

Henry Dundas

7165

Whitehall Tuesday 3<sup>d</sup> April  
3 p. M.

Mr Dundas humbly takes  
leave to transmit to  
His Majesty a Letter He  
has received from Lord  
Chancellor, and he begs  
to receive His Majesty's  
pleasure upon it. In

the meantime Mr Jundas  
has suggested to the  
Lord Chancellor the pro-  
priety of not inserting in  
the Commission for tomorrow  
the Bill to which he  
refers; It can either be  
repealed by another Commission

Henry Dundas

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on Thursday, or by His Majesty in person as His Majesty shall be pleased to determine. The Bill for applying the 400000 £ to the extinction of the National Debt may receive the Royal assent at the

Mr Dundas.

Whitehall 3 April

same time. Mr Dundas  
takes the liberty of sug-  
gesting to His Majesty  
that besides the Recorder,  
two Reports, which pres-  
it is expedient to have  
a Council tomorrow to  
pass some Irish Bills.

Ld. Grenville

Apr. 3 1793

7166

Whitehall April 3. 1793.

In obedience to Your Majesty's commands  
which Lord Grenville had the honour to receive this  
morning, instructions will this night be sent to  
Lord Auckland, and also a letter to Sir James Murray  
for the information of His Royal Highness the Duke  
of York, authorizing His Royal Highness and Lord  
Auckland

1d.

Rochland to proceed to Antwerp, and also empowering  
His Royal Highness to move the British and Hanoverian  
troops towards the frontier of French Flanders. Lord  
Grenville is apprehensive that the fair drafts will  
not be ready to send to Your Majesty tonight, and  
therefore troubles Your Majesty with this detail.

Lord Grenville has been informed  
today, that by some neglect the necessity for holding  
a Council to pass some Irish bills has been overlooked,  
and that the Parliament of Ireland is to meet

Ld. Grenville

Apr. 3 1793

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on the north to receive them. He is therefore under  
the disagreeable necessity, in the absence of Lord Camden  
and Mr Dundas, of troubling Your Majesty, which he  
trusts Your Majesty will excuse, to request to know whether  
Your Majesty would be graciously pleas'd to hold a  
Council for this purpose at Windsor either Friday or  
Saturday. Lord Grenville having finished his business  
in town proposes returning to Deptford tomorrow  
morning, which he takes the liberty of mentioning in  
order that he may the sooner be honour'd with Your  
Majesty's commands.

Lord Grenville.  
Whitehall. 3 April 1793.



For next letter,  
c. 9 April 1793,  
see 7377

D. of York  
Bergen op Zoom April 4<sup>th</sup> 1793.  
N<sup>o</sup>

7167

Boyer of Zorn April 4 1793

Sir

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt  
of Your Majesty's very gracious letter of the 29 and to  
express to You Sir how happy, the approbation which Your  
Majesty has been pleased to express of my conduct hitherto  
makes me.

The very extraordinary and unexpected events  
of which Captain Crawford has brought me this day  
the account and of which Sir James Murray has transmitted  
a copy, have made such an alteration in affairs, as makes  
it necessary to alter the orders I had given to the Hanoverian  
troops, I shall therefore send Lieutenants Colonel Tucker  
tomorrow morning to Commench, and from thence to the  
Field Marshal, to order the Hanoverians to march  
the shortest way to Ostend.

I shall leave this place on the 7<sup>th</sup> to go to  
Antwerp to the Conference which has been proposed by the

Prince of Coburg through Lord Auckland, and shall take  
care to transmit to Your Majesty as soon as possible the  
event.

I need not, I trust inform You, Sir, that I shall  
take care in the Conference to keep always in view, the  
instructions Your Majesty has done me the Honor to  
give concerning the destination of the Troops

I have the Honor to be Sir,

Your Majesty's

Most Obedient Son  
and Subject.

Frederick

Mr Pitt.

April 10. 1793.

7168

A Recommendation from Your Majesty  
being necessary in order to introduce the  
proposed Vote of Credit of One Million and  
an half for the Service of the present  
Year, Mr Pitt humbly presumes to  
submit for Your Majesty's Signature  
a Message in the usual Form for that

purpose, which may, if your Majesty is  
pleas'd to approve of it be deliver'd tomorrow,  
and refer'd to a committee the next day  
Mr Pitt also takes the liberty of submitting  
a message to the House of Lords, as has been  
usual on similar occasions.

