	m. 32. Denbigh.	Walpole.
Bath & Wells.	4. Devonshire.	m. 33. Harrington.	Milton.
Litchfield & Cov.	5. Manchester.	m. 34. Delawarr.	Craven.
Rochester.	6. Norfolk. C.M.	m. 35. Winchilsea.	Loughborough.
Landaff.	m. 7. Brandon.	m. 36. Balcarras.	Dialy.
Exeter.	m. 8. Richmond.	24. Powis.	Lorraine.
Durham.	7. Montagu.	Sandwich.	Berwick.
Gloucester.	8. Portland.	25. Lough.	Sommers.
London.	9. Bedford.	m. 37. Norwich.	Walsingham.
	m. 9. Lansdown.	m. 38. Chester.	Porchester. 2
	10. Townshend.	26. Leicester. 2	Sage Sele.
	m. 10. Salisbury.	m. 39. Strange.	Rawdon 2
	m. 11. Fauconberg.	m. 40. Berkeley.	Harrowby.
	11. Stamford.	m. 41. Weymouth.	Dacre.
	12. Hanhope.	m. 42. Stormont.	Douglas.
	m. 12. Maulesfield.	m. 43. Courtenay.	Belham.
	13. Spencer.	m. 44. Edgcombe.	Hawkesbury.
	m. 13. Oxford.	m. 45. Hampden.	King
	m. 14. Chesterfield.	m. 46. Howe.	Grantley.
	m. 15. Halloway.	m. 47. Wentworth.	Thinnaird.
	m. 16. Abingdon.		Bathcart.
	17. Huntingdon.		Flay.
	m. 17. Coventry.		Southampton.
	18. Doncaster.		Ducie.
	m. 18. Radnor.		Heathfield.
	m. 19. Norton.		Foley.
	19. Abergavenny.		Bulkeley.
	Jersey.		Willoughby de Broke
	20. Exeter.		Boston.
	21. Tankerville.		Bardiff.
	m. 20. Aylesford.		Glawke.
	22. Derby.		Portescue.
	m. 21. Suffolk.		Onslow & Branley.
	m. 22. Brook & Warwick.		Sommers.
	m. 23. Talbot.		Ponsonby.
	24. Holmondley.		Delaval.
	m. 24. Bredalbane.		Howard de Wall 24
	m. 25. Carlisle.		
	27. Harcourt.		

*[Faint, illegible handwritten text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]*

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6392

Order of Day, to take into consideration  
the mode of proceeding on  
the Impeachment of W. Hastings  
1. Lord Chancellor 2. Earl Stanhope who

moved, that the Managers on the  
part of the Commons of Great Britain  
be directed neither to proceed upon the  
whole of the Charges, nor upon their  
accusations Article by Article, but to  
proceed to support the criminalizing  
Allegations one by one.

Against the Motion.

- 1. Earl of Coventry.
- 2. Earl of Abingdon.
- 3. Lord Loughborough, who moved

MS. This motion had  
the previous Question  
put and carried upon  
it.

that the Managers for the House of  
Commons and the Prisoner be informed  
that the Lords will proceed to hear the  
first Article in the manner proposed  
by the Managers.

against it.

- 1. Duke of Richmond.
- 2. Viscount Stormont.
- 4. Lord Grantley.
- 6. Lord Grantley.

For it

- 3. Earl of Derby.
- 5. Lord Loughborough

7. Lord Chancellor.  
9. Earl of Carlisle.

<sup>100:</sup>  
8. Lord Loughborough.  
10. Duke of Norfolk.

Not Contents. 00

Contents. 33.

Teller. C. of Galloway

Teller. C. of Derby.

Resolved in the Negative.

Resolved, That the Commons be informed that they do proceed to produce all their Evidence in support of their Impeachment before the defendant is called upon for his Defence.

Minutes and  
List of Speakers  
Feb: 21: 1788  
House of Lords

Enc. to  
6392

House of Lords

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Thursday 21<sup>st</sup> Feby 1788.

House of Lords  
Thursday Feby 21<sup>st</sup> 1788.

Minutes

This Day the Royal Assent was Pronounc'd to the Scotch Distillery Bill and three other Public Bills — By Virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal for that Purpose.

The Worcester Roads and Mr. Browne's Name Bills were bro<sup>d</sup>. from the Common and Read a 1<sup>st</sup> time.

The Riddle den Common and the Marchwiel Road Bills were Read a 2<sup>d</sup> time and Comitted for to Morrow. As was also

L. Tralmouth's Estate Bill and Comitted for to Morrow Toitnight.

At Pet<sup>n</sup> of Mr. Glynn. And also

At Pet<sup>n</sup> of Mr. Hicks for Private Bills were severally presented and Read and referred to two Judges to Consider and Report.

The Judges Report on Mr. Biscoe's Pet<sup>n</sup> for a Bill was Read and the Bill a 1<sup>st</sup> time.

The Order of the Day being Read for taking into Consid<sup>n</sup> the Mode of Proceeding upon the Articles of Impeachment of Warren Hastings Esq<sup>r</sup> — and for the Lords to be Summon'd — and for the Judges to Attend.

Mov'd That the Managers on the Part

of the Commons of Great Britain be directed  
neither to proceed upon the whole of the  
Charges nor upon their Accusations Article  
by Article but to proceed to support the  
criminating Allegations one by one.

Which being Objected to  
After Debate

The previous Question was put Whether  
the said Question shall be now put,  
Resolved in the Negative.

Then it was Mov'd That the Managers of  
the House of Commons be Inform'd That the  
Lords will proceed to hear the first Article  
in the Manner proposed by the Managers.

Which being Objected to  
After Debate

The Question was put thereupon<sup>2</sup>  
Resolved in the Negative.

Ord<sup>d</sup>: That the Commons be Inform'd that  
they do proceed to produce all their Evidence  
in support of their Impeachment before the  
Deft is called upon for his Defence.

Adj<sup>d</sup>: till to Morrow

Cont 339  
Hoffant 88

P. d'Orange  
La Haye le 29<sup>me</sup> Février 1758.

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Sire

Leurs Hautes Puissances les Aiguës Etats Généraux des Provinces Unies  
ayant nommé le Baron de Nagell Ambassadeur auprès de Votre Majesté  
je ne saurois le laisser partir sans le Charge de remettre cette Lettre à  
Votre Majesté. J'espère qu'Elle excusera la liberté que je prends de saisir cette  
Occasion de l'offrir de ma Vie Gratitude pour toutes Ses Bontés & de mon  
Sincère & respectueux Attachement pour Sa Personne,  
qu'il me soy permis en même Temps de lui témoigner Combien ardemment je  
desire que l'Alliance qui respèrroit les Noeuds qui ont Subsisté si longtemps  
& le bonheur entre ma Patrie & la Grande Bretagne & n'auroient jamais

du se rompre, puisse etre promptement conclue.  
 Je compte trop sur les Bontes pour Craindre de lui deplaire en mettant sous  
 les yeux que pour que cette Alliance puisse etre durable & que la Puissance qui a  
 le plus d'Interet a la traverser n'en puisse venir a bout il est Neceaire qu'elle  
 Soit fondee sur une base Solide & que les deux Nations ayent egaleement Interet  
 a la Conserver.  
 Je dois lui avouer Naturellement que je ne vois pas pour a la faire Conclure sur le  
 Pied que Mr. le Chevalier Harris l'a proposee a Mr. le Conseiller Pensionnaire  
 Van der Spiegel & je crois qu'il est Neceaire pour devancer entierement les Interets  
 de la France que Negapatnam Soit rendue a notre Compagnie des Indes  
 & que l'on prenne des arrangements touchant la Navigation dans les Mers de

l'Orient  
 d'autres m  
 Une Pre  
 Anglor  
 Moyen de  
 aments pu  
 orales & e  
 les Amm  
 protige  
 plus Inter  
 tion Am



P. d'Orange  
La Haye 29<sup>me</sup> Janvier 1755.

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l'Orient qui mettent la République a l'Abri de la Crainte de voir par en  
d'autres manis le Commerce des Indes.