Towning Street

Monday Night April 8<sup>th</sup> 1793.

Lord Grenville  
11<sup>th</sup> April 1793

7169

Whitehall <sup>to p. 1.</sup> April 11. 1793.  
<sub>PM.</sub>

Lord Grenville has the honour to  
transmit to Your Majesty the dispatch from  
Lord Auckland, brought this morning by Sir  
James Murray, as also a letter from His Royal  
Highness the Duke of York. — Sir James goes this  
morning.

Morning to Batlands, and will have the honour to  
pay his duty to your Majesty at the levee tomorrow,  
unless your Majesty should have any earlier commands  
for him.

For previous letter,  
c. 9 April 1793,  
see 7377

D. of York  
Bever April 12<sup>th</sup> 1793.  
N<sup>o</sup>

7170

Head Quarters at Bever April 12. 1793

Sir

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of Your Majesty's very gracious Letter of the 5<sup>th</sup> and to express to You Sir how happy Your Majesty's approbations of the different arrangements I have taken concerning the March of the respective Troops under my Command, makes me.

I disembarked the two Brigades the day before yesterday and am encamped with them in three villages about two leagues from Antwerp upon the West side of the Scheldt. which I consider as a very fortunate Circumstance, as the French Garrison of Guldensberg and Breda have been passing through Antwerp for these two days, and I am perfectly convinced it would have been very difficult to have hindered something very disagreeable happening between our Troops and these infamous Rebels particularly as by their Capitulation they are allowed to be armed. I mean to march from hence tomorrow morning to Leekne and the next day to Ghent, and shall be on the 17<sup>th</sup> at Bruges, when I hope Murray will meet me again and bring me Your Majesty's orders. I inspected the 37 and 53 Regiments the day before yesterday.

and the 14<sup>th</sup> yesterday, I found them infinitely better than I expected  
the Draft they have received from Cleburne is really very good, the Independent  
Company which the 3<sup>rd</sup> received is pretty good, but I can not say so much  
for the one which the 14<sup>th</sup> received, indeed I think I have thought them  
perfect papers if I had not seen afterwards some of the French at  
Ansbach to whom they were given. Unfortunately the 14<sup>th</sup>  
Draft brought with them a Bad fever by which two here of the 14<sup>th</sup>  
have died, two however now going off

Marshal Fraytag returned yesterday morning to  
Wehl in order to meet the second Division of the Hessians  
whom he has ordered to pass the Rhine at that place as it is  
much the shortest road they can take to Ansbach and from thence  
to Osnabruck as soon as General Wilmader arrives at Wehl the  
Field Marshal orders to come back and join the first Division

I am the Honored to be

Sir  
Your Majesty's

most Obedient Son  
and Subject

Frederick



Gen.  
Wm. V.  
Freitag

7171

Wesell den 14. April 1793.

Allenhochachtungster König und Fürstlich  
Fürstlicher Herr

Ihre Königlich Majestät höchst fürstlich  
Kriegs- und Post-Script vom 12ten dieses, so wie  
von dem Eintrant de Longueville nachgelesen worden,  
den, habe ich in Andwerpen erhalten.

Mit dem General Commissair Brook Watson  
habe ich wegen der Nation und Fortion welche ihre  
Truppen nach einem Marschzug, so ich von dem  
Kriegs- Einzahlung erhalten, gesprochen; Derselben  
ist zwar bereit alles Mögliche zu thun, erwehlt  
aber daß dieses Marschzug von Ihrer Königlich  
Majestät unterzogen werden müge, und daß,  
wenn man ihn sehen, ob dies noch alle Zeit

Sein

sehr gelinstet worden sind, so wie es auch in  
Königlichen Feld-Exercitien geschieht.

Obgleich dieses reglement die Natur Offiziers und Generals,  
an manchen wegen unrichtiger Exercitien und nicht,  
denn wie nachgehenden unserer Truppen beobachtet  
wird, und werden sehr natürlich in einem so kleinen  
Lande wie Schwaben sehr selten kommen.

Dem General Adjutanten von Speyer welche  
ich von allen diesen unterrichtet sind für  
Königlichen Majestät <sup>unmittelbar</sup> ersuchen, beistehen,  
und habe ich geglaubt daß dieses der Königlichsten  
geheimlichste May sein wird, um wegen der Ein-  
zahlung der Truppen nunmehr bald möglichst in  
Erfolgkeit zu kommen.

Ich gedenke daß für Königlichen Majestät dieses  
allergnädigste genehmigen werden, und nachstehend  
über diese Truppen in demselben allergnädigsten  
Befehl, und nachher mit allertingster Befehl,  
Atte

Geo. Königlichen Majestät

aller unterzeichneten, dem  
geheimlichster Generals  
Wilhelm von Freitag

Gen.  
A.  
von  
Spörcken

Die erste Division des Fürstlichen Heeres bestand aus dem 1<sup>ten</sup> Grenadier Bataillon des 10<sup>ten</sup> und 11<sup>ten</sup> Infanterie, des 9<sup>ten</sup> und 10<sup>ten</sup> Luft- und Dragoner, 1<sup>ten</sup> und 11<sup>ten</sup> Cavalerie Regimenten, der 1<sup>ten</sup> Division sächsischer Artillerie, welche am 6. und 12. April aus dem Großfürstenthum Preussen über die Provinzen Overijssel und Geldern über Enschede, Borckeloo und Deutchem in Clevesch, passirte am 12. April über Rhein bei Spiess über Cleve und Cranenburg nach Graaf, woselbst sie am 15. über die Maas zog nach Hertogenbusch, Osterwick, Hochstraten und am 19. und 27. April in und bei Antwerpen einlangt. Von da am 21. über die Schelde nach Vendermonde, Gent und Brüggen, woselbst die Avantgarde am 26. April und das letzte 4<sup>te</sup> Infanterie Regiment am 2. May eintrafen sind.

Die 2<sup>te</sup> Division bestand aus dem General Maub, der Leib Garde, 2<sup>ten</sup>, 5<sup>ten</sup> und 7<sup>ten</sup> Cavalerie Regimenten, dem 2<sup>ten</sup> Grenadier Bataillon der Garde des 5<sup>ten</sup>, 6<sup>ten</sup> und 11<sup>ten</sup> Infanterie Regimenten, der 2<sup>ten</sup> Division sächsischer Artillerie und dem Hospitäl, welche am 20. April und successive bis am 13. May bei Wesel ein, passirte sich am Rhein und marschirte über Geldern nach Venloo woselbst sie über die Maas zog und am Maasch über Wert und Herentals nach Antwerpen fortzog, sie passirte die Schelde, zog dann über St. Nicolas nach Gent und so fort nach Brüggen, woselbst die 2. Bataillon Garde am 6. May und das letzte 11<sup>te</sup> Infanterie Regiment am 29. May eintrafen sind.

A. v. Spörcken  
General Adjut.

Wesel am 11. Apr. 1703.

Duke of York

7173

Bruges April 17. 1793

Sir

I want words to express to Your Majesty every thing which I felt at the receipt of Your two most gracious Letters of the 8 and 12 both of which reached me yesterday. The very flattering mark of Your Majesty's approbation of my conduct thus far by promoting me to the rank of General and the very kind assurances which You are pleased, Sir, to give me of Your affection and of Your regard upon all occasions to my interest fill my Heart with a satisfaction which I can not describe. As I know how little Your Majesty is an admirer of high-flown Speeches I will only beg You Sir to be assured that I shall ever be my first care to endeavour to conduct myself in such a manner as not to render myself undeserving of that affection of which Your Majesty has ever given me so many

proofs.

I have received two letters from the Duke of Devonshire in which he says that he can not sufficiently express all the goodness and kindness with which Your Majesty has been graciously pleased to treat him during the time he has had the honor to pay New Duty to You.

I arrived here yesterday with the Troops from Lybent, and am this morning to have a conference with two Ambassadors concerning the situation of the different parts, as however, Sir James Murray is not as yet arrived and I am not as yet informed how far it may be Your Majesty's intentions to enter into the Siege of Caloug, or what place of operation, I shall give no decisive answer.

By the Account which I received at my arrival here I understand that the Corps of Troops which he brought over with them is wholly dispersed and that himself and all the Officers who accompanied him are to set out as today from Bonaples for Superlen I understand that he says that if it had not been for

Duke of York

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the second Declaration published by the Prince of Cobourg  
He should have been able to form an Army, I however am perfectly  
convinced that this is first of all totally untrue, and secondly  
that even if it had, it would only have been composed of  
troops attached to the revolution of 1789, and who would have  
done the greatest mischief to the Cause we are engaged in  
I think it is the greatest piece of good fortune for all the powers  
and for the Prince of Cobourg himself that Dumouriez's  
promises vanished directly, as after his first Declaration  
Had he delivered up any of the Fortified Towns he had offered  
to the Emperor  
it would have been very displeasing to have discovered the  
Prince of Cobourg,

I have the Honor to be Sir

Your Majesty's

Most Obedient Son  
and Subject

Frederick

1793

*[Faint, mostly illegible cursive handwriting, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]*

*[Handwritten signature:]*  
D. of York  
Bridges April 17<sup>th</sup> 1793.  
C. S.