Une **Preuve** aussi forte des Bontes de Votre Majesté & de l'affection de la Nation  
Angloise pour ce Pais seroit le plus Grand Effet & je m'assure que ce seroit le Vrai  
Moyen de rendre l'Alliance Solide & durable. Surtout si on faisoit des Arrange  
ments pour un Traité de Commerce au sujet du Transport des Munitions Né  
cessaires & en particulier des Bois de Construction qui peuvent oter a la France  
les Armes dont Elle s'est servie avec tant de Dextérité pour obliger ce Pais a  
protéger une branche de Commerce au maintien de laquelle cette Puissance est  
plus Intéressée que nous & cela sous le Spectieux pretexte qu'un Refus de Protec  
tion Armee de cette branche de Commerce blesse la Neutralité & gêne une

tant sous  
lance qui a  
ne qu'elle  
ment Intéret  
lure sur le  
ionnaire  
et les Indes  
des Indes  
les Mers de

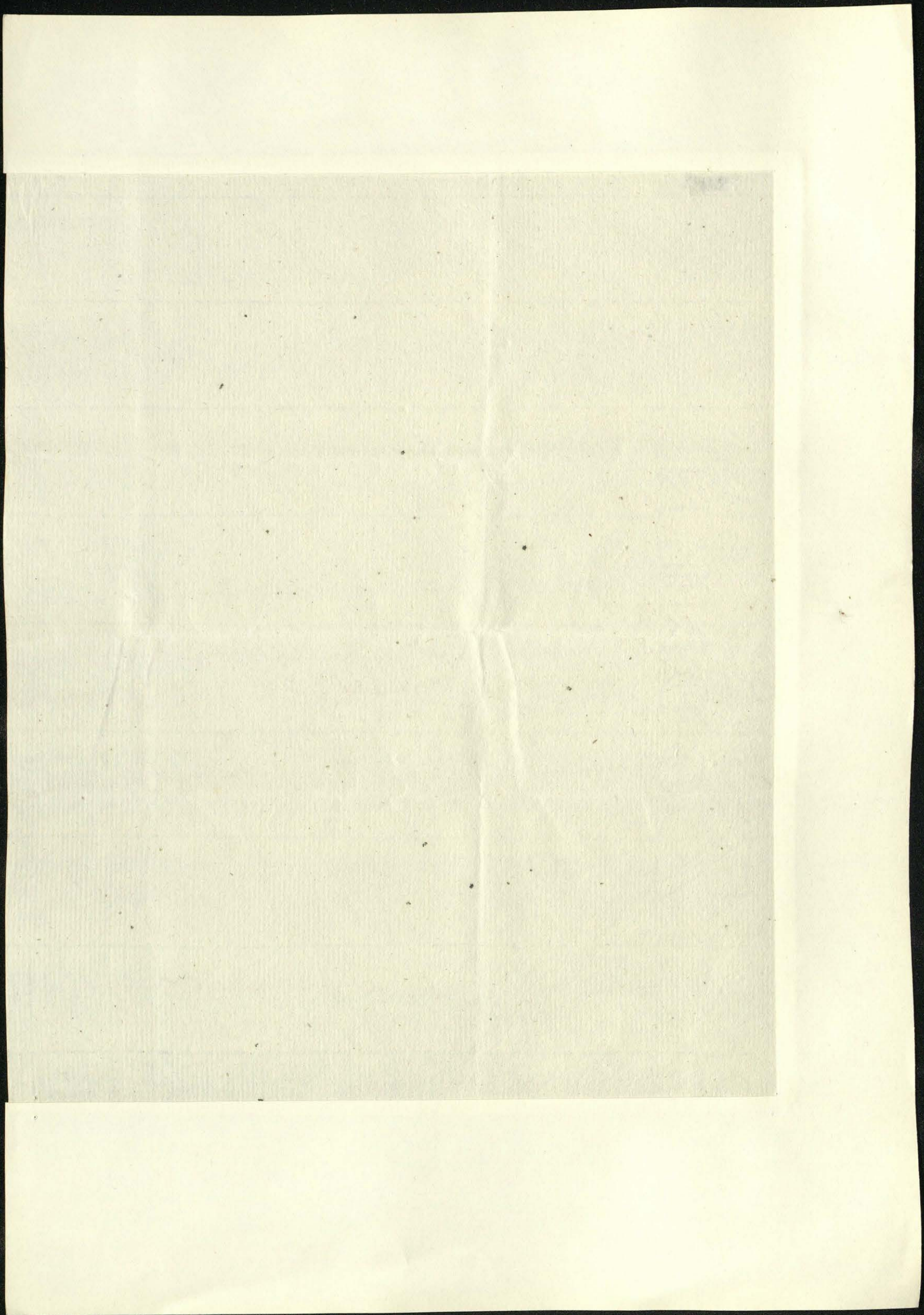
partialité pour leurs Ennemis.  
Je m'étois toujours flatté de voir consolider l'effet de la Révolution à laquelle  
Votre Majesté a daigné prendre tant de part & que la conclusion de l'Alliance  
avec la Grande Bretagne & la Prusse intimideroit les malintentionnés &  
mettroit un frein aux Menees de la France & ce n'est qu'avec une Vraie  
Peine que moi & j'ose dire tous ceux qui pensent bien dans ce Pais, voyent que  
l'Alliance avec la Grande Bretagne ne marche pas d'un pas égal avec celle  
que nous allons contracter avec la Prusse & de ce que nous nous trouverons dans  
la Situation de ne pouvoir encore compter la Grande Bretagne parmi nos  
Alliés, tandis que nous le serons avec d'autres Puissances.  
Je fais bien des Vœux pour que les obstacles qui occasionnent le retard d'une  
Alliance que je regarde & ai toujours regardée comme Utile aux deux Nations  
puisse bientôt être levé & j'espère qu'en faveur de mon Peuple pour ce que  
je regarde comme l'Intérêt commun de la Grande Bretagne & de ma Patrie