D. of York  
Theiler April 19<sup>th</sup> 1793.  
N<sup>o</sup>.

Theiler April 19 1793

7174

Sir

I am no time in returning Your Majesty my most  
humble thanks for Your very gracious letter of the 18 which I  
have this instant received.

I perfectly understand Your Majesty's intention that I  
may act in cooperation to the Army of the Prince of Coburg but  
that I am rather to put myself under his orders or to  
take any detachment from the Troops under my command  
to join him, both of which, unless by Your Majesty's particular  
order I should be exceedingly sorry to do.

It is in conformity with this idea contained in the  
instructions which I received through Sir James Murray  
that I marched this morning from Bonn with the Brigade  
of Foot Guards, and the Grenadiers <sup>and Light Infantry</sup> of the Line, and have ordered  
the 14<sup>th</sup> Regiment to follow tomorrow, through this place to assist  
in order to cover the right flank of the Prince of Coburg's  
Army, I have likewise on that view in this movement which



is to take the Garrison of the Enemy from Dunkirk, thereby all accounts  
there, on all heavy troops or Garrison they have there on some business  
near it

I am not sufficiently express my thanks to you for  
your goodness in having already declared that should any expedient  
be sent into Brittany, that your Majesty will undertake  
with the utmost spirit, I feel this as an additional proof of that  
affection and goodness which your Majesty has ever been  
pleas'd to show towards me

As it will be absolutely necessary for your  
Praying to have an English Red or Camp attached to them I have  
taken the liberty to recommend to you Sir James Murray brother  
who was page to your Majesty and is now in the Third Regiment,  
as he talks German and French perfectly well he will be  
of great use to the Marshal.

I have the Honor to be Sir

Your Majesty's

most dutiful Son

and Subject  
Bordeaux

Mr Dundas,  
Whitehall — 20<sup>th</sup> April 1793.

7175

Whitehall 20<sup>th</sup> April 1793  
6<sup>h</sup> 5<sup>h</sup> P. M.

Mr Dundas humbly transmits  
for your Majesty's perusal  
two Despatches he has this  
day received from the Duke  
of Richmond. It is impossible  
for Mr Dundas without en-  
quiry or consideration to re-  
turn an immediate answer  
to these letters, and the

has wrote so to the Duke  
of Richmond, and it oc-  
curs to Mr Dundas that  
a final answer cannot be  
given till Mr Dundas re-  
ceives a Report from His  
Royal Highness the Duke  
of York.

Mr Dundas  
1793

7176

Wimbleton  $\frac{1}{2}$  part. <sup>p. m.</sup> 11. Tuesday. 23<sup>d</sup>

Mr Dundas humbly transmits  
for your Majesty's perusal  
the accompanying papers which  
specify the particulars of  
Mr Dundas's communica-  
tions with Mr Adam on  
the subject of the affairs  
of His Royal Highness the  
Duke of York.

Duke of York

7177

Town April 23. 1793

Sir

In the last letter which I had the honor to write to Your Majesty from Thetford, I acquainted You, Sir, that I had desired Sir James Murray to go himself to the Prince of Cobourg and to explain to him Your Majesty's wishes and intentions, as Sir James will send the full account of every thing which passed between the Prince of Cobourg and him, I will not touch upon these subjects, except to express my hope that Your Majesty will not disapprove of my having marched from Cambridge to this place, and having sent an order to Field Marshal Freytag to direct the march of the second Column of the necessaries upon this place likewise, instead of York, as was formerly intended. I expect the sixth and tenth Regiments of Light Dragoons, and the 1<sup>st</sup> Battalion of Grenadiers together with the 40<sup>th</sup> Regiment of Infantry to arrive here on the 30<sup>th</sup>. I am exceedingly sorry to acquaint Your Majesty

Dun

<sup>14th</sup>  
That the Marstonians has been under much difficulties on  
account of the total want of pay, I think it however but  
justice to Mr. Comptrol General Wether, <sup>to inform you that</sup> that it has not  
coming to any respect or want of any of them or of any of those  
who are employed under them, but to the abundance of the  
Dutch Government, who kept as a profound secret their intention  
of marching their Troops, and on the contrary at the Conference  
at Antwerp declared it would be out of their power to move  
them before the 30 of this month, in consequence of which the  
Rents of the Marstonians was forced and announced to  
them. They have however chosen to move forwards on the 18<sup>th</sup>  
and have actually had their own Regiments forward <sup>just</sup> forward  
to their own Troops instead of keeping their agreements till  
Mr. Wether for the Marstonians, Every thing however is now  
settled for them as far as this place, and I trust as such  
misfortune will happen again.

In Your Majesty's last letter, You has been signified  
I was to inform you of Augusta and Elizabeth having caught

Duke of York

7177 (2)

the Duke of York, I trust by this time that they are perfectly  
recovered the disorder in which is nothing, but it is truly  
exceedingly disagreeable,

I have the honor to be

Sir

Your Majesty's

most obedient  
and Subject

Frederick

*[Faint, illegible handwriting on lined paper, possibly bleed-through from the reverse side.]*

2 of York  
London April 23. 1793  
Pr<sup>o</sup>



Mr. Pitt

25<sup>th</sup> April 1793

7178

Mr. Pitt humbly begs leave to acquaint  
your Majesty that Mr Sheridan this day  
made a notice for an address to your  
Majesty concerning the Memorial delivered  
by Lord Auckland, which he introduced  
by a speech which dwelt principally  
on the probable ends of the War, and  
on the general State of Continental

Politics. The motion was opposed by  
Mr Pitt, and supported in a speech  
of no great effect by Mr Fox, after  
which the motion was negatived  
by 211 to 36.

Downing Street.

Thursday night April 25<sup>th</sup> 1793  $\frac{3}{4}$  p<sup>m</sup>

D. of York  
Louvain April 26<sup>th</sup> 1793

7179

Louvain April 26 1793

Sir

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of Your Majesty's very gracious Letter of the 23 and to express to You, Sir how happy Your Majesty's approbation of my conduct hitherto makes me. I am rejoiced to hear that the Sea Squadrons of British Dragoons are already embarked, and shall wait with the greatest impatience for their arrival.

I am exceedingly sorry to be obliged to report to Your Majesty a very unpleasant occurrence which has happened in the Battalion of Mannoese Light Grenadiers, and in the tenth Regiment of Foot, but which however now is totally got under. As I am not informed of the articles of the Treaty I shall only relate what has passed, and Your Majesty will be able to judge how far the Soldiers had reason to complain.

I was waked yesterday morning by a Mannoese Officer who was sent express by Lieutenant General Buple to acquaint me that the Grenadiers and tenth Regiment of Foot had mutinied on Wednesday and had refused to march saying that they had been promised English pay, and that they

would not march a step further till they had received Sr.  
Though totally unacquainted with the articles of the Treaty, I  
thought it my duty to do every thing in my power to stop this  
spirit, and therefore set off immediately for Rhodes which  
was the Antients of the Grenadiers, Upon my road however I  
was informed that the Battalion had broke that morning and  
was quartered about a league and a half on the side of Brusels.  
I immediately went there and desired the Major to assemble  
the Battalion directly. Before however the Battalion could assemble  
I had a good deal of conversation with General Brusels and with  
the Officers of the Battalion, who seemed more vexed and affected  
than ever to describe, They informed me that even before they  
left Hannover an idea had prevailed among the Men that  
they were to receive English Pay, and that even on the first  
days March, One of the Men had mentioned it and had  
said some such things, that one of the Officers was obliged to  
order them to be silent, and threatened them with a very severe  
punishment if they uttered another word upon that subject.