Votre Majesté excusez si je l'importance par une lettre aussi longue.  
 Daignez Sire agréer que je termine cette lettre en me recommandant  
 avec les miens à la continuation de la Protection & de la Bienveillance  
 de Votre Majesté dont Elle a daigné me donner tant de Preuves & que je lui re-  
 nouvelle les assurances de son très Profond Respect avec lequel j'ai l'honneur  
 d'être,

Sire,

La Haye ce 29 Février 1788.

De Votre Majesté  
 Le très humble & très  
 obéissant serviteur & cousin  
 G. F. D'Orange.



Stuart

To Genl Douglas  
February 1700

To The King.

6398

Sire

In the private Audience which Your Majesty was graciously pleas'd to Grant to me Yesterday, On reflection, I suffer a very painfull apprehension, lest, from being Unaccustom'd to Address Your Majesty, I may, much Contrary to my intention, have so indistinctly express'd myself, as to have rather given offence; But, the Loyal & Dutyfull Respect which I ever have, & shall entertain for my most gracious Sovereign, Let the Event of the humble Request I then made, be what it may, I find I can not be happy, untill I risque these few lines, as my Appology, most humbly beseeching that your Majesty will be graciously pleas'd to receive it in good part.

I meant then most humbly to have inform'd you Sire, that I computed about £4000 due to me for the Civil Service I had perform'd, as Stated in my last Memorial to the Lords of Treasury; The Heads of which I humbly beg leave herewith, in Support of what I have the honor here to advance, to lay before you; which Claim I was willing to relinquish in favor of the Publick, humbly Submitting my Request, of being Restor'd to the Command of a Regiment, to your Royal Equity, & gracious Consideration; Observing at some time, tho' perhaps improperly, that, at the present advanced period of my Life, any Regiment that might be given me, could not in a pecuniary way indemnify the Sum claim'd.

Having pass'd the greater part of <sup>my</sup> Life, in <sup>the</sup> Military Service of your Majesty's Crown, I am still willing, with zeal & Ardor, to devote  
the

The remains of it to your Majesty's further Service, being with  
the most Loyal Duty, and respectful Submission to whatever your  
Royal Decision may be in regard to the Request I have had the honor  
to make, ~~and~~

I have the Honor to be

Sir

Your Majesty's

London Feb.<sup>ry</sup>

1788.

Most devoted, Loyal Subject  
and faithful Servant

St. J. Myles M. G.  
4 Col<sup>l</sup>. of the 104<sup>th</sup> Foot.