When they arrived at Bentheim it was with very great difficulty

I. of York  
Toussain April 26<sup>th</sup> 1793

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that they were persuaded to take a fresh oath to Louis Majesty  
saying that they had already taken the Oath to Louis, and that  
whenever I ordered them to go, they would always obey and that  
therefore there was no necessity for a fresh Oath, General Bugeat  
however persuaded them by telling them that by that means they  
entered into English Law. When the first pay day came there was  
a good deal of grumbling at their only receiving the Provisional money  
pay but that every thing went on pretty well so long as they  
had good Quarters, and were fed by their landlords, but as the last  
two battalions they were very ill treated by their landlords, who  
refused to feed them, and from the smallness of their pay it was not  
in their power to buy victuals. The mutiny began on the Sunday  
night in the tenth Regiment, who broke out of the Barracks at  
Muhlheim then they were placed, and I am afraid committed some  
Excesses. The next day their Camp Colonel was going through  
the Quarters of the Grenadiers, acquainted them with what  
had happened at Muhlheim, upon which they inquired upon the  
spot, and as that of every thing their Officers could say to  
them, they would hear no reason,

As soon as the Battalion was assembled I went out

to them and desired General Bampfden to acquaint them from  
me that I understood that they thought themselves injured &  
I would give them the word of Honor that though I had not  
with the Treaty, I would take care that whatever was their right  
should be given them, but that I was ashamed of their conduct as  
Soldiers, and that the fault was who ventured after this promise  
to quarrel again should be punished in the severest manner, I  
then told them myself that it was the first time I had ever seen  
a Maccanese Regiment with disgust and that the Disorders  
they had brought upon themselves could only be wiped away  
the first time they met the Enemy, I was not surpris'd to find  
Majesty was esteem'd and affect'd the Order appear'd, and I  
doubt not from what I saw and have heard that this  
affair disagreeable occurrence is totally over, I thought it  
demerit ought to desire General Bampfden to acquaint all the  
Regiments of the Division from me, that I should whatever  
is their right should certainly be given to them.

I trust Your Majesty will not disapprove of the  
Steps I have taken in this very disagreeable Emergency, but  
the affair was so pressing, and it was so highly necessary to

7180

quest I humbly that I was obliged to take the whole  
upon myself.

I am very sorry to acquaint Your Majesty that this  
part of the Country is so drained in point of forage that  
I have been obliged today to write to the Field Marshal  
to desire he would halt the fourth Regiment of Infantry  
and the Artillery at Mecklen for a few days till I can get  
a supply from Brunsv. All this is owing to the Detach having  
marched their Troops three weeks sooner, than they had  
said they would, and having bought up all the forage in  
the market.

I have the Honor to be

As

Your Majesty's

Most dutiful Son  
and Subject

Frederick

Ld. Grenville

Apr. 26 1793

7181

Whitehall April 26. 1793.

4 PM

Lord Grenville has the honour  
to transmit to Your Majesty a letter which  
has this day been delivered at his Office  
from Sr. de Bous by a Notary public to whom

Monsieur



Monsieur Le Duc has sent it. The other letter  
referred to in it, is in Lord Grenville's possession  
but has not yet been opened.

Lord Grenville.  
at  
Whitehall — 20. April 1779

Ld. Grenville

Apr. 30 1793

7182

Whitehall April 30. 1793. <sup>1/2 p. 1. 9/12.</sup>

Lord Grenville has the honour to  
transmit to your Majesty two Letters which he  
received yesterday. They were kept last night  
in order to enable Mr. Depeaux to give the proper  
instructions to a person whom he has sent down  
to

Lord Grenville

April 30 1793

to Newhaven to bring up Sr. Laupumais if any  
such person is there. Lord Grenville thinks that  
the letter bears strong marks of forgery, and he is  
inclined to believe the whole to be a stock jobbing  
transaction, tho' certainly the state of Paris by the  
last accounts was such as to render the intelligence  
of such measures there highly probable.

Duke of York

April 30 1793

7183

Town of April 30. 1793

Sir

I have the Honor to acquaint Your Majesty that Yesterday morning the four Squadrons of Light Dragoons arrived in these Cantonnments near this Town and that today the Battalion of Hannoverian Light Grenadiers and the tenth Regiment of Foot, marched into this place, when I Ouse to keep them for a few Days to let them recover a little from the long march which they have had, I am happy to add that the whole of that disagreeable Business which I was oblig'd to report to Your Majesty last post is quite over, The Field Marshal who arrived here last night desired me to let them pay the Cavalry for Duties one shilling a day, and the Infantry four, till such time as Your Majesty's pleasure is known, As it is a total impossibility for the Soldiers to subsist upon their present pay, I

acquainted the Field Marshal, that I could have no difficulty  
in agreeing to the proposal, but that I hoped the King would  
not to increase their pay higher than English pay.  
I have the honor to be,

Sir

Yours Majesty's

most obedient  
and subject

Richard

As I must needs be with myself to your Majesty by  
this post I will not say any thing upon this subject  
except that I do not find them in the least altered